

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

1. Each type of cable has a prescribed bend radius, which is the radius of the maximum arc into which you can loop a cable without impairing data transmission.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

2. The TIA/EIA standard for wall jacks in a work area require that at least one outlet be provided for data and one for voice.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

3. Cable that is coated with flame-resistant polyvinyl chloride (PVC) is acceptable for use in plenum areas.
- a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

4. The industry standard height for a rack in rack units is 42U.
- a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

5. A 66 block is more suitable for data connections than the older 110 block.
- a. True
 - b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

6. Fiber-optic cable comes in two types: single-mode fiber (SMF) or multimode fiber (MMF).

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

7. In a rack setup, a device called a KVM allows multiple consoles to connect to a single device on the rack.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

8. F5 Networks set the standard for the diagram symbols used to represent routers, switches, firewalls, and other devices.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.2 - Create and analyze network diagrams

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

9. A master service agreement (MSA) is a contract that defines the terms of future contracts between parties, such as payment terms or arbitration arrangements.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

10. The process of designing, implementing, and maintaining an entire network is called the system life cycle.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: True / False

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

11. When planning horizontal cabling, what is the maximum allowable distance that can be used?
- 100 feet
 - 300 meters
 - 1,000 feet
 - 100 meters

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

12. In general, how much can a twisted-pair's cable be bent before data transmission may be impeded?
- No more than two times the diameter of the cable.
 - No more than four times the diameter of the cable.
 - No more than ten times the diameter of the cable.
 - Twisted pair cable has a near infinite bend radius.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Difficult

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

13. What statement accurately describes what a cable bend radius determines?
- a. A cable bend radius is the radius of the maximum arc into which you can loop the cable without impairing data.
 - b. A cable bend radius is the radius of the minimum arc into which you can loop the cable without impairing data.
 - c. A cable bend radius determines the total number of bends that can exist in an overall cable before data is impaired.
 - d. A cable bend radius defines the twist rate of the cable inside of the insulation.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Difficult

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

14. In order to ensure that a cable is not affected by electromagnetic interference, how far away should the cable be from fluorescent lighting?
- a. at least 3 inches
 - b. at least 3 feet
 - c. at least 6 feet
 - d. at least 12 feet

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

15. What is NOT a TIA/EIA recognized cabling type that can be used for horizontal cabling?

- a. RG-6 Coaxial
- b. unshielded twisted pair (UTP)
- c. shielded twisted pair (STP)
- d. fiber-optic

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

16. What component of the backbone runs between a building's floors and can be used to connect an MDF and IDF or multiple IDFs?

- a. horizontal cross connect
- b. patch cable
- c. vertical cross connect
- d. diagonal cabling

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

17. Where is a demarc located in relation to the structured cabling of an enterprise environment?
- in the Main Distribution Frame (MDF)
 - at the Intermediate Distribution Frame (IDF)
 - in the work area
 - between the MDF and the IDF

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

18. What component of enterprise level structured cabling serves as the location where an incoming network interface enters a building and connects with the building's backbone cabling?
- network interface device
 - main distribution frame
 - intermediate distribution frame
 - entrance facility

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Difficult

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

19. During termination of twisted pair cabling, what should be done to ensure minimal cross talk is introduced?
- a. No more than 1 inch of the cable should be exposed.
 - b. No less than 1 inch of the cable should be exposed.
 - c. Each pair should be stripped of insulation so that it doesn't get caught in the jack.
 - d. Each pair should be twisted around another pair to reduce cross talk.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

20. What statement correctly identifies the purpose of a software patch?
- a A software patch is a correction, improvement, or enhancement to software.
.
 - b A software patch is a major change to a software package that enhances the functionality and features
. of the software, while also correcting bugs and vulnerabilities.
 - c A software patch involves the process of reverting to a previous version of software after attempting to
. upgrade it.
 - d A software patch is a container for new software, and must be installed on relevant devices and
. incorporated with network resources.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Change Management

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.4 - Track the progress of changes made to a network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

21. What type of diagram is a graphical representation of a network's wired infrastructure?

- a. network diagram
- b. wiring schematic
- c. topology map
- d. system diagram

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.2 - Create and analyze network diagrams

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

22. Which of the following is a document that is sent as a request to vendors to submit a proposal for a product or service that your company wants to purchase?

- a. memorandum of understanding
- b. statement of work
- c. request for quote
- d. request for proposal

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

23. What is the name of the GUI front end that is available for the Nmap utility?

- a. GUINmap
- b. Zenmap
- c. iMap
- d. VizMap

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.2 - Create and analyze network diagrams

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

24. What kind of document serves as a legally binding contract or part of a contract that defines, in plain language and in measurable terms, the aspects of a service provided to a customer?

- a. statement of work
- b. memorandum of understanding
- c. service-level agreement
- d. master service agreement

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

25. In a voice over IP setup (VoIP), what kind of device converts signals from a campus's analog phone equipment into IP data that can travel over a phone company's analog telephone lines?

- a. VoIP PBX
- b. VoIP MTA
- c. VoIP gateway
- d. VoIP translator

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

26. A change coordinator functions as what type of manager?

- a. project manager
- b. inventory manager
- c. human resources manager
- d. time manager

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Change Management

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.4 - Track the progress of changes made to a network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

27. What does a statement of work document do?

- a It documents in detail the work that must be completed for a particular object, and includes specifics . such as tasks, deliverables, standards, payment schedule, and work timeline.
- b It documents the intentions of two or more parties to enter into a binding agreement, or contract, and is . sometimes used between an informal handshake and the legally binding signatures on contracts.
- c It is a legally binding contract or part of a contract that defines, in plain language and in measurable . terms, the aspects of a service provided to a customer, such as the service provided by an ISP.
- d It is a contract that defines the terms of future contracts between parties, such as payment terms or . arbitration arrangements.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Difficult

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

28. Your company is setting itself up to distribute software made by another company. What type of document should your company procure from the developing company?

- a. master service agreement
- b. master license agreement
- c. service-level agreement
- d. memorandum of understanding

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

29. When creating network diagrams, what icon description typically represents a network switch?
- a. An icon that has a hockey-puck shape with two arrows pointing inward and two arrows pointing outward.
 - b. An icon that resembles a brick wall.
 - c. An icon that is rectangular in shape, with squiggly lines on the front.
 - d. An icon that is rectangular, which contains four arrows pointing in opposite directions.

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Moderate
REFERENCES: Network Documentation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.2 - Create and analyze network diagrams
DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM
DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

30. When creating network diagrams, what icon description typically represents a network firewall?
- a. An icon that has a hockey-puck shape with two arrows pointing inward and two arrows pointing outward.
 - b. An icon that resembles a brick wall.
 - c. An icon that is rectangular in shape, with squiggly lines on the front.
 - d. An icon that is rectangular, which contains four arrows pointing in opposite directions.

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Moderate
REFERENCES: Network Documentation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.2 - Create and analyze network diagrams
DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM
DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

31. When creating network diagrams, what icon description typically represents a network router?
- An icon that has a hockey-puck shape with two arrows pointing inward and two arrows pointing outward.
 - An icon that resembles a brick wall.
 - An icon that is rectangular in shape, with squiggly lines on the front.
 - An icon that is rectangular, which contains four arrows pointing in opposite directions.

ANSWER: a
POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Moderate
REFERENCES: Network Documentation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.2 - Create and analyze network diagrams
DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM
DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

32. Why should you not leave more than 1 inch of exposed cable before a twisted-pair termination?
- Exposing more cable than necessary can cause corrosion of the copper wire.
 - The exposure of the cable can cause transmission interference between wires.
 - The cable will lose its conductive properties.
 - The termination will fail over time due to oxidation.

ANSWER: b
POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Easy
REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas
DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM
DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

33. What does backbone cabling consist of?

- a. Short length cables with connectors at both ends.
- b. It is cabling that connects workstations to the closest data room and to switches housed in the room.
- c. The cables or wireless links that provide interconnection between the entrance facility and MDF, and between the MDF and IDFs.
- d. The shielded cables that are used for high data transmission rates between an organization and an ISP.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

34. Which of the following is NOT a best practice when performing cable management?

- a. A cable tester should be used to verify that each segment of cable is transmitting reliably.
- b. Cable should not be placed across a floor where they might be damaged by traffic.
- c. Cable ties should be pulled tightly to keep cables from moving around in a bundle.
- d. Grounding requirements should be followed when running cables.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

35. What type of documentation tool is a website that can be edited by users, allowing them to add files and photos and links between pages?

- a. wiki
- b. spreadsheet
- c. workgroup
- d. co-op

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.4 - Track the progress of changes made to a network

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

36. What statement regarding main distribution frame or main distribution facilities is accurate?

- a. The MDF and entrance facility are always in separate rooms.
- b. The MDF refers to the racks holding network equipment in an organization.
- c. The MDF provides intermediate connection between the IDF and end-user equipment on each floor.
- d. The MDF is the centralized point of interconnection for an organization's LAN or WAN.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

37. Equipment data racks most commonly are a standard width of what measurement?

- a. 19 inches
- b. 20 inches
- c. 25 inches
- d. 30 inches

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

38. What standard describes uniform, enterprise-wide cabling systems, regardless of who manufactures or sells the various parts used in the system?

- a. IEEE 802.3
- b. TIA/EIA-568
- c. ITU 922
- d. ISO 9001

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

39. A dedicated telephone switch or virtual switching device that connects and manages calls within a private organization, and manages call connections that exit the network through a VoIP gateway, is known by what term?

- a. VoIP router
- b. VoIP PBX (private branch exchange)
- c. VoIP LEC (local exchange carrier)
- d. VoIP ATB (analog telephone branch)

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

40. What type of tool would you utilize to terminate twisted pair wire on a 66 or 110 block?

- a. wire crimper tool
- b. block trimmer tool
- c. wire cinching tool
- d. punchdown tool

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

41. What are the three different types of cabling recognized by TIA/EIA as acceptable for horizontal wiring?

ANSWE TIA/EIA recognizes three possible cabling types for horizontal wiring: UTP, STP, or fiber optic cable. UTP
R: (unshielded twisted pair) cable is a type of copper-based cable that consists of one or more insulated twisted-wire pairs encased in a plastic sheath. STP (shielded twisted pair) cable is a type of copper-based cable containing twisted-wire pairs that are not only individually insulated, but also surrounded by a shielding made of a metallic substance such as foil. Fiber-optic cable is a form of cable that contains one or several glass or plastic fibers in its core and comes in two types: single-mode fiber (SMF) or multimode fiber (MMF). Copper-based cable transmits data via electric signals, and fiber-optic cable transmits data via pulsing light sent from a laser or light-emitting diode (LED).

POINTS 1

:

DIFFIC Difficult

ULTY:

REFER Components of Structured Cabling

ENCES:

QUESTI Subjective Short Answer

ON TYP

E:

HAS VA False

RIABLE

S:

LEARNI 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

NG OBJ

ECTIVE

S:

DATE C 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

REATE

D:

DATE M 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

ODIFIE

D:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

42. What steps should be taken to manage documentation at a cabling plant?

ANSWER: Follow these guidelines to manage documentation at your cabling plant:

- *Keep your cable plant documentation in a centrally accessible location. Make sure it includes locations, installation dates, lengths, and grades of installed cable.
- *Label every data jack or port, patch panel or punch-down block, and connector or circuit.
- *Use color-coded cables for different purposes and record the color schemes in your documentation. Cables can be purchased in a variety of sheath colors. For example, you might want to use pink for patch cables, green for horizontal wiring, purple for DMZ lines, and gray for vertical (backbone) wiring.
- *Be certain to update your documentation as you make changes to the network. The more you document, the easier it will be to move or add cable segments in the future.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

REFERENCE: Components of Structured Cabling

NCES:

QUESTION TYPE: Subjective Short Answer

QUESTION TYPE:

HAS VARIATION: False

TABLES:

LEARNING OBJECTIVE: 2.4 - Track the progress of changes made to a network

OBJECTIVES:

OBJECTIVES:

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED:

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

MODIFIED:

:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

43. How should a company deal with the documentation of passwords?

ANSWER Password documentation must be kept secure, but also must be available for access by multiple people. Otherwise, if the network admin is suddenly incapacitated, you might be unable to retrieve high-security passwords. A password manager, such as KeePass or LastPass, should be utilized to secure passwords.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Easy

REFERENCES: Network Documentation

QUESTION TYPE: Subjective Short Answer

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

STATUS:

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED:

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

STATUS:

44. What is plenum, and what must you do to be able to run cable through plenum space?

ANSWER: Plenum is the area above the ceiling tile or below the subflooring. If you run cable in this space, the cable sheath must be plenum-rated. You should also consult with local electric installation codes to be certain you are installing it correctly.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTION TYPE: Subjective Short Answer

HAS VARIABLES: False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

STATUS:

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED:

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

STATUS:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

45. In considering a telecommunications service provider's network, what is the demarc, and where is it located?

ANSWE In general, the device that marks where a telecommunications service provider's network ends and the organization's network begins is the demarc, or demarcation point. For example, an ISP (Internet service provider) might be responsible for fiber-optic cabling to your building to connect to your LAN. The device where the WAN ends and the LAN begins is the demarc. The service provider is responsible for its network beyond the demarc, and, in most cases, the organization is responsible for devices and services on the campus side of the demarc.

POINTS 1

:

DIFFIC Moderate

ULTY:

REFER Components of Structured Cabling

ENCES:

QUESTI Subjective Short Answer

ON TYP

E:

HAS VA False

RIABLE

S:

LEARNI 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

NG OBJ

ECTIVE

S:

DATE C 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

REATE

D:

DATE M 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

ODIFIE

D:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

46. What are some of the different types of software changes?

ANSWER: Some of the software changes that you might be called upon to implement include:

- * patch-A software patch is a correction, improvement, or enhancement to software. It corrects a bug, closes a vulnerability, or adds minor enhancements to only part of the software, leaving most of the code untouched.
- * upgrade-A software upgrade is a major change to a software package that enhances the functionality and features of the software, while also correcting bugs and vulnerabilities.
- * rollback-A software rollback is the process of reverting to a previous version of software after attempting to patch or upgrade it.
- * installation-New software, such as CRM (customer relationship management) software for sales reps or a financial software package for accountants, must be installed on the relevant devices and incorporated with network resources.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULT Difficult

Y:

REFERENC Change Management

ES:

QUESTION Subjective Short Answer

TYPE:

HAS VARIA False

BLES:

LEARNING 2.4 - Track the progress of changes made to a network

OBJECTIVE

S:

DATE CREA 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

TED:

DATE MODI 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

FIED:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

47. What is electromagnetic interference, and how do you avoid its effects?

ANSWER: Electromagnetic interference is interference that is caused by motors, power lines, televisions, copiers, fluorescent lights, or other sources of electrical activity. In order to reduce the possibility of noise that can affect your network's signals, you should install cable at least 3 feet away from any EMI sources.

POINTS: 1

DIFFICULTY: Moderate

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

REFERENCES: Components of Structured Cabling

QUESTIONS:

QUESTION TYPE: Subjective Short Answer

ANSWER TYPE:

HAS VARIATIONS: False

TABLES:

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:

QUESTIONS:

DATE CREATED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

DATE MODIFIED:

DATE MODIFIED: 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

QUESTION TYPE:

:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

48. When deploying a VoIP solution in a network, what are some of the different types of equipment and devices you may encounter?

ANSWE A VoIP network might contain devices such as VoIP gateways, which convert signals from analog phone equipment into IP data that can travel over the Internet, or vice versa. You might also encounter VoIP PBX equipment, which serves as a dedicated telephone switch or virtual switching device that connects and manages calls within a private organization, and manages call connections that exit the network through a VoIP gateway. Internally, this equipment connects to VoIP endpoints, which might be telephones sitting at each user's location or applications hosted on a user's computer or other device.

POINTS 1

:

DIFFIC Difficult

ULTY:

REFER Components of Structured Cabling

ENCES:

QUESTI Subjective Short Answer

ON TYP

E:

HAS VA False

RIABLE

S:

LEARNI 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

NG OBJ

ECTIVE

S:

DATE C 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

REATE

D:

DATE M 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

ODIFIE

D:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

49. What is the purpose of a main distribution frame or main distribution facility?

ANSWE Also known as the MC (main cross connect), the MDF is the centralized point of interconnection for an organization's LAN or WAN. In practice, the term MDF can refer either to the racks holding the network equipment or the room that houses both the racks and the equipment. The MDF and the entrance facility might be in the same data room, or they could be in separate rooms, depending on the layout of the building. Connections branching out from the MDF include Ethernet cables connecting to nearby work areas, large cables to running to IDFs in other buildings or on other floors of the same building, and the incoming connection from the service provider's facility.

POINTS 1

:

DIFFIC Difficult

ULTY:

REFER Components of Structured Cabling

ENCES:

QUESTI Subjective Short Answer

ON TYP

E:

HAS VA False

RIABLE

S:

LEARNI 2.1 - Identify and describe network and cabling equipment in commercial buildings and work areas

NG OBJ

ECTIVE

S:

DATE C 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

REATE

D:

DATE M 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

ODIFIE

D:

Chapter 2 - Network Infrastructure and Documentation

50. How is a memorandum of understanding document utilized?

ANSWE An MOU (memorandum of understanding) documents the intentions of two or more parties to enter into a binding agreement, or contract, and is sometimes used between an informal handshake and the legally binding signatures on contracts. The MOU can be helpful in pushing along contract negotiations and in defining specific concerns of each party, but it is usually not a legally binding document, does not grant extensive rights to either party, provides no legal recourse, and is not intended to provide thorough coverage of the agreement to come.

POINTS 1

:

DIFFIC Difficult

ULTY:

REFER Network Documentation

ENCES:

QUESTI Subjective Short Answer

ON TYP

E:

HAS VA False

RIABLE

S:

LEARNI 2.3 - Explain operating procedures, inventory management, labeling conventions, and business documents for a typical network

ECTIVE

S:

DATE C 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

REATE

D:

DATE M 1/27/2018 1:09 PM

ODIFIE

D: