

Problem 2.27

Carbon dioxide (CO₂) gas within a piston-cylinder assembly undergoes a process from a state where $p_1 = 5 \text{ lbf/in.}^2$, $V_1 = 2.5 \text{ ft}^3$ to a state where $p_2 = 20 \text{ lbf/in.}^2$, $V_2 = 0.5 \text{ ft}^3$. The relationship between pressure and volume during the process is given by $p = 23.75 - 7.5V$, where V is in ft^3 and p is in lbf/in.^2 . Determine the work for the process, in Btu.

KNOWN: CO₂ gas within a piston-cylinder assembly undergoes a process where the p - V relation is given. The initial and final states are specified.

FIND: Determine the work for the process.

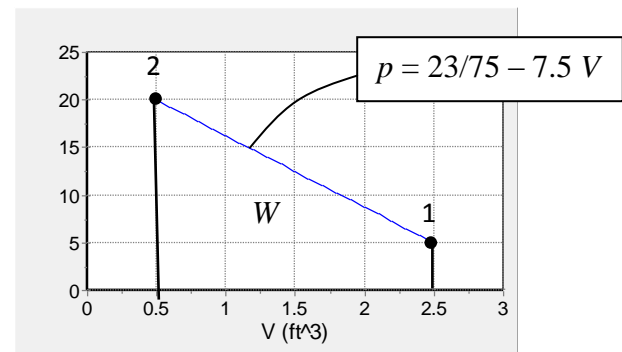
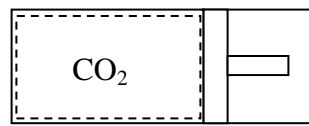
SCHEMATIC AND GIVEN DATA:

$$p_1 = 5 \text{ lbf/in.}^2$$

$$V_1 = 2.5 \text{ ft}^3$$

$$p_2 = 20 \text{ lbf/in.}^2$$

$$V_2 = 0.5 \text{ ft}^3$$



ENGINEERING MODEL: (1) The CO₂ is the closed system. (2) The p - V relation during the process is linear. (3) Volume change is the only work mode.

ANALYSIS: The given p - V relation can be used with Eq. 2.17 as follows:

$$W = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} p dV = \int_{V_1}^{V_2} [23.75 - 7.5V] dV = \left[23.75V - \frac{7.5V^2}{2} \right]_{V_1}^{V_2}$$

$$= 23.75[V_2 - V_1] - \frac{7.5}{2}[V_2^2 - V_1^2]$$

$$W = \left(23.75 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{in.}^2} \right) \left| \frac{144 \text{ in.}^2}{1 \text{ ft}^2} \right| [0.5 - 2.5] \text{ft}^3 - \left(\frac{7.5 \text{ lbf/in.}^2}{2} \right) \left| \frac{144 \text{ in.}^2}{1 \text{ ft}^2} \right| [0.5^2 - 2.5^2] (\text{ft}^3)^2$$

$$= -3600 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbf}$$

$$= (-3600 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbf}) \left| \frac{1 \text{ Btu}}{778 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbf}} \right| = -4.63 \text{ Btu} \quad (\text{negative sign denotes energy transfer in.}) \quad \longleftarrow$$

Alternative Solution

Since the p - V relation is linear, W can also be evaluated geometrically as the area under the process line:

$$W = p_{\text{ave}}(V_2 - V_1) = \left(\frac{p_1 + p_2}{2} \right) (V_2 - V_1) = \left(\frac{20 + 5}{2} \right) \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{in.}^2} \left| \frac{144 \text{ in.}^2}{1 \text{ ft}^2} \right| (0.5 - 2.5) \text{ft}^3 \left| \frac{1 \text{ Btu}}{778 \text{ ft} \cdot \text{lbf}} \right|$$

$$= -4.63 \text{ Btu}$$