

### PROBLEM 2.40

KNOWN: An expression for the power developed by an automobile engine in terms of torque and rotational speed is given.

FIND: For power, in hp, torque, in ft·lbf, and rotational speed, in RPM, evaluate the value and units of the constant appearing in the given expression.

ANALYSIS: The given expression is  $\dot{W} = T\omega / C$ . When  $\dot{W}$  is in hp,  $T$  is in ft·lbf, and  $\omega$  is in RPM, by inspection the units of  $C$  are  $\left[ \frac{(\text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf})(\text{rev}/\text{min})}{\text{hp}} \right]$

Beginning with  $\dot{W} = T\omega$ , Eq. 2.20, and applying unit conversion factors for the product  $T\omega$ , we get

$$\begin{aligned} \dot{W} &= T(\text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf}) \omega \left( \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \right) \left| \frac{2\pi \text{ rad}}{1 \text{ rev}} \right| \left| \frac{1 \text{ min}}{60 \text{ s}} \right| \left| \frac{1 \text{ hp}}{550 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbf}/\text{s}} \right| \\ &= T(\text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf}) \omega \left( \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \right) \left[ \frac{1 \text{ hp}}{5252 (\text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf})(\text{rev}/\text{min})} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \dot{W} = \frac{T(\text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf}) \omega \left( \frac{\text{rev}}{\text{min}} \right)}{C}$$

where

$$C = \frac{5252 (\text{ft} \cdot \text{lbf})(\text{rev}/\text{min})}{\text{hp}}$$