# Chapter 1 Whole Numbers and Introduction to Algebra

# **1.1 Check Points**

1. a. millions place



# **b.** ones place



#### c. hundreds place



# **d.** millions place



- 2. Work from left to right. Write the name of the threedigit number in each period, followed by the name of the period and a comma. Do not write the name of the last period, "ones."
  - a. twenty-seven thousand, one hundred forty-three
  - **b.** five hundred twenty-one million, six hundred thirty thousand, fifty-seven
- **3. a.** Begin by noting how to write the number within each period.

53 fifty-three thousand, four hundred six Write the digits for the number in each period, followed by a comma. The standard form for the number is 53,406. **b.** Begin by noting how to write the number within each period.

204	932	016
two hundred four million,	nine hundred thirty-two thousand,	sixteen
Write the digits for the nun	nber in each period, followed by a c	omma.
The standard form for the r	number is 204,932,016.	

- **4. a.** The place value chart shows that 704,663 contains 7 hundred-thousands, 0 ten-thousands, 4 thousands, 6 hundreds, 6 tens, and 3 ones. Thus 704,663 is written in expanded form as follows: 704,663 = 700,000 + 4000 + 600 + 60 + 3.
  - **b.** The place value chart shows that 49,063,400 contains 4 ten-millions, 9 millions, 0 hundred-thousands, 6 ten-thousands, 3 thousands, 4 hundreds, 0 tens, and 0 ones. Thus 49,063,400 is written in expanded form as follows: 49,063,400 = 40,000,000 + 9,000,000 + 60,000 + 3000 + 400.
- 5. a. 14 > 5 because 14 is to the right of 5 on the number line.
  - **b.** 0 < 16 because 0 is to the left of 16 on the number line.
- 6. a. The digit to the right of the thousands digit is 4, which is less than 5. This indicates to leave the thousands digit the same. Replace all digits to the right with zeros. 57,498 ≈ 57,000
  - b. The digit to the right of the hundred-thousands digit is 5. This indicates to add one to the hundred-thousands digit. Replace all digits to the right with zeros.
     4,856,902 ≈ 4,900,000
  - c. The digit to the right of the thousands digit is 6, which is greater than 5. This implies to add one to the thousands digit. Replace all digits to the right with zeros.
     9602 ≈ 10,000
  - d. The digit to the right of the millions digit is 2, which is less than 5. This implies to leave the millions digit the same. Replace all digits to the right with zeros.
     684, 236,042 ≈ 684,000,000
- 7. a. The digit to the right of the billions digit is 0, which is less than 5. This implies to leave the billions digit the same. Replace all digits to the right with zeros. 7,058,746,857 ≈ 7,000,000,000
  - b. The digit to the right of the ten-thousands digit is 6, which is greater than 5. This implies to add one to the ten-thousands digit. Replace all digits to the right with zeros.
     7,058,746,857 ≈ 7,058,750,000
- 8. a. The cost of a coronary bypass in the United States is \$67,583
  - **b.** The country with the least amount in the CT scan column is India. The average cost for this procedure in India is \$43.
  - **c.** The charge for an appendectomy in Chile is \$5509. The countries in which an appendectomy costs more than in Chile are Canada, Switzerland, and United States.
- **9. a.** We begin with the number of marriages between an African-American husband and a white wife in 2010. Look at the bars labeled with the year 2010. The yellow bar to the right represents the number of marriages between an African-American husband and a white wife. The number above this bar is 390, representing 390 thousand. Thus, in 2010, there were 390,000 marriages between an African-American husband and a white wife.
  - **b.** Look for the red bar labeled 61 (for 61 thousand, or 61,000). This is the bar to the left for the year labeled 1990. Thus, in 1990, there were 61,000 marriages between a white husband and an African-American wife.

# 1.1 Concept and Vocabulary Check

- **1.** whole; 0
- 2. standard
- 3. periods
- 4. millions; hundred-thousands; thousands; tens
- 5. millions; forty-two; nine
- 6. expanded; 5000; 60; 8
- 7. number line
- 8. <
- 9. >
- **10.** 8; 5; add 1; 9,000,000
- **11.** 2; 3; do not change; 8,542,000

# **1.1 Exercise Set**

Note that exercises #1 - 22 use the following table:



- 1. hundreds
- 2. hundreds
- 3. ones
- 4. ones
- 5. hundred-thousands
- 6. hundred-thousands
- 7. millions
- 8. millions
- 9. ten-millions
- 10. ten-millions

- 11. hundred-millions
- 12. hundred-millions
- 13. two hundred fifty-eight
- 14. three hundred twenty-four
- 15. eight thousand, three hundred seventy-six
- 16. six thousand, two hundred twenty-six
- 17. thirty-six thousand, eight hundred eighty
- 18. fifty-two thousand, seven
- 19. seven million, five hundred sixty-six thousand
- 20. four million, three hundred two thousand
- **21.** thirty-five million, two hundred sixty thousand, three hundred seventy-five
- **22.** fifty-seven million, forty-four thousand, two hundred eight
- **23.** The standard form is 3468.
- **24.** The standard form is 5283.
- **25.** The standard form is 86,500.
- **26.** The standard form is 58,004.
- **27.** The standard form is 16,402,012.
- **28.** The standard form is 14,204,015.
- **29.** The standard form is 9,000,009.
- **30.** The standard form is 5,000,005.
- **31.** The standard form is 26,034,203.
- **32.** The standard form is 52,028,706.
- **33.** The standard form is 620,595.
- **34.** The standard form is 430,696.
- **35.** The expanded form is 600 + 40 + 3.
- **36.** The expanded form is 500 + 70 + 2.
- **37.** The expanded form is 5000 + 40 + 6.
- **38.** The expanded form is 3000 + 50 + 7.
- **39.** The expanded form is 80,000+1000+300+60+4.

- **40.** The expanded form is 70,000 + 2000 + 500 + 40 + 6.
- **41.** The expanded form is 50,000 + 5000 + 30 + 8.
- **42.** The expanded form is 40,000 + 4000 + 20 + 9.
- **43.** The expanded form is 20,000,000 + 8,000,000 + 600,000 + 40,000.
- **44.** The expanded form is 50,000,000+6,000,000+300,000+7000+30+2.
- **45.** 9 > 3 because 9 is to the right of 3 on the number line.
- **46.** 7 > 2 because 7 is to the right of 2 on the number line.
- **47.** 0 < 14 because 0 is to the left of 14 on the number line.
- **48.** 0 < 16 because 0 is to the left of 16 on the number line.
- **49.** 3600 < 4500 because 36000 is to the left of 4500 on the number line.
- **50.** 2300 < 3200 because 2300 is to the left of 3200 on the number line.
- **51.** 200,000 > 20,000 because 200,000 is to the right of 20,000 on the number line.
- **52.** 300,000 > 30,000 because 300,000 is to the right of 30,000 on the number line.
- 53. 624 rounded to the nearest ten is 620.
- 54. 372 rounded to the nearest ten is 370.
- **55.** 627 rounded to the nearest ten is 630.
- 56. 378 rounded to the nearest ten is 380.
- **57.** 4891 rounded to the nearest hundred is 4900.
- 58. 5482 rounded to the nearest hundred is 5500.
- **59.** 4831 rounded to the nearest hundred is 4800.
- **60.** 5432 rounded to the nearest hundred is 5400.
- 61. 61,529 rounded to the nearest thousand is 62,000.
- 62. 72,503 rounded to the nearest thousand is 73,000.
- 63. 61,129 rounded to the nearest thousand is 61,000.

- 64. 72,103 rounded to the nearest thousand is 72,000.
- **65.** 24,628 rounded to the nearest ten-thousand is 20,000.
- **66.** 34,628 rounded to the nearest ten-thousand is 30,000.
- **67.** 345,207 rounded to the nearest ten-thousand is 350,000.
- **68.** 645,308 rounded to the nearest ten-thousand is 650,000.
- **69.** 86,609,100 rounded to the nearest million is 87,000,000.
- **70.** 75,809,100 rounded to the nearest million is 76,000,000.
- **71.** 86,409,100 rounded to the nearest million is 86,000,000.
- **72.** 75,309,100 rounded to the nearest million is 75,000,000.
- **73.** 86,609,100 rounded to the nearest ten-million is 90,000,000.
- **74.** 75,809,100 rounded to the nearest million is 80,000,000.
- **75.** ninety-two quadrillion, two hundred thirty-three trillion, seven hundred twenty billion, three hundred sixty-eight million, five hundred forty-seven thousand, eight hundred.
- 76. ten-quadrillions
- **77.** 700,000,000,000 + 20,000,000,000
- **78.** 90,000,000,000,000,000 + 2,000,000,000,000,000
- **79.** 92,233,720,368,547,800 rounded to the nearest tenquadrillion is 90,000,000,000,000,000. The word name is ninety quadrillion.
- **80.** 92,233,720,368,547,800 rounded to the nearest quadrillion is 92,000,000,000,000,000. The word name is ninety-two quadrillion
- **81.** Steven Spielberg generates the greatest revenue per year which is \$27,400,000. In word form this is twenty-seven million, four hundred thousand dollars.

- **82.** Tom Cruise generates the greatest revenue per movie which is \$17,100,000. In word form this is seventeen million, one hundred thousand dollars.
- **83.** Samuel L. Jackson generates the least revenue per movie. His yearly revenue is \$24,400,000. In word form this is twenty-four million, four hundred thousand dollars.
- **84.** Johnny Depp generates between ten million dollars and eleven million dollars per movie. His yearly revenue is \$24,300,000. In word form this is twenty-four million, three hundred thousand dollars.
- 85. Tom Cruise and Tom Hanks generate the same revenue per year.Tom Cruise generates the greatest revenue per movie which is \$17,100,000. In word form this is seventeen million, one hundred thousand dollars.
- 86. Tom Cruise and Tom Hanks generate the same revenue per year. Tom Hanks generates the lesser revenue per movie which is\$12,000,000. In word form this is 12 million dollars.
- **87.** \$53,664
- **88.** \$53,285
- **89.** 2011
- **90.** 2010
- **91.** The maximum is shown by the highest bar in the graph. This occurs in 2007 at \$55,627.
- **92.** The minimum is shown by the lowest bar in the graph. This occurs in 2012 at \$51,017.
- **93.** 2,376,206; two million, three hundred seventy-six thousand, two hundred six
- **94.** 1,857,160; one million; eight hundred fifty-seven thousand, one hundred sixty
- 95. Williams
- 96. Brown and Jones
- **97.** 1,857,160 rounded to the nearest hundred-thousand is 1,900,000.
- **98.** 2,376,206 rounded to the nearest hundred-thousand is 2,400,000.
- **99.** The 3 is in the ten-thousands place.

- 100. The 8 is in the ten-thousands place.
- **101.** 1,380,145 < 1,534,042
- **102.** 1,857,160 > 1,380,145
- 103. two thousand, four hundred fifty-three
- 104. two hundred two thousand, twenty-two
- 105. 102,063
- **106.** 12,042
- **107. 117.** Answers will vary.
- **118.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: Adding one to this number would create a bigger number.
- 119. makes sense
- 120. makes sense
- 121. makes sense
- 122. true
- **123.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: The number 32,864 is written in standard form.
- **124.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: When rounding whole numbers, the digit to be rounded either stays the same or increases by 1.
- **125.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: When comparing numbers of various items, tables are just as effective as bar graphs.
- **126.** The whole numbers from 10 to 40 would be rounded to 10 or 20 or 30 or 40. So there are four different rounded numbers.
- 127. a. 46 rounded to the nearest ten is 50.
  - **b.** 23 rounded to the nearest ten is 20.
  - **c.**  $46 + 23 \approx 50 + 20 = 70$
- 128. a. 10; 10
  - **b.** 8; 8
  - **c.** No the order does not make a difference.

<ul> <li>129. a. 9</li> <li>b. 9</li> <li>c. No t ansy</li> </ul>	the group changes does not change the ver.		<ul> <li>b. Bob Hope's number</li> <li>= Johnny Carson's number + 13</li> <li>= 5 + 13</li> <li>= 18</li> <li>Bob Hope hosted the Oscars 18 times.</li> </ul>
1.2 Check Poi	ints		<ul> <li>c. 5+9+18=32 Johnny Carson, Billy Crystal, and Bob Hope hosted the Oscars a total of 32 times.</li> </ul>
<b>1.</b> 7243 +632		8.	11 feet +11 feet +9 feet +9 feet +13 feet = 53 feet
$7875$ <b>2.</b> $\begin{array}{c} 1 & 1 \\ 2,09 \\ + & 8,54 \\ \hline 10.64 \end{array}$	17 -4 -1	9.	38 yd 19 yd 38 yd + <u>19 yd</u> 114 yd
<b>3.</b> 22 2 <b>3.</b> 25,57	2	1.2 Co	The yard requires 114 yd of fencing. ncept and Vocabulary Check
$   \begin{array}{r} 329,87 \\   + 4,88 \\   \overline{360,32}   \end{array} $	$\frac{4}{2}$	1. 2.	sum; addends carrying
<b>4.</b> Exact 25,57	Estimate $2 \approx 26,000$ $4 \approx 330,000$	3. 4. 5.	identity commutative associative
+ 4,88 The exa reasona	$\frac{2}{361,000} \approx \frac{+5,000}{361,000}$ act sum from Check Point 3 seems ble.	6. 7.	rectangle; length perimeter
<b>5. a.</b> asso <b>b.</b> iden	ciative property of addition	1.2 Ex	ercise Set
<b>c.</b> com <b>d.</b> com	mutative property of addition	1.	$\begin{array}{r} 23\\ +42\\ \hline 65 \end{array}$
<b>6.</b> $15+3+$ $\frac{20}{15+5+}$	5+7+8 could be rearranged as $\frac{10}{3+7+8}$ which is $20+10+8=38$ .	2.	$\frac{26}{+33}$
<b>7. a.</b> Bil = Jo = 5 = 9	ly Crystal's number ohnny Carson's number + 4 + 4	3.	53 + 340 = 393

Billy Crystal hosted the Oscars 9 times.

4.	67	15.	741
	+230		325
	297		+986
5.	4762		2052
	+124	16.	876
	4886		521
	1000		+994
6.	5643		2391
	+325		
	5968	17.	62,833
7.	2542		8,763
	+126		+ 98
	2668		71,694
	2000	18.	57 926
8.	3427	10	5.843
	+261		+ 79
	3688		63 848
9	89		05,040
	+32	19.	804,127
	121		39,705
	121		+ 2,008
10.	97		845,840
	+54	20	006 238
	151	20.	20 507
11	1308		$\pm 4.007$
11.	+ 2056		020 752
	7264		939,132
	/204	21.	3,788
12.	5706		9,546
	+3645		2,030
	9351		+ 83,947
13	5274		99,311
13.	±6208	22	5 077
	+0290	22.	3,877 8,402
	11,572		0,493 5 060
14.	3748		1,000 ± 04 726
	+8397		114 150
	12,145		114,156

23.	Exact	Estimate	31.	<b>a.</b> 18,972 + 378,641 + 6874
	49 ≈	50		$\approx 20,000 + 380,000 + 7000$
	37 ≈	40		= 407,000
	+ 22 ≈	+ 20		<b>b.</b> Yes, the estimate seems reasonable.
		110	30	- 29 (12 + 297 (11 + 79/2
24	Exact	Estimate	32.	<b>a.</b> $28,612 \pm 287,611 \pm 7862$
	£	60		≈ 30,000 + 290,000 + 8000 - 328,000
	° <b>-</b> 43 ≈	40		- 528,000
	+ 19 ≈	+ 20		<b>b.</b> Yes, the estimate seems reasonable.
		120	33.	commutative property of addition
25.	Exact	Estimate	34.	commutative property of addition
	2513 ≈	2500	35.	associative property of addition
	864 ≈	900		
	<u>+ 1937</u> ≈	+ 1900	36.	associative property of addition
		5300	37.	identity property of addition
26.	Exact	Estimate	38.	identity property of addition
	3416 ≈	3400	39.	identity property of addition
	778 ≈	800	40	: d
	+ 1926 ≈	+ 1900	40.	identity property of addition
		6100	41.	commutative property of addition
27.	Exact	Estimate	42.	commutative property of addition
	62,534 ≈	63,000		_2010
	4107 ≈	4000	43.	$12 + 7 + 8 + 3 = \overline{12 + 8} + \overline{7 + 3}$
	+ 8612 ≈	+ 9000		= 20 + 10
		76,000		= 30
28	Exact	Estimate		20 10
20.	£xaet 84.517 ≈	85 000	44.	18 + 9 + 2 + 1 = 18 + 2 + 9 + 1
	6103 ≈	6000		= 20 + 10
	+ 7814 ≈	+ 8000		= 30
		99,000		
			45.	32+7+11+8+39=32+8+11+39+7
29.	<b>a.</b> 6234 + 7	$983 \approx 6000 + 8000$		=40+50+7
		=14,000		=97
	<b>b.</b> No, the e	stimate does not seem reasonable.	٨	30 = 30 = 60 30 = 22 + 8 + 1 + 50 + 4
30.	<b>a.</b> 6807+4	$150 \approx 7000 + 4000$	40.	= 30 + 60 + 4
				20.00

=11,000

**b.** No, the estimate does not seem reasonable.

= 94

100 200 **47.** 96+5+4+195+17=96+4+5+195+17=100+200+17= 317 200 100 **48.**  $93+4+7+196+12=\overline{93}+7+\overline{4}+196+12$ =100+200+12= 312**49.** 412+123 = 535 **50.** 514 + 226 = 740**51.** 89+45=134 **52.** 93+28=121 **53.** 5492+12,326 = 17,818 **54.** 8943+13,517 = 22,460 **55.** 127,813 + 2799 = 130,612**56.** 138,514 + 3786 = 142,300**57.** 87 + 93 + 8 + 2015 = 2203**58.** 94 + 72 + 5 + 3017 = 3188**59.** 2917 + 306 + 14,999 = 18,222**60.** 3716 + 504 + 15,998 = 20,21861. 8 inches 10 inches 8 inches +10 inches 36 inches The perimeter is 36 inches. **62.** 14 inches 9 inches 14 inches +9 inches

46 inches

The perimeter is 46 inches.

63. 9 feet 7 feet +11 feet 27 feet The perimeter is 27 feet. **64.** 10 feet 16 feet +9 feet 35 feet The perimeter is 35 feet. 65. 6 yards 8 yards 6 yards +8 yards 28 yards The perimeter is 28 yards. 66. 7 yards 18 yards 7 yards +18 yards 50 yards The perimeter is 50 yards. 67. 250 inches 250 inches 250 inches + 250 inches 1000 inches The perimeter is 1000 inches. 68. 50 inches 50 inches 50 inches + 50 inches 200 inches The perimeter is 200 inches.

69. 9 yards 9 yards 12 yards 12 yards 21 yards + 21 yards 84 yards The perimeter is 84 yards. 70. 5 inches 13 inches 9 inches 4 inches 14 inches +17 inches 62 inches The perimeter is 62 inches. 517 517 **71.** 517 + 0 = 514 + 3**72.**  $\underbrace{825}_{825+0} = \underbrace{825}_{821+4}$ **73.** 53+64 > 41+7494 90 **74.** 62+14+18 > 23+49+18**75.**  $\overbrace{61+10}^{71} < \overbrace{50+35}^{85}$ **76.** 57 + 30 < 66 + 223097 1917 **77.**  $\overline{239+1268+1590} > \overline{598+1248+71}$ 9297 4928 **78.** 2105 + 2892 + 4300 > 1400 + 3429 + 99**79.** Number of dogs named Bella = Number of dogs named Lucy + 2089= 3571 + 2089= 5660 5660 dogs are named Bella.

**80.** Number of dogs named Bailey = Number of dogs named Lucy + 417 = 3571 + 417

= 3988

3988 dogs are named Bailey.

81. Number of dogs named Bailey = Number of dogs named Molly + 707

= 3281 + 707= 3988

3988 dogs are named Bailey.

82. Number of dogs named Bella = Number of dogs named Molly + 2379

= 3281 + 2379= 5660

5660 dogs are named Bella.

- 83. 5660 Named Bella (from a previous exercise)
  - 3958 Named Max (from bar graph)
  - + 3571 Named Max (from bar graph)

13,189

- 84. 3988 Named Bailey (from a previous exercise)
  - 3958 Named Max (from bar graph)
  - + 3571 Named Max (from bar graph)

11,517

85.	a.	Exact		Estimate
		59 feet	~	60 feet
		23 feet	~	20 feet
		25 feet	~	30 feet
		46 feet	~	50 feet
		+ 43 feet	~	+ 40 feet
				200 feet

The estimate is 200 feet.

**b.** 59 feet

- 23 feet
- 25 feet
- 46 feet
- + 43 feet

196 feet

The perimeter is 196 feet.

a.	Exact		Estimate
	3 feet	~	0 feet
	15 feet	~	20 feet
	21 feet	~	20 feet
	15 feet	~	20 feet
	9 feet	~	10 feet
	+ 24 feet		+ 20 feet
			90 feet

The estimate is 90 feet.

**b.** 3 feet

86.

- 15 feet
- 21 feet
- 15 feet
- 9 feet
- + 24 feet
- 87 feet

The perimeter is 87 feet.

- 87. 96. Answers will vary.
- **97.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: No column's sum exceeded 9.
- 98. makes sense
- 99. makes sense
- 100. makes sense
- **101.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: The expressions are equal because of the commutative property of addition.
- 102. true
- 103. true
- 104. true
- **105.** The two smaller vertical sides total 7 inches, so the unlabeled vertical side must also be 7 inches. The two smaller horizontal sides total 9 inches, so the unlabeled horizontal side must also be 9 inches.

- 3 inches 4 inches 7 inches 3 inches 6 inches + 9 inches 32 inches
- The perimeter is 32 inches.
- 106. The labeled vertical side is 8 inches, so the 2 smaller vertical sides must total 8 inches. Since one of these vertical sides is labeled 3 inches, the unlabeled vertical side must be 5 inches
  The horizontal vertical side is 10 inches, so the 2 smaller horizontal sides must total 10 inches. Since one of these horizontal sides is labeled 5 inches, the unlabeled horizontal side must also be 5 inches. 8 inches
  - 5 inches
  - 3 inches
  - 10 inches
  - 5 inches
  - +5 inches
  - 36 inches

The perimeter is 36 inches.

- 107. Answers will vary.
- **108.** 8-2=6 because 6+2=8.
- **109.** Yes, the sum is 92.
  - 78 +14 92
- **110.** 5-3=2

#### **1.3 Check Points**

- **1. a.** 13-10=3Check: 3+10=13
  - **b.** 8-2=6Check: 6+2=8
  - **c.** 12-12=0Check: 0+12=12
  - **d.** 40 0 = 40Check: 40 + 0 = 40

2.	6893 Check: 6172	1.3 Concept and Vocabulary (	Check
	<u>- 721</u> <u>+ 721</u>	1. minuend; subtrahend; di	ifference
	6172 6893	<b>2.</b> 2; 10; 12	
3.	$5 \frac{12}{562}$ Check: 517	<b>3.</b> 0	
	- 4 5 + 45	4 horrowing	
	517 562	4. bonowing	
4.	4 15 17 ダダブ 4 Check: 4781	1.3 Exercise Set	
	- 8 9 3 + 893	1. 87 Check 62	
	4 7 8 1 5674	-25 + 25	
		62 87	
	9 6 1⁄0 10	02 07	
5.	$7 \not 0 \not 0$ Check: 444	<b>2.</b> 73 Check: 31	
	-256 $+256$	-42 $+42$	
	4 4 4 700	31 73	
6.	Exact Estimate	<b>3.</b> 598 Check: 2'	73
	5674 ≈ 6000	-325 $+32$	25
	$-893 \approx -1000$	273 59	98
	5000	4 752 (1.1.1	<b>h</b> 1
	The exact difference of 4781, determined in Check	<b>4.</b> 752 Check: 5.	21
	Fond 4, seems reasonable.	$-\frac{-431}{-221}$ $+\frac{+4}{-7}$	51
7.	<b>a.</b> 130,490 (Lawyers)	321 /3	52
	-45,230 (All Occupations)	<b>5.</b> 376 Check: 324	
	85,260	- 52 + 52	
	The difference is \$85,260.	324 376	
	<b>b.</b> 130,490 (Lawyers)	<b>6.</b> 387 Check: 322	
	- 60,360	- 65 + 65	
	70,130 (Accountants)	322 387	
	The average salary for accountants is \$70,130.		
	Balance Withdrawls on or	<b>7.</b> 6288 Check: 611	0
8	Balance after May $10 = \frac{820}{820} - \frac{(450+85+5+37)}{(450+85+5+37)}$	-178 $+17$	8
5.	= 820 - 577	6110 628	8
	= 243	<b>8.</b> 9366 Check: 91	20
	The balance after May 10 is \$243.	- 246 + 2	46
		9120 93	66

9.	6785 Check: 4400	<b>20.</b> 634 Check: 182
	-2385 $+2385$	- 452 + 452
	4400 6785	182 634
10.	8453 Check: 5200	<b>21.</b> 933 Check: 476
	- 3253 + 3253	- 457 + 457
	5200 8453	476 933
11.	78,993 Check: 74,502	<b>22.</b> 746 Check: 347
	-4,491 $+4,491$	-399 $+399$
	74,502 78,993	347 746
12.	67,876 Check: 64,605	<b>23.</b> 800 Check: 277
	-3,271 $+3,271$	-523 $+523$
	64,605 67,876	277 800
13.	25,176 Check: 0	<b>24.</b> 500 Check: 224
	- 25,176 + 25,176	- 276 + 276
	0 25,176	224 500
14	32 574 Check: 0	<b>25</b> 253 Check 206
1.0	-32,574 $+32,574$	- 47 + 47
	$\frac{-32,371}{0}$ $\frac{-132,371}{32,574}$	$\frac{1}{206}$ $\frac{1}{253}$
	0 52,574	200 255
15.	82 Check: 47	<b>26.</b> 468 Check: 409
	$\frac{-35}{+35}$	-59 + 59
	47 82	409 468
16.	63 Check: 35	<b>27.</b> 7382 Check: 6922
	- 28 + 28	- 460 + 460
	35 63	6922         7382
17.	80 Check: 53	<b>28.</b> 8249 Check: 7929
	-27 $+27$	-320 $+320$
	53 80	7929 8249
18.	90 Check: 47	<b>29.</b> 1533 Check: 1484
	$\frac{-43}{+43}$	-49 + 49
	47 90	1484 1533
19.	857 Check: 184	<b>30.</b> 1746 Check: 1657
	-673 + 673	-89 $+89$
	184 857	1657 1746

31.	1967	Check: 39	<b>41.</b> Exact Estimate
	- 1928	+ 1928	1875 ≈ 1900
	39	1967	$-1387 \approx -1400$
		~	500
32.	2952	Check: 5	
	- 2947	+ 2947	42. Exact Estimate
	5	2952	$-2271 \approx -2300$
33.	42,566	Check: 28,858	$\frac{2271}{500}$
	- 13,708	+ 13,708	500
	28,858	42,566	<b>43.</b> Exact Estimate
			18,963 ≈ 19,000
34.	65,722	Check: 38,915	$\underline{-16,218} \approx \underline{-16,000}$
	- 26,807	+ 26,807	3000
	38,915	65,722	11 Exact Estimate
35.	60,000	Check: 32,017	$\frac{44}{24817} \approx 25000$
	- 27,983	+ 27,983	$-13.199 \approx -13.000$
	32,017	60,000	<u> </u>
			12,000
36.	80,000	Check: 40,018	<b>45. a.</b> Exact Estimate
	- 39,982	+ 39,982	3635 ≈ 3600
	40,018	80,000	$-462 \approx -500$
37.	86,497	Check: 60,647	3100
	- 25,850	+ 25,850	<b>b.</b> No; An exact difference of 2173 does not seem
	60,647	86,497	reasonable.
			<b>46. a.</b> Exact Estimate
38.	71,111	Check: 52,113	1852 ≈ 1900
	- 18,998	+ 18,998	$-427 \approx -400$
	52,113	71,111	
39.	Exact	Estimate	
	338 ≈	340	<b>b.</b> No; An exact difference of 1025 does not seem reasonable.
	$\underline{-223} \approx$	-220	
		120	47. 53-6=47
40	Evect	Estimate	<b>48.</b> 73-7=66
40.	586 ≈	590	<b>49.</b> $71 - 11 = 60$
	-123 ≈	-120	
		470	<b>50.</b> $57 - 35 = 22$
			<b>51.</b> $88 - 62 = 26$
			<b>52.</b> $97-55=42$
			<b>73</b> (0, <b>7</b> ( <b>0</b> )
			<b>53.</b> 49-/=42

54.	55 - 4 = 51	73.	1550
==	12 2 10		- 122
33.	43 - 3 = 40		1428
56.	68 - 8 = 60		The difference is 1428 years.
57.	80 - 36 = 44	74.	1550
58.	90 - 39 = 51		$\frac{-405}{1145}$
59.	548-30=518		The difference is 1145 years.
60.	876-60=816	75.	405
61.	758-654=104		$\frac{-195}{210}$
62.	497 - 293 = 204		The extreme lifespan of a whale is 210 years.
63.	9083-134 = 8949	76.	405
64.	3935 - 885 = 3050		$\frac{-328}{77}$
65.	905,008		The extreme lifespan of a cockatoo is 77 years.
	- 280,034	77.	122
	624,974		- 28
66.	2,013,000 -507,093 $\overline{1,505,005}$		94 The extreme lifespan of a dog is 94 years less than the extreme lifespan of a human.
	1,505,907	78.	122
67.	$\underbrace{\frac{20}{35-15} = \underbrace{\frac{20}{80-60}}_{20-60}}_{20-60}$		$\frac{-38}{84}$
68.	$\overline{40-35} = \overline{85-80}$		The extreme lifespan of a cat is 84 years less than the extreme lifespan of a human.
	274 296		Deposits Withdrawls
69.	$\overline{458-84} < \overline{716-330}$	79.	Balance = $(1050 + 435) - (525 + 185 + 4 + 100 + 190)$ = $1485 - 1004$
	68 55		= 481
70.	121-53 > 761-706		The balance after June 25 is \$481.
71.	70 (Minuend)		Deposits Withdrawls
	-40 (Subtrahend)	80.	Balance = $(1120 + 350) - (615 + 145 + 225 + 300 + 4)$
	30 (Difference)		=1470 - 1289
			=181
72.	100 (Minuend)		The balance after December 31 is \$181.
	<u>-90</u> (Subtrahend)		
	10 (Difference)		

81.	Rectangle:	Square:
	17 feet	14 feet
	13 feet	14 feet
	17 feet	14 feet
	+13 feet	+14 feet
	60 feet	56 feet

Difference:

60 feet	(Rectangle)
– 56 feet	(Square)

#### 4 feet

The rectangular garden requires 4 more feet of fencing than the square garden.

82.	Rectangle:	Square:

23 feet	16 feet
11 feet	16 feet
23 feet	16 feet
+11 feet	+16 feet
68 feet	64 feet

Difference:

68 feet (Rectangle) - 64 feet (Square) 4 feet

The rectangular garden requires 4 more feet of fencing than the square garden.

83. - 88. Answers will vary.

- 89. does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: To check a subtraction problem by add the difference to the subtrahend.
- 90. does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: Borrowing is unnecessary because each digit in the subtrahend exceeds the corresponding digit in the minuend.
- **91.** makes sense
- 92. makes sense
- 93. true

94. true

- 95. false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: When 30 is subtracted from 50, 30 is the subtrahend.
- 96. true

97.	479
	-184
	295
98.	849
	- 355
	494

- 99. No; the associative property cannot be applied to subtraction. 10 - (6 - 1) = 10 - 5 = 5
  - (10-6)-1=4-1=3
- 100. Answers will vary.
- **101.** eighty-nine thousand, one hundred sixty-two
- 102. 35,287 + 4,956 40.243
- 103. Exact Estimate 35,287 ≈ 35,000 +4,956+5,000≈ 40,000
- 104. a.  $5 \times 3 = 5 + 5 + 5 = 15$ 
  - **b.**  $2 \times 4 = 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 8$
  - c.  $6 \times 7 = 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 = 42$
- **105.** a.  $(2 \times 3) \times 5 = 6 \times 5 = 30$ 
  - **b.**  $2 \times (3 \times 5) = 2 \times 15 = 30$
  - **c.** No; the grouping did not change the answer.
- **106. a.** 2839 ≈ 3000
  - **b.**  $621 \approx 600$
  - **c.**  $2839 \times 621 \approx 3000 \times 600$

1.4 Cl	heck Points		10 21
1.	<b>a.</b> $73 \cdot 1 = 73$	10.	$2 \cdot 7 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 3$ $= 10 \cdot 21$
	<b>b</b> $73 \times 0 = 0$		= 210
	<b>c.</b> $0(14) = 0$	11.	<b>a.</b> 28 ×7
	<b>d.</b> 1×13=13		196 Attach 3 zeros to 196.
2.	<b>a.</b> associative property of multiplication		28(7000) = 196,000
	<b>b.</b> commutative property of multiplication		<b>b.</b> $2 \times 8 = 16$
	c. commutative property of multiplication		Attach $2 \pm 3$ , of $3$ zeros to 10. $200 \cdot 8000 = 1,600,000$
3.	<b>a.</b> $10(4+5) = 10 \cdot 4 + 10 \cdot 5$	12.	$4796 \times 817 \approx 5000 \times 800$ = 4,000,000
	<b>b.</b> $10(4+5) = 10(9) = 90$		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	$10 \cdot 4 + 10 \cdot 5 = 40 + 50 = 90$	13.	amount spent on housing and utilities $= (5 \cdot 126) + 35$
	Yes, both methods give the same answer.		= 630 + 35
4.	243		= 665
	$\times 2$		The amount spent on housing and utilities is \$005.
	486		Adult tickets Child tickets
		14.	Total Sales = $83.12 + 57.5$ = 006 + 285
5.	823		= 1281
	× 7		The total amount collected in ticket sales is \$1281.
	5761	15	21
	250	15.	<b>a.</b> 21 ×18
6.	258		$\frac{100}{168}$
	$\frac{\times 24}{1022}$		+ 210
	1052 + 5160		378
	$\frac{15100}{6192}$		The area of the floor is 378 square feet.
_			h 378
7.	437		× 7
	× 253		2646
	1311		The cost of the carpeting is \$2646.
	21850		
	$\frac{+87400}{110,561}$		
	110,501	14C	oncent and Vocabulary Check
8.	723	1.4 C	oncept and vocabulary eneck
	$\times 205$	1.	6+6+6
	3615	2.	factors: product
	+144600		, product
	148,215	3.	0
9.	<b>a.</b> $953 \cdot 1000 = 953,000$	4.	identity
	<b>b.</b> $4026 \cdot 100 = 402,600$	5.	commutative

6.	associative		<b>b.</b> $3(4+5) =$
7.	distributive; distributes		$3 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 5$ Yes, both
8.	five	21.	23
9.	length; width; square		× 3
			69
1.4 E	xercise Set	22.	41
1.	$27 \cdot 1 = 27$		$\frac{\times 2}{82}$
2.	$39 \cdot 1 = 39$	23	62
3.	$0 \cdot 27 = 0$	43.	$\times 4$
4.	$0 \cdot 39 = 0$		248
5.	(1)(1205) = 1205	24.	73
6	(1)(1372) = 1372		$\frac{\times 2}{146}$
-	(1)(10,12) 10,12 7,0,2-0	25.	402
7.			$\times$ 3
8.	$7 \cdot 0 \cdot 5 = 0$		1206
9.	commutative property of multiplication	26.	503
10.	commutative property of multiplication		$\times$ 3
11.	associative property of multiplication		1509
12.	associative property of multiplication	27.	52
13.	distributive property		$\frac{\times 8}{416}$
14.	distributive property	28	48
15.	commutative property of addition	20.	$\times$ 3
16.	commutative property of addition		144
17.	commutative property of multiplication	29.	56
18.	commutative property of multiplication		$\frac{\times 9}{504}$
19.	<b>a.</b> $4(3+5) = 4 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 5$	20	20
	<b>b.</b> $4(3+5) = 4(8) = 32$	30.	58 × 9
	$4 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 5 = 12 + 20 = 32$		342
	Yes, both methods give the same answer.	31	614
20.	<b>a.</b> $3(4+5) = 3 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 5$	51.	× 6
			3684

**b.** 
$$3(4+5) = 3(9) = 27$$
  
 $3 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 5 = 12 + 15 = 27$   
Yes, both methods give the same answer.

32.	613	42.	136
	× 7		$\times 32$
	4291		272
	, -		+4080
33.	277		4352
	$\times$ 8	43.	706
	2216		×83
~	400		2118
34.	488		+ 56480
	$\times 6$		58,598
	2928	14	807
35	3074	44.	807 × 46
55.	5074		4842
	× 3		+32280
	15,370		37,122
36.	4038		
201	× 5	45.	2357
	$\frac{7}{20,100}$		× 79
	20,190		21213
37.	19		$\frac{+10+990}{186,203}$
	×18		160,203
	152	46.	5732
	+190		×97
	342		40124
38	23		+515880
50.	×15		556,004
	115	47	135
	+ 230		×112
	345		270
20	50		1350
<u>39</u> .	53 × 53		+13500
	$\frac{\times 33}{159}$		15,120
	+2650	48	351
	2809	-0.	×114
			1404
40.	64		3510
	$\frac{\times 64}{256}$		+ 35100
	256 ± 3840		40,014
	$\frac{+3640}{4006}$	40	2407
	+070	49.	5427 × 878
41.	163		$\frac{7020}{27416}$
	$\times 23$		68540
	489		+ 2741600
	+3260		2,837,556
	3749		

50.	4372	61.	8×100 = 800
	$\times 288$		
	34976	62.	$7 \times 100 = 700$
	349760	63	22(1000) - 22,000
	+ 874400	03.	22(1000) – 22,000
	1,259,136	64.	37(1000) = 37,000
51.	324		
	×609	65.	$4207 \times 10,000 = 42,070,000$
	2916		5206 - 10 000 52 060 000
	+194400	00.	5306×10,000 = 53,060,000
	197,316		100
		67.	$4 \cdot 6 \cdot 25 = \overline{4 \cdot 25} \cdot 6$
52.	721		=100.6
	$\times 807$		- 600
	5047		- 000
	+ 576800		100
	581,847	68.	$4 \cdot 7 \cdot 25 = \overline{4 \cdot 25} \cdot 7$
50	005		=100.7
53.	985		= 700
	× 230		= 700
	29550		10 27
	$\frac{+197000}{226.550}$	69.	$2 \cdot 9 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 = 2 \cdot 5 \cdot 9 \cdot 3$
	226,550		=10.27
54.	658		= 270
	×320		
	13160		10 27
	+197400	70.	$5 \cdot 9 \cdot 3 \cdot 2 = 5 \cdot 2 \cdot 9 \cdot 3$
	210,560		=10.27
	,		= 270
55.	332		7. 4000 00 000
	$\times 2400$	/1.	$7 \times 4000 = 28,000$
	13280	72	$3 \times 8000 = 24,000$
	+ 664000	/2.	5/10000 - 24,000
	796,800	73.	53
= (	224		×7
50.	234 × 4200		371
	$\frac{4200}{46900}$		Attach 4 zeros to 371.
	40800		53(70,000) = 3,710,000
	+ 930000		
	902,000	74.	47
57.	(749)(58)(	(0) = 0	×ŏ
•		<i>,</i>	3/0 Attach 4 genes to 276
58.	(972)(85)(	(0) = 0	Attach 4 Zeros to $3/0$ . 47(80,000) = 3,760,000
			$\pi$ (00,000) – 3,700,000
59.	$157 \cdot 10 = 1$	570 <b>75</b> .	$7 \times 9 = 63$
(0	000 10	2200	Attach $1+2$ , or 3 zeros to 63.
60.	$238 \cdot 10 = 2$	2380	$70 \times 900 = 63,000$

76.	$9 \times 4 = 36$	91.	$4 \cdot 800 = 3200$
	Attach $1+2$ , or $3$ zeros to $36$ .	02	2 000 - 2700
	$90 \times 400 = 36,000$	92.	5.900 = 2700
77.	2.16 = 32	93.	$2 \cdot 307 = 614$
	Attach $3+3$ , or 6 zeros to 32.	0.4	2 400 017
	$2000 \times 16,000 = 32,000,000$	94.	$2 \cdot 408 = 816$
-0		95.	2.1873 = 3746
78.	$3 \cdot 12 = 36$		
	Allach $3+3$ , or 6 zeros to 30. $3000 \times 12\ 000 = 36\ 000\ 000$	96.	$2 \cdot 2946 = 5892$
	5000×12,000 - 50,000,000	97.	$3 \cdot 3240 = 9720$
79.	$83 \times 29 \approx 80 \times 30$		
	= 2400	98.	$3 \cdot 4320 = 12,960$
	Yes, an exact product of 2407 seems reasonable.	00	$6 \times 0 - 54$
80	$48 \times 33 \approx 50 \times 30$	99.	$0 \times 9 = 54$ The area is 54 square feet
00.	=1500		The area is 54 square reet.
	Yes, an exact product of 1584 seems reasonable.	100.	20
04	212 20 200 (0		<u>×24</u>
81.	312×58 ≈ 300×60		80
	= 18,000		+400
	Yes, an exact product of 18,906 seems reasonable.		480
82.	$519 \times 38 \approx 500 \times 40$		The area is 480 square feet.
	= 20,000	101.	30
	Yes, an exact product of 19,722 seems reasonable.		×15
02	272 114 200 100		150
83.	2/3×114 ≈ 300×100 - 20,000		+ 300
	= 50,000		450
	reasonable		The area is 450 square yards.
		102	14
84.	$386 \times 217 \approx 400 \times 200$	102.	14 × 3
	= 80,000		$\frac{\times 3}{42}$
	No, an exact product of 837,622 does not seem		The area is 42 square yards
	reasonable.		The area is 12 square yaras.
85.	(4826)(523) ≈ (5000)(500)	103.	528
	= 2,500,000		$\times 603$
	Yes, an exact product of 2,523,998 seems		1584
	reasonable.		+316800
			318,384
86.	$(3906)(517) \approx (4000)(500)$		three hundred eighteen thousand, three hundred
	= 2,000,000		eighty-four
	Yes, an exact product of 2,019,402 seems	104	528
	reasonable.	104.	× 603
87.	$90 \cdot 4 = 360$		2562
			+ 341600
88.	$60 \cdot 7 = 420$		344 162
00	18 0 - 162		three hundred forty-four thousand one hundred
<b>0</b> 9.	10.9 = 102		sixty-two
90.	$26 \cdot 5 = 130$		-

105.	$\overbrace{64\cdot8-300}^{\underline{212}} < \overbrace{3\cdot79-10}^{\underline{227}}$
106.	$\frac{322}{87 \cdot 6 - 200} < \frac{331}{53 \cdot 7 - 40}$
107.	$\underbrace{\frac{180}{59 \cdot 6 - 3 \cdot 58}}_{39 \cdot 8 - 52 \cdot 4} \xrightarrow{104}$
108.	$\overbrace{12(4+3)}^{84} < \overbrace{2 \cdot 41 + 3}^{85}$
109.	$3 \cdot 486 - 232 = 1458 - 232$
	= 1226 There were 1226 billionaires in 2012.
110.	$7 \cdot 140 - 34 = 980 - 34$
	= 946
	There were 946 billionaires in 2007.
111.	485 ×12
	970
	$\frac{+4850}{5820}$
	It will travel 5820 miles.
112.	38
	<u>×12</u>
	76
	$\frac{+380}{456}$
	You can travel 456 miles.
113.	12
	<u>×18</u>
	96
	$\frac{+120}{216}$
	It will take 216 minutes.
114.	28
	<u>×31</u>
	28 + 840
	$\frac{+0+0}{868}$
	You use 868 gallons.

food/lodging airfare **115.** Total cost =  $16 \cdot 378 + 16 \cdot 260$ = 6048 + 4160=10,208The total cost is \$10,208. novels biographies **116.** Total =  $17 \cdot 14 + 13 \cdot 23$ = 238 + 299= 537 They took in \$537. **117.** 9 A.M. to 5 P.M. is 8 hours.  $7 \cdot 2 + 5 = 14 + 5$ =19The total cost is \$19. **118.** Cost if using monthly payments =  $14 \cdot 50 + 100$ =700+100= 800Savings: 800 \_750 50 Paying the total amount at the time of the purchase will save \$50. 119. a. 18  $\times 14$ 72 +180252 The area of the floor is 252 square feet. 252 b. × 8 2016 The cost of the carpeting is \$2016. 120. a. 19  $\times 15$ 95 +190285 The area of the floor is 285 square feet. **b.** 285 × 8 2280 The cost of the carpeting is \$2280.

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121.	a.	$50 \\ \times 94 \\ \overline{200}$	138.	false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: The distributive property states that multiplication distributes over addition .
		$\frac{+4500}{4700}$	139.	true
		The area of the court is 4700 square feet.	140.	true
	b.	400	141.	613
		$\times 12$		$\times$ 6
		800		3678
		+4000		
		4800	142.	32
		12 gallons will cover 4800 square feet.		$\frac{\times 14}{\ldots}$
	0	Vas: 12 gallons are anough to refinish the court		128
	ι.	res, 12 gations are chough to termisin the court.		+320
122.	a.	50		448
		$\times 84$	1/2	5(7, 3) - 5(4) - 20
		200	143.	<b>a.</b> $5(7-5) = 5(4) = 20$
		+ 4000		$5 \cdot 7 - 5 \cdot 3 = 55 - 15 = 20$
		4200		<b>b.</b> $10(8-2) = 10(6) = 60$
		The area of the court is 4200 square feet.		10.8 - 10.2 = 80 - 20 = 60
		100		10 0 10 2 - 00 20 - 00
	b.	400		c. yes
		2,000		
		3600	144.	Answers will vary.
		9 gallons will cover 3600 square feet.	145	305 640
	c.	No: 9 gallons are not enough to refinish the	170,	505,040
		court.	146.	863
				+ 7697
123.	- 1	<b>32.</b> Answers will vary.		8560
133	m	akes sense		
155.	1110	akes sense	147.	9002
134.	m	akes sense		$\frac{+897}{$
				8105
135.	do Sa	these not make sense; Explanations will vary. Simple explanation: You must attach $2+3$ , or 5	148.	$21 \div 3 = 7$ because $7 \times 3 = 21$ .
	ze	ros.	149.	Yes, the product is 1206.
136.	do	es not make sense: Explanations will vary.		67
1000	Sa	imple explanation: The area of a regulation tennis		$\times 18$
	co	urt is 2808 <u>square</u> feet.		536
				+ 670
137.	fal	lse; Changes to make the statement true will vary.		1206
	A	sample change is: Deleting 0 as a factor might		
	ch	ange the product from being 0 to being non-zero.	150.	$(502 \times 47) + 15 = 23,594 + 15$

= 23,609

Mid-Chapter Check Point – Chapter 1			8000
1.	eight billion, sixty-three million, five hundred sixty- one thousand, four		$\frac{-57}{7943}$
2.	54,302,628	15.	52
3.	<b>a.</b> nearest hundred: 64,517 ≈ 64,500		$\frac{-38}{14}$
	<ul> <li>b. nearest thousand:</li> <li>64,517 ≈ 65,000</li> </ul>	16.	$(8 \cdot 3) - 6 = 24 - 6 = 18$
4.	18 > 0	17.	$2 \cdot 15 - 7 = 30 - 7 = 23$
5.	18 < 19	18.	Exact Estimate $876 \approx 900$
6.	5809		$337 \approx 300$
	$\frac{+3762}{9571}$		$\frac{+1058}{2300}$
7.	652	19.	Exact Estimate
	<u>-378</u>		9846 ≈ 10,000
	274		$-2317 \approx -2000$
8.	876		8000
	$\frac{\times 4}{2504}$	20	$\underbrace{Exact}_{(2893)(648)} \approx \underbrace{Estimate}_{(3000)(600)}$
	3504	20.	(2000)(000) = (3000)(000) = 1,800,000
9.	87		-,,,
	$\frac{\times 36}{522}$	21.	associative property of multiplication
	+ 2610	22.	distributive property
	3132	23.	commutative property of addition
10.	324	24.	Perimeter:
	$\frac{\times 162}{648}$		4 yards
	648 19440		13 yards
	+ 32400		4 yards
	52,488		+13 yards
11	$4 \times 9 - 36$		34 yards
11.	Attach $2+3$ , or 5 zeros to 36.		A
	400.9000 = 3,600,000		Area: 13 yards
			$\times 4$ vards
12.	$5/\cdot 93\cdot 0=0$		52 square vards
13.	17		52 square jaras

- + 96
- 113

- 25. a. The James Bond franchise had the greatest number of movies. The total world gross for this franchise was \$5,116,147,171.
  - **b.** three billion, two hundred eighty-seven million, two hundred eighty-five thousand, five dollars
  - c. Star Wars had 7 movies.
     \$4,279,632,749 ≈ \$4,000,000,000
  - **d.** Shrek and Lord of the Rings each had total world gross less than \$3,500,000,000.

**26. a.** 61 (1980)

 $\frac{-28}{33}$  (Ancient Greece and Rome)

People born in 1980 are expected to live 33 years more than people born in ancient Greece and Rome.

- **b.** Average life expectancy was 48 years in 1950.
- c. The following life expectancies round to 30. Stone Age:  $25 \approx 30$ Ancient Greece and Rome:  $28 \approx 30$ Middle Ages:  $30 \approx 30$  $1900: 31 \approx 30$
- **d.** life expectancy 1950: 48 life expectancy Middle Ages: 30  $48 \stackrel{?}{=} 2 \cdot 30 - 12$  $48 \stackrel{?}{=} 60 - 12$  $48 \stackrel{?}{=} 48$  true
- 27. Balance = (730 + 250) (29 + 156 + 347)= 980 - 532 = 448 The balance is \$448.
- **28.** 58,952

-51,723

The change in the city's population was 7229.

**29.** (8)(1480) + (5)(1245) = 11,840 + 6225= 996 + 285 = 18,065 The total cost is \$18,065.

**30.** 14

 $\frac{\times 12}{28}$   $\frac{+140}{168}$ The area of the floor is 378 square feet.

 $168 \times 10 = 1680$ The cost of the carpeting is \$1680.

# 1.5 Check Points

**1. a.** 
$$56 \div 7 = 8$$
 because  $8 \cdot 7 = 56$ .

**b.** 
$$\frac{27}{9} = 3$$
 because  $3 \cdot 9 = 27$ .

**c.** 
$$3\overline{)27}$$
 because  $9 \cdot 3 = 27$ .

- **2. a.**  $13 \div 1 = 13$  because  $13 \cdot 1 = 13$ .
  - **b.**  $13 \div 13 = 1$  because  $1 \cdot 13 = 13$ .

**c.** 
$$17\overline{)17}$$
 because  $1 \cdot 17 = 17$ .

- **d.** 1)17 because  $17 \cdot 1 = 17$ .
- e.  $\frac{2306}{1} = 2306$  because  $2306 \cdot 1 = 2306$ .

**f.** 
$$2306)2306$$
 because  $1 \cdot 2306 = 2306$ .

**3. a.** 
$$9\overline{)0}$$
 because  $0.9 = 0$ .

Δ

**b.** 
$$0 \div 253 = 0$$
 because  $0 \cdot 253 = 0$ .

**c.** 
$$\frac{0}{8} = 0$$
 because  $0 \cdot 8 = 0$ 

	<b>d.</b> $\frac{8}{0}$ = undefined	<b>7.</b> 29	$9)\frac{83}{2407}$
	<b>e.</b> $\frac{0}{0} =$ undefined		$\frac{\underline{332}}{\underline{87}}$
4.	$3)\frac{171}{513}$ $\frac{3}{21}$	Cl	neck: 83 $\frac{\times 29}{747}$ +1660
	$\frac{21}{03}$		415
	0 Check: 171	<b>8.</b> 32	2) <u>13292</u> <u>128</u>
	$\frac{\times 3}{513}$		$     \frac{49}{32}     \frac{32}{172}     160 $
_	$\frac{748}{\sqrt{4499}}$		$\frac{160}{12}$
5.	6)4488 42	13	$3,292 \div 32 = 415 \text{ R} \ 12$
	28	C	Neck: 415
	$\frac{24}{48}$		$\frac{332}{830}$
	48 48		+ 12450
	$\frac{1}{0}$		13280
	Check: 748		+ 12
	× 6		13292
	4488		12
		9. 13	386)16649
	$\frac{7086}{\sqrt{12722}}$	<i>,</i> 1.	1386
6.	6)42520 42		2789
	$\frac{12}{05}$		$\frac{2772}{17}$
	$\frac{0}{\overline{z}}$	16	$5.649 \div 1386 = 12 \text{ R} \cdot 17$
	52 48	Cl	neck: 1386
	$\frac{10}{40}$		×12
	<u>36</u>		2772
	4 12 520 ( 700( D 4		+13860
	$42,520 \div 6 = 7086 \text{ K}$ 4		16632
	Спеск. 7080		$\frac{+1}{16640}$
	$\frac{\times 0}{100}$		10049
	42516 + 4	10. a.	$240 \div 60 = 24\% \div 6\% = 24 \div 6 = 4$
	42520	b.	$\frac{53,000}{100} = \frac{530\%}{1\%} = \frac{530}{1} = 530$
		c.	$5000\overline{)15,000,000} = 5000\overline{)15000000} = 5\overline{)15000}$

- 11. a.  $47,869 \div 62 \approx 48,000 \div 60$ =  $4800\emptyset \div 6\emptyset$ =  $4800 \div 6 = 800$ b.  $718,403 \div 879 \approx 720,000 \div 900$ =  $7200\emptyset\emptyset \div 9\emptyset\emptyset$ =  $7200 \div 9 = 800$
- 12. a. The amount that Shaq still needs to raise is the difference of what he asked for and the amount he has already raised.
  450,000 112,000 = 338,000
  Shaq still needs to raise \$338,000 to reach his goal.

**b.**  $125\overline{\smash{\big)}338000}$  $\underline{250}$  $\underline{880}$  $\underline{875}$  $\underline{500}$  $\underline{0}$  $\underline{500}$  $\underline{0}$ 

Each fan will need to contribute \$2704.

- **13. a.** The number of boats needed is the quotient of the number of people on the cruise and the number of people who can be seated on each boat.
  - $\begin{array}{r}12\\19)\overline{243}\\\underline{19}\\53\\\underline{38}\\15\end{array}$

There are enough people to fill 12 riverboats, with 15 people left over. So, 13 boats are needed.

**b.** Using a  $13^{\text{th}}$  boat means that there will be empty seats. There are 19 seats per boat and 15 leftover people. Thus, there will be 19 - 15 = 4 empty seats on the boat.

14. Mean = 
$$\frac{\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}}}{\frac{83+86+79+100+90+84}{6}} = \frac{522}{6}$$
  
 $6)\overline{522}$   
 $\frac{48}{42}$   
 $\frac{42}{0}$ 

The mean score for the six tests is 87.

#### **1.5 Concept and Vocabulary Check**

1. dividend; divisor; quotient

**2.** 
$$4)20$$

**3.** 9 · 4

- **4.** 1
- **5.** 0
- **6.** 0; 0
- **7.** 360; 0
- 8. divided by

#### 1.5 Exercise Set

- **1.**  $20 \div 4 = 5$  because  $5 \cdot 4 = 20$ .
- **2.**  $72 \div 9 = 8$  because  $8 \cdot 9 = 72$ .
- **3.**  $\frac{36}{3} = 12$  because  $12 \cdot 3 = 36$ .
- **4.**  $\frac{24}{3} = 8$  because  $8 \cdot 3 = 24$ .
- **5.** 9)45 because  $5 \cdot 9 = 45$ .
- **6.**  $6)\overline{48}$  because  $8 \cdot 6 = 48$ .

**7.** 
$$7)28$$
 because  $4 \cdot 7 = 28$ 

8.	$7)35$ because $5 \cdot 7 = 35$ .	29.	$0\overline{)0} = undefined$
9.	$5\overline{)35}$ because 7.5 = 35.	30.	$0 \div 0 =$ undefined
10.	$\frac{8}{864} \text{ because } 8 \cdot 8 = 64.$	31.	3)93 9 03 -3
11.	$19 \div 1 = 19$		0
12.	$23 \div 1 = 23$	30	$\frac{19}{505}$
13.	$19 \div 19 = 1$	52.	<u>5</u> <u>5</u>
14.	$23 \div 23 = 1$		$\frac{45}{45}$
15.	$1)\frac{31}{31}$	33	$\frac{74}{7\sqrt{518}}$
16.	$1)\frac{37}{37}$	55.	$\frac{49}{28}$
17.	$\frac{1507}{1} = 1507$		0 63
18.	$\frac{1608}{1} = 1608$	34.	$6)441$ $\frac{42}{21}$
19.	$0 \div 12 = 0$		$\frac{21}{0}$
20.	$0 \div 15 = 0$		25
21.	$12 \div 0 = $ undefined	35.	$6\overline{)150}_{12}$
22.	$15 \div 0 = $ undefined		$\frac{12}{30}$
23.	$16\overline{)0}$		0 35
24.	$26\overline{)0}$	36.	$6)210$ $\frac{18}{30}$
25.	$0)\overline{16} = undefined$		$\frac{30}{0}$
26.	$0)\overline{26} = undefined$	37.	4)2688
27.	16)16		$\frac{\frac{24}{28}}{\frac{28}{08}}$
28.	$26)\overline{26}$		$\frac{8}{0}$



	75		51
50.	23)1725	56.	42)2148
	$\frac{101}{115}$		$\frac{210}{48}$
	<u>115</u>		<u>42</u>
	0		6
	007		$2148 \div 42 = 51 \text{ R } 6$
51.	12)10884		806
	<u>108</u>	57.	47)37902
	08		$\frac{376}{20}$
	$\frac{-0}{84}$		30 0
	<u>84</u>		$\overline{302}$
	0		$\frac{282}{22}$
	002		20 27 002 47 80( D 20
52.	$\frac{903}{12}$		$37,902 \div 47 = 806 \text{ R} 20$
	<u>108</u>		801
	03	58.	47)37677
	$\frac{0}{36}$		$\frac{376}{07}$
	<u>38</u>		0
	0		77
	37		$\frac{4'}{30}$
53.	15)560		$37.677 \div 47 = 801 \text{ R} 30$
	45		
	110 105		16
	$\frac{105}{5}$	59.	128)2048
	$560 \div 15 = 37 \text{ R} 5$		$\frac{128}{768}$
	20		<u>768</u>
54	$15\sqrt{426}$		0
	$\frac{30}{30}$		25
	126	60.	321)8025
	$\frac{120}{6}$		$\frac{642}{1605}$
	$426 \div 15 = 28 \text{ R} 6$		1605
			0
==	$\frac{31}{12}$		
55.	126	61	$\frac{97}{58207}$
	<u> </u>	01.	5409
	$\frac{42}{10}$		4207
	10 $1312 \pm 42 = 31 \mathbb{R}$ 10		$\frac{4207}{0}$
	$1512 \cdot 72 - 51 \times 10$		U
			86
		62.	701)60286
			<u>3008</u> 4206
			4206
			0



- **72.**  $3000\overline{)18,000,000} = 3000\overline{)18000000} = 3\overline{)18000}$
- **73.**  $\frac{83,000,000}{10,000} = \frac{83000000}{100000} = \frac{8300}{1} = 8300$
- **74.**  $\frac{97,000,000}{10,000} = \frac{97000000}{100000} = \frac{9700}{1} = 9700$
- **75.**  $2622 \div 23 \approx 2600 \div 20 = 260\% \div 2\% = 260 \div 2 = 130$ Yes 114 seems reasonable.
- **76.**  $2016 \div 42 \approx 2000 \div 40 = 200\% \div 4\% = 200 \div 4 = 50$ Yes 48 seems reasonable.
- **77.**  $20,928 \div 327 \approx 21,000 \div 300 = 21000 \div 3000 = 210 \div 3 = 70$ Yes 64 seems reasonable.
- **78.**  $13,688 \div 236 \approx 14,000 \div 200 = 140 \text{ (for } 2 \text{ (for } 3 + 2 \text{ (for$
- **79.**  $2806 \div 67 \approx 2800 \div 70 = 280\% \div 7\% = 280 \div 7 = 40$ Yes 41 R 59 seems reasonable.
- **80.**  $1804 \div 58 \approx 1800 \div 60 = 180\% \div 6\% = 180 \div 6 = 30$ Yes 31 R 6 seems reasonable.
- **81.**  $362,517 \div 879 \approx 360,000 \div 900 = 3600\% \div 9\% = 3600 \div 9 = 400$ No 42 R 369 does not seem reasonable.
- 82.  $561,917 \div 693 \approx 560,000 \div 700 = 5600$  % % % % = 5600  $\div$  7 = 800 No 81 R 587 does not seem reasonable.



86.	$12\overline{\smash{\big)}876}$ $\underline{84}$ $\underline{36}$ $\underline{36}$ $0$
87.	$ \begin{array}{r}     \underline{212} \\     \underline{13}\overline{)2756} \\     \underline{26} \\     \underline{15} \\     \underline{13} \\     \underline{26} \\     \underline{26} \\     \underline{26} \\     0 \end{array} $
88.	$ \begin{array}{r}     93 \\ 14\overline{\smash{\big)}1302} \\     \underline{126} \\     42 \\     \underline{42} \\     0 \end{array} $
89.	Mean = $\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}} = \frac{9+36+11+18+24+22}{6} = \frac{120}{6} = 20$ The mean score for the six tests is 20.
90.	Mean = $\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}} = \frac{27 + 14 + 28 + 52 + 37 + 22}{6} = \frac{180}{6} = 30$ The mean score for the six tests is 20.
91.	Mean = $\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}} = \frac{81+87+92+84+91}{5} = \frac{435}{5}$ $5\overline{\smash{\big)}435}$ $\frac{40}{35}$ $\frac{35}{0}$
	The mean score for the five tests is 87.
92.	Mean = $\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}} = \frac{76 + 94 + 92 + 71 + 82}{5} = \frac{415}{5}$ $5)\overline{415}$ $\frac{40}{15}$ $\frac{15}{0}$
	TTI

The mean score for the five tests is 83.

93.	$1059 \\ 34)36006$	
	$\frac{34}{20}$	
	20	
	$\overline{200}$	
	<u>170</u>	
	306	
	306	
	0	

The answer is 1059, which in words is one thousand fifty-nine.

94. 
$$12) \overline{52008}$$
  
 $48 \\ 40 \\ 36 \\ 40 \\ 36 \\ 40 \\ 36 \\ 40 \\ 36 \\ 48 \\ 48 \\ 48 \\ 0 \\ 12)$ 

The answer is 4334, which in words is four thousand three hundred thirty-four.

95. 
$$\frac{22}{736 \div 23 - 10} < \frac{27}{715 \div 55 + 14}$$
  
96.  $\frac{33}{876 \div 12 - 40} < \frac{35}{594 \div 18 + 2}$   
97.  $(600 \div 3) - (200 \div 4) < 800 \div 5$   
98.  $(700 \div 5) - (360 \div 3) < 225 \div 9$   
99.  $4)116$   
 $\frac{8}{36}$   
 $\frac{36}{0}$   
 $116 \div 4 = 29$  pizzas

100. 
$$4)\overline{960}$$
  
 $\frac{8}{16}$   
 $16$   
 $16$   
 $00$   
 $960 + 4 = 240$  cups  
101.  $36)\overline{\frac{503}{18108}}$   
 $100$   
 $\frac{180}{10}$   
 $10$   
 $\frac{108}{10}$   
 $\frac{108}{0}$   
 $\$18,108 + 36 = \$503$   
102.  $36)\overline{\frac{408}{144688}}$   
 $\frac{144}{28}$   
 $\frac{0}{288}$   
 $\frac{288}{0}$   
 $\$14,688 + 36 = \$408$   
103. **a.**  $\$480,000 \div 6 = \$80,000$  per person  
**b.**  $\$480,000 \div 10 = \$48000\% \div 1\%$  per person  
 $= \$48000 \div 1$   
 $= \$48000 \div 1$   
 $= \$48000$   
**c.**  $\$80,000 - \$48,000 = \$32,000$  per person  
104. **a.**  $4)\overline{50000}$   
 $\frac{4}{10}$   
 $\frac{8}{20}$   
 $\frac{20}{00}$   
 $\frac{0}{0}$   
 $\$50,000 \div 4 = \$12,500$  per person  
**b.**  $\$50,000 \div 5 = \$10,000$  per person  
**c.**  $\$12,500 - \$10,000 = \$2,500$  per person

 $20,300 \div 7 = 2900$  depreciation per year.

**b.**  $$23,000 - ($2900 \cdot 3) = $14,300$ 

**108. a.** \$34,800 - \$8550 = \$26,250 depreciation in 7 years. 3750

$$7)\overline{26250}$$

$$21 \\
52 \\
49 \\
35 \\
35 \\
00 \\
-0 \\
\$26, 250 \div 7 = \$3750 \text{ depreciation per year.}$$
**b.**  $\$34,800 - (\$3750 \cdot 3) = \$23,550$ 

**109. a.** 
$$28)\overline{403}$$
  
 $28\overline{123}$   
 $112$   
 $11$   
 $403 \div 28 = 14 \text{ R} 11$   
So, 15 buses are needed.

**b.** Using a  $15^{\text{th}}$  bus means that there will be empty seats. There are 28 seats per bus and 11 leftover people. Thus, there will be 28 - 11 = 17 empty seats on the bus.

110. a. 
$$23\overline{\smash{\big)}286}$$
  
 $23\overline{\phantom{0}56}$   
 $46\overline{\phantom{0}10}$   
 $286 \div 23 = 12 \text{ R } 10$   
So, 13 buses are needed.

**b.** Using a  $13^{\text{th}}$  bus means that there will be empty seats. There are 23 seats per bus and 10 leftover people. Thus, there will be 23 - 10 = 13 empty seats on the bus.

111. a. Mean = 
$$\frac{86 + 84 + 78 + 72 + 50}{5} = \frac{370}{5} = 74$$
  
 $5\overline{\smash{\big)}370}$   
 $\frac{35}{20}$   
 $\underline{20}$   
b. C

c. Mean = 
$$\frac{86+84+78+72}{4} = \frac{320}{4} = 80$$
  
 $4\overline{\smash{\big)}320}$   
 $\underline{32}$   
 $00$   
 $\underline{0}$ 

The grade now would be B.

**d.** The mean score is pulled down enough to lower the final course grade by one letter.

112. a. Mean = 
$$\frac{98 + 94 + 92 + 80 + 56}{5} = \frac{420}{5} = 84$$
  
 $5)\frac{84}{420}$   
 $\frac{40}{20}$   
 $\frac{20}{0}$ 

**b.** B

c. Mean = 
$$\frac{98 + 94 + 92 + 80}{4} = \frac{364}{4} = 91$$
  
 $4\overline{\smash{\big)}364}$   
 $\frac{36}{04}$   
 $-\frac{4}{0}$ 

The grade now would be A.

**d.** The mean score is pulled down enough to lower the final course grade by one letter.

**113.** 
$$568,158 \div 97,814 \approx 600,000 \div 100,000$$
  
=  $600000 \div 1000000$   
=  $6 \div 1$   
=  $6$   
6 people per square mile

**114.** 
$$37,691,912 \div 158,633 \approx 38,000,000 \div 160,000$$
  
=  $3800\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset \div 16\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset$ 

$$= 3800 \div 16$$

There are approximately 237 or 238 people per square mile.

- 115. 122. Answers will vary.
- 123. makes sense

- **124.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: Any whole number divided by zero is undefined.
- **125.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: The remainder is always less than the divisor.
- **126.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: The mean must be between the highest and lowest score.
- **127.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: When 20 is divided by 5, the result is 4.
- **128.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: The quotient of any number and 1 is the number itself.
- 129. true
- 130. true
- **131.** The number of acres is missing.
- 132. The total number of bushels of wheat is missing.
- **133.** a.  $(12 \div 6) \div 2 = 2 \div 2 = 1$ 
  - **b.**  $12 \div (6 \div 2) = 12 \div 3 = 4$
  - **c.** No, the associative property cannot be applied to division because the answers are different.
- **134.** Answers will vary.
- 135. ten-thousands
- **136.** 23,753; twenty three thousand, seven hundred fifty-three

137.	8500
	- 796
	7704
138.	743
	×96
	4,458
	+66,870
	71,328
139.	$6^2 = 6 \cdot 6 = \underline{36}$
140.	$4^3 = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = \underline{64}$
141.	$2^5 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 32$

# **1.6 Check Points**

- **1. a.**  $5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 5^3$ ; five to the third power or five cubed
  - **b.**  $6 \cdot 6 = 6^2$ ; six to the second power or six squared
  - c.  $2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 2^6$ ; two to the sixth power
  - **d.**  $7 \cdot 7 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 7^2 \cdot 3^3$ ; seven to the second power times three to the third power or seven squared times three cubed
- **2. a.**  $6^2 = 6 \cdot 6 = 36$ 
  - **b.**  $2^3 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 8$
  - **c.**  $3^4 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 81$
  - **d.**  $2 \cdot 7^2 = 2 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 = 98$

3. 
$$20+4\cdot 3-17 = 20+12-17$$
  
=  $32-17$   
=  $15$   
4.  $20-8\cdot 4 \div 2 = 20-32 \div 2$   
=  $20-16$   
=  $4$ 

5. 
$$7^2 - 48 \div 2^4 = 49 - 48 \div 16$$
  
= 49 - 3  
= 46

- **6. a.**  $(3 \cdot 2)^2 = 6^2 = 36$ 
  - **b.**  $3 \cdot 2^2 = 3 \cdot 4 = 12$

7. 
$$(9-6)^4 + 4 \cdot 5^2 = 3^4 + 4 \cdot 5^2$$
  
=  $81 + 4 \cdot 25$   
=  $81 + 100$   
=  $181$   
8.  $4[3(11-6)+5] = 4[3(5)+5]$   
=  $4[15+5]$   
=  $4[20]$   
=  $80$ 

9. 
$$25 \div 5 + 3[4 + 2(9 - 7)^3] = 25 \div 5 + 3[4 + 2(2)^3]$$
  
=  $25 \div 5 + 3[4 + 2(8)]$   
=  $25 \div 5 + 3[4 + 16]$   
=  $25 \div 5 + 3[20]$   
=  $5 + 60$   
=  $65$ 

10. 
$$\frac{5(9-4)+10\cdot 3}{4^2-5} = \frac{5(5)+10\cdot 3}{16-5}$$
$$= \frac{25+30}{11}$$
$$= \frac{55}{11}$$
$$= 5$$

**11. a.** Males 19-30 are in Group 4  
Substitute 4 for *x*.  

$$590+998x-120x^2 = 590+998(4)-120(4)^2$$
  
 $= 590+3992-1920$   
 $= 2662$   
According to the model, males between the ages  
of 19 and 30 with this lifestyle need 2662  
calories per day.

**b.** This underestimates the actual value shown in the bar graph by 38 calories.

#### **1.6 Concept and Vocabulary Check**

- **1.**  $4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4$
- 2. base; exponent
- 3. multiply
- **4.** add
- 5. divide
- 6. subtract
- 7. multiply

# 1.6 Exercise Set

1.  $5 \cdot 5 = 5^2$ ; five to the second power or five squared

**2.**  $4 \cdot 4 = 4^2$ ; four to the second power or four squared

3.	$2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 2^3$ ; two to the third power or two cubed	24.	$17^1 = 17$
4.	$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = 4^3$ ; four to the third power or four cubed	25.	$3 \cdot 2^3 = 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 24$
5.	$3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 3^5$ ; three to the fifth power	26.	$3 \cdot 2^4 = 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 48$
6.	$6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 = 6^5$ ; six to the fifth power	27.	$5 \cdot 3^4 = 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 405$
7.	$9 \cdot 9 = 9^8$ ; nine to the eighth power	28.	$2 \cdot 3^4 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 162$
8.	$7 \cdot 7 = 7^8$ ; seven to the eighth power	29.	$7 + 6 \cdot 3 = 7 + 18$ = 25
9.	$10 \cdot 10 \cdot$	30.	$3+4\cdot 5 = 3+20$ $= 23$
10.	$10 \cdot 10 \cdot$	31.	$45 \div 5 \cdot 3 = 9 \cdot 3$ $= 27$
11.	$4 \cdot 4 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 4^2 \cdot 2^3$ ; four to the second power times	32.	$40 \div 4 \cdot 2 = 10 \cdot 2$ $= 20$
	two to the third power or four squared times two cubed	33.	$6 \cdot 8 \div 4 = 48 \div 4$
12.	$5 \cdot 5 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 = 5^2 \cdot 3^3$ ; five to the second power times three to the third power or five squared times three cubed	34.	$= 12$ $8 \cdot 6 \div 2 = 48 \div 2$ $= 24$
13.	$9^2 = 9 \cdot 9 = 81$	35.	$14 - 2 \cdot 6 + 3 = 14 - 12 + 3$
14.	$5^2 = 5 \cdot 5 = 25$		= 2 + 3 = 5
15.	$4^3 = 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 = 64$	36.	$36-12 \div 4 + 2 = 36-3+2$ = 33+2
16.	$5^3 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 125$		= 35 + 2 = 35
17.	$2^5 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 32$	37.	$4 \cdot 3^2 - 3 \cdot 2^2 = 4 \cdot 9 - 3 \cdot 4$
18.	$2^6 = 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 64$		= 36 - 12 = 24
19.	$1^7 = 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 \cdot 1 = 1$	38.	$5 \cdot 3^2 - 2 \cdot 4^2 = 5 \cdot 9 - 2 \cdot 16$
20.	$1^8 = 1 \cdot 1 = 1$		=45-32 =13
21.	$10^4 = 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 10,000$	39.	$(4\cdot 5)^2 - 4\cdot 5^2 = 20^2 - 4\cdot 5^2$
22.	$10^5 = 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 \cdot 10 = 100,000$		$= 400 - 4 \cdot 25$ = 400 - 100
23.	$15^1 = 15$		= 300

40. 
$$(3 \cdot 5)^2 - 3 \cdot 5^2 = 15^2 - 3 \cdot 5^2$$
  
 $= 225 - 3 \cdot 25$   
 $= 225 - 75$   
 $= 150$   
41.  $8^2 - 16 + 2^2 \cdot 4 - 3 = 64 - 16 + 4 \cdot 4 - 3$   
 $= 64 - 4 \cdot 4 - 3$   
 $= 64 - 16 - 3$   
 $= 45$   
42.  $10^2 - 100 + 5^2 \cdot 2 - 1 = 100 - 100 + 25 \cdot 2 - 1$   
 $= 100 - 4 \cdot 2 - 1$   
 $= 100 - 8 - 1$   
 $= 91$   
43.  $(6 - 2)^2 - (7 - 3)^2 = 4^2 - 4^2$   
 $= 16 - 16$   
 $= 0$   
44.  $(8 - 3)^2 - (11 - 6)^2 = 5^2 - 5^2$   
 $= 25 - 25$   
 $= 0$   
45.  $3(5 - 3)^3 - 2(7 - 6)^5 = 3(2)^3 - 2(1)^5$   
 $= 3 \cdot 8 - 2 \cdot 1$   
 $= 24 - 2$   
 $= 22$   
46.  $4(7 - 5)^3 - 4(9 - 8)^6 = 4(2)^3 - 4(1)^6$   
 $= 4 \cdot 8 - 4 \cdot 1$   
 $= 32 - 4$   
 $= 28$   
47.  $[2(6 - 2)]^2 = [2(4)]^2$   
 $= [8]^2$   
 $= 64$   
48.  $[3(6 - 4)]^2 = [3(2)]^2$   
 $= [6]^2$   
 $= 36$ 

49. 
$$2[5+2(9-4)] = 2[5+2(5)]$$
  
  $= 2[5]$   
  $= 30$   
50.  $3[4+3(10-8)] = 3[4+3(2)]$   
  $= 3[10]$   
  $= 30$   
51.  $3^{4} - [28 - (13 - 7)] = 3^{4} - [28 - 6]$   
  $= 3^{4} - 22$   
  $= 81 - 22$   
  $= 59$   
52.  $4^{3} - [58 - (15 - 7)] = 4^{3} - [58 - 8]$   
  $= 4^{3} - 50$   
  $= 64 - 50$   
  $= 14$   
53.  $5 \cdot [2^{2} + (8 - 3) \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 6 = 5 \cdot [4 + (8 - 3) \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 6$   
  $= 5 \cdot [4 + 5 \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 6$   
  $= 5 \cdot [4 + 10] - 10 \cdot 6$   
  $= 5 \cdot 14 - 10 \cdot 6$   
  $= 70 - 60$   
  $= 10$   
54.  $4[3^{2} + (6 - 1) \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 3 = 4[9 + (6 - 1) \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 3$   
  $= 4[9 + 5 \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 3$   
  $= 4[9 + 5 \cdot 2] - 10 \cdot 3$   
  $= 4[9 + 10] - 10 \cdot 3$   
  $= 4[9 + 10] - 10 \cdot 3$   
  $= 4(9 + 10 - 10 \cdot 3)$   
  $= 76 - 30$   
  $= 46$   
55.  $\frac{(18 + 32) + 5}{48 + 2 - 11 \cdot 2} = \frac{50 + 5}{48 + 2 - 11 \cdot 2}$   
  $= \frac{10}{24 - 22}$   
  $= \frac{10}{2}$   
  $= 5$ 

56. 
$$\frac{(9-7)(12+18)}{144+(100-76)} = \frac{(2)(30)}{144+24}$$
$$= \frac{60}{6}$$
$$= 10$$
  
57. 
$$\frac{23+(17-14)^3}{135-5^3} = \frac{23+3^3}{135-5^3}$$
$$= \frac{23+27}{135-125}$$
$$= \frac{50}{10}$$
$$= 5$$
  
58. 
$$\frac{5^2-(8-6)^3+1^6}{[40-(9-3)]-2^5} = \frac{5^2-2^3+1^6}{34-2^5}$$
$$= \frac{25-8+1}{34-2^5}$$
$$= \frac{25-8+1}{34-32}$$
$$= \frac{18}{2}$$
$$= 9$$
  
59. 
$$\frac{3^2-2\cdot3+7}{5(4-3)} + 42+3(8-4) + 5^2 = \frac{9-2\cdot3+7}{5(1)} + 42+3(4) + 5^2$$
$$= \frac{9-6+7}{5} + 42+3(4) + 5^2$$
$$= \frac{9-6+7}{5} + 42+3(4) + 25$$
$$= 2+42+12+25$$
$$= 81$$
  
60. 
$$\frac{5\cdot2^4+5-1^3}{2(7-6)} + 18-6\cdot2 + (4+2)^2 = \frac{5\cdot16+5-1}{2(1)} + 18-6\cdot2 + (6)^2$$
$$= \frac{84}{2} + 18-6\cdot2 + 36$$
$$= 42+18-12+36$$
$$= 84$$

**61.**  $10 - 2^3 = 10 - 8$ = 2

62. 
$$200-5^{3} = 200-125$$
  
 $= 75$   
63.  $\frac{5^{2}+7}{2^{3}\cdot4} = \frac{25+7}{8\cdot4}$   
 $= \frac{32}{32}$   
 $= 1$   
64.  $\frac{18+6}{2^{4}-2^{2}} = \frac{18+6}{16-4}$   
 $= \frac{24}{12}$   
 $= 2$   
65.  $3\cdot2^{3} - \frac{100}{10} = 3\cdot8-10$   
 $= 24-10$   
 $= 14$   
66.  $(5+3)^{2} + \frac{20}{5} = 8^{2} + 4$   
 $= 64+4$   
 $= 68$   
67.  $[2(10-7)]^{2} = [2(3)]^{2}$   
 $= 6^{2}$   
 $= 36$   
68.  $[2(11-9)]^{4} = [2(2)]^{4}$   
 $= 4^{4}$   
 $= 256$ 

69. a. Females between the ages of 19 and 30 are in group 4; let x = 4.  $620+654x-82x^2 = 620+654(4)-82(4)^2$ = 620+2616-1312= 1924

They will need 1924 calories.

**b.** underestimates by 76 calories

- 70. a. Males between the ages of 19 and 30 are in group 4; let x = 4.  $660 + 802x - 96x^2 = 660 + 802(4) - 96(4)^2$ = 660 + 3208 - 1536= 2332They will need 2332 calories. **b.** underestimates by 68 calories **71. a.**  $s^2 = 10^2 = 100$  square feet **b.**  $100 \cdot \$15 = \$1500$ c.  $100 \cdot \$12 = \$1200$ **d.** \$1500 - \$1200 = \$300**72. a.**  $s^2 = 20^2 = 400$  square feet **b.**  $400 \cdot \$16 = \$6400$ c.  $400 \cdot \$13 = \$5200$ **d.** \$6400 - \$5200 = \$120073. – 75. Answers will vary. 76. makes sense
- 77. does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation:  $10^4 = 10,000$ .
- **78.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: One to any power equals one.
- 79. makes sense
- **80.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is:  $14 \div 7 \cdot 2 = 2 \cdot 2 = 4$ .
- **81.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is:  $3^5 = 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3$ .
- 82. false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is:  $5 \cdot 2^2 = 5 \cdot 4 = 20$ .
- 83. false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is:  $\frac{15+13}{9-2} < \frac{3^2+5-2^2}{10 \div 5}$ .
- **84.**  $3 \cdot (6-2) + 8 = 3 \cdot 4 + 8 = 12 + 8 = 20$
- **85.**  $(2 \cdot 3 + 3) \cdot 5 = (6 + 3) \cdot 5 = 9 \cdot 5 = 45$

**86.** Answer will vary.

- **87.**  $412 \times 58 \approx 400 \times 60 = 24,000$
- **88.**  $412 \times 58 = 23,896$  Yes this answer seems reasonable.

89. 
$$22)\overline{)11712}$$
  
 $110$   
 $71$   
 $66$   
 $52$   
 $44$   
 $8$   
 $11,712 \div 22 = 532 \text{ R 8}$   
90. a.  $5x + 3 = 5(4) + 3$   
 $= 20 + 3$   
 $= 23$   
b.  $5(x+3) = 5(4+3)$   
 $= 5(7)$   
 $= 35$ 

**92.** 
$$\frac{18}{6} + 5 = 3 + 5 = 8$$

**91.** 2(8) - 6 = 16 - 6 = 10

#### **1.7 Check Points**

**1. a.** We begin by substituting 10 for *x*. Then we follow the order of operations: Multiply first, and then add.

6 + 2x = 6 + 2(10)= 6 + 20 = 26

**b.** We begin by substituting 10 for *x*. Then we follow the order of operations: Parentheses first, and then multiply.

$$2(x+6) = 2(10+6) = 2(16) = 32$$

2. a. 
$$7x + 2y = 7(3) + 2(8)$$
  
= 21+16  
= 37

**b.** 
$$\frac{6x - y}{2y - x - 8} = \frac{6(3) - 8}{2(8) - 3 - 8}$$
$$= \frac{18 - 8}{16 - 3 - 8}$$
$$= \frac{10}{5}$$
$$= 2$$

- **3.** a. The algebraic expression for "the product of 6 and a number" is  $6 \cdot x$  or 6x.
  - **b.** The algebraic expression for "a number added to 4" is 4 + x.
  - **c.** The algebraic expression for "three times a number, increased by 5" is 3x+5.
  - **d.** The algebraic expression for "twice a number subtracted from 12" is 12-2x.
  - e. The algebraic expression for "the quotient of 15 and a number" is  $\frac{15}{r}$ .
- 4. a. To determine whether 6 is a solution, substitute 6 for x. 9x - 3 - 42

$$9x-3 = 42$$
  
 $9(6)-3 = 42$   
 $54-3 = 42$   
 $51 \neq 42$ 

Because the values on both sides of the equation are not the same, the number 6 is not a solution of the equation.

**b.** To determine whether 3 is a solution, substitute 3 for *y*.

$$2(y+3) = 5y-3$$
  

$$2(3+3) = 5(3)-3$$
  

$$2(6) = 15-3$$
  

$$12 = 12$$

Because the values on both sides of the equation are the same, the number 3 is a solution of the equation.

5. a. The equation for "the quotient of a number and 6

is 5" is 
$$\frac{x}{6} = 5$$
.

**b.** The equation for "seven decreased by twice a number yields 1" is 7-2x = 1.

6.

7.

a. 
$$P = 2l + 2w$$
  
 $P = 2(10) + 2(3)$   
 $P = 20 + 6$   
 $P = 26$   
The perimeter of the rectangle is 26 inches.  
b.  $A = lw$   
 $A = (10)(3)$   
 $A = 30$   
The area of the rectangle is 30 square inches.  
a. Because 2010 is 10 years after 2000, we  
substitute 10 for *x* in the given formula. Then we  
use the order of operations to find *T*, the average  
cost of tuition and fees for the school year  
ending in 2010.  
 $T = 6x^2 + 319x + 3234$   
 $T = 6(10)^2 + 319(10) + 3234$   
 $T = 6(100) + 319(10) + 3234$   
 $T = 7024$   
The formula indicates that for the school year  
ending in 2014, the average cost of tuition and  
fees at public U.S. colleges was \$7024.

**b.** The actual cost shown in the figure is \$7020. Using subtraction: 7024 - 7020 = 4, the mathematical model overestimates the actual cost by \$4.

#### 1.7 Concept and Vocabulary Check

- 1. variable
- 2. expression
- 3. substituting; evaluating
- 4. equation; solution
- 5. formula
- 6. modeling; models

#### 1.7 Exercise Set

- 1. x + 8 = 4 + 8 = 12
- **2.** x + 10 = 4 + 10 = 14

- 3. 12 x = 12 4 = 8**4.** 16 - x = 16 - 4 = 125.  $5x = 5 \cdot 4 = 20$ 6.  $6x = 6 \cdot 4 = 24$ 7.  $\frac{28}{r} = \frac{28}{4} = 7$ 8.  $\frac{36}{r} = \frac{36}{4} = 9$ 9.  $5+3x=5+3\cdot 4=5+12=17$ **0.**  $3+5x = 3+5 \cdot 4 = 3+20 = 23$ 1. 2(x+5) = 2(4+5) = 2(9) = 18**2.** 5(x+3) = 5(4+3) = 5(7) = 3513.  $\frac{12x-8}{2x} = \frac{12 \cdot 4 - 8}{2 \cdot 4} = \frac{48-8}{8} = \frac{40}{8} = 5$ 14.  $\frac{5x+52}{3x} = \frac{5\cdot 4+52}{3\cdot 4} = \frac{20+52}{12} = \frac{72}{12} = 6$ **15.**  $2x + y = 2 \cdot 7 + 5 = 14 + 5 = 19$ **16.**  $3x + y = 3 \cdot 7 + 5 = 21 + 5 = 26$ 17. 2(x + y) = 2(7 + 5) = 2(12) = 24**18.** 3(x + y) = 3(7 + 5) = 3(12) = 36**19.**  $4x - 3y = 4 \cdot 7 - 3 \cdot 5 = 28 - 15 = 13$ **20.**  $5x - 4y = 5 \cdot 7 - 4 \cdot 5 = 35 - 20 = 15$ **21.**  $\frac{21}{x} + \frac{35}{y} = \frac{21}{7} + \frac{35}{5} = 3 + 7 = 10$ **22.**  $\frac{50}{v} - \frac{14}{x} = \frac{50}{5} - \frac{14}{7} = 10 - 2 = 8$ 
  - 23.  $\frac{2x-y+6}{2y-x} = \frac{2 \cdot 7 5 + 6}{2 \cdot 5 7} = \frac{14 5 + 6}{10 7} = \frac{15}{3} = 5$
  - **24.**  $\frac{2y x + 24}{2x y} = \frac{2 \cdot 5 7 + 24}{2 \cdot 7 5} = \frac{10 7 + 24}{14 5} = \frac{27}{9} = 3$

**25.** x + 4**26.** x + 6**27.** x - 4**28.** *x*-6 **29.** x + 4**30.** x + 6**31.** *x*-9 47. **32.** *x*-3 **33.** 9-x**34.** 3-*x* **35.** 3*x*-5 **36.** 5*x*−3 **37.** 12*x*-1 **38.** 13*x*-3 **39.**  $\frac{10}{x} + \frac{x}{10}$ **40.**  $\frac{20}{x} + \frac{x}{20}$ **41.**  $\frac{x}{30} + 6$ **42.**  $\frac{30}{x} + 4$ **43.** x + 14 = 206 + 14 = 2020 = 20, true The number is a solution. **44.** x + 17 = 225 + 17 = 2222 = 22, true The number is a solution.

**45.** 30 - y = 1030 - 20 = 1010 = 10, true The number is a solution. **46.** 50 - y = 2050 - 30 = 2020 = 20, true The number is a solution. 4z = 204(10) = 2040 = 20, false The number is not a solution. **48.** 5z = 305(8) = 3040 = 30, false The number is not a solution. **49.**  $\frac{r}{6} = 8$  $\frac{48}{6} = 8$ 8 = 8, true The number is a solution. **50.**  $\frac{r}{9} = 7$  $\frac{63}{9} = 7$ 7 = 7, true The number is a solution. **51.** 4m + 3 = 234(6) + 3 = 2324 + 3 = 2327 = 23, false The number is not a solution. **52.** 3m + 4 = 193(6) + 4 = 1918 + 4 = 1922 = 19, false

The number is not a solution.

53.	5a - 4 = 2a + 5 5(3) - 4 = 2(3) + 5	62.	$\frac{x}{9} = 3$
	3(3) = 4 = 2(3) + 3 15 - 4 = 6 + 5 11 = 11 true	63.	20 - x = 5
	The number is a solution.	64.	40 - x = 10
54.	5a - 3 = 2a + 6	65.	2x + 6 = 16
	5(3) - 3 = 2(3) + 6 $15 - 3 = 6 + 6$	66.	2x + 9 = 29
	12 = 12, true	67.	3x - 5 = 7
	The number is a solution.	68.	4x - 3 = 29
55.	6(p-4) = 3p 6(8-4) = 3(8)	69.	4x + 5 = 33
	6(4) = 24	70.	6x + 3 = 33
	24 = 24, true The number is a solution.	71.	4(x+5) = 33
56.	4(p+3) = 6p	72.	6(x+3) = 33
	4(6+3) = 6(6) $4(0) = 36$	73.	5x = 24 - x
	36 = 36, true	74.	4x = 25 - x
	The number is a solution.	75.	First find <i>x</i> .
57.	2(w+1) = 3(w-1)		x = 7y + 2 x = 7(5) + 2 = 37
	2(7+1) = 3(7-1) 2(8) = 2(6)		x = 7(3) + 2 = 37 Evaluate the expression.
	2(6) = 5(0) 16 = 18 false		$\frac{x-y}{2} = \frac{37-5}{2} = \frac{32}{2} = 8$
	The number is not a solution.		4 4 4
58.	3(w+2) = 4(w-3)	76.	First find x. x = 5y + 2
	3(10+2) = 4(10-3)		x = 5(4) + 2 = 22
	3(12) = 4(7)		Evaluate the expression.
	36 = 28, false		$\frac{x-y}{2} = \frac{22-4}{2} = \frac{18}{2} = 6$
	The number is not a solution.		3 3 3
59.	4x = 28	77.	First find <i>x</i> .
60.	5x = 35		$x = \frac{y}{4} - 1$

**61.** 
$$\frac{14}{x} = 2$$

 $x = \frac{12}{4} - 1 = 3 - 1 = 2$ 

Evaluate the expression. 4x+3(y+5) = 4(2)+3(12+5) = 8+3(17) = 8+51= 59

**78.** First find *x*.  $x = \frac{y}{2} - 1$  $x = \frac{15}{3} - 1 = 5 - 1 = 4$ Evaluate the expression. 3x + 4(y + 6) = 3(4) + 4(15 + 6)=12+4(21)=12+84= 96**79.** a.  $2(x+3y) = 2(4+3\cdot 1) = 2(7) = 14$ b. 5z - 30 = 405(14) - 30 = 4070 - 30 = 4040 = 40. true Yes, it is a solution. **80.** a.  $3(2x + y) = 3(2 \cdot 1 + 5) = 3(7) = 21$ 4z - 30 = 54b. 4(21) - 30 = 5484 - 30 = 5454 = 54, true Yes, it is a solution. 81. a.  $H = \frac{4(200 - A)}{5}$  $H = \frac{4(200 - 145)}{5}$  $H = \frac{4(55)}{5}$  $H = \frac{220}{5}$ H = 44**b.** 120 + 44 = 16482. a.  $H = \frac{4(200 - A)}{5}$  $H = \frac{4(200 - 165)}{5}$  $H = \frac{4(35)}{5}$  $H = \frac{140}{5}$ H = 28**b.** 140 + 28 = 168

83.  $h = 4 + 60t - 16t^2$  $h = 4 + 60(2) - 16(2)^2$ h = 4 + 120 - 64h = 6060 feet 84.  $h = 4 + 60t - 16t^2$  $h = 4 + 60(3) - 16(3)^2$ h = 4 + 180 - 144h = 4040 feet **85. a.**  $T = 21x^2 + 862x + 15,552$  $T = 21(10)^2 + 862(10) + 15,552$ T = 2100 + 8620 + 15,552T = 26.272\$26,272 tuition in 2010 **b.** underestimates by \$1 c.  $T = 21x^2 + 862x + 15.552$  $T = 21(20)^2 + 862(20) + 15,552$ T = 8400 + 17,240 + 15,552T = 41,192\$41,192 tuition in 2020 **86.** a.  $T = 21x^2 + 862x + 15.552$  $T = 21(14)^2 + 862(14) + 15,552$ T = 4116 + 12,068 + 15,552T = 31,736\$31,736 tuition in 2014 **b.** overestimates by \$35 c.  $T = 21x^2 + 862x + 15.552$  $T = 21(22)^2 + 862(22) + 15,552$ T = 10,164 + 18,964 + 15,552T = 44.680\$44,680 tuition in 2022 87. – 96. Answers will vary.

**97.** does not make sense; Explanations will vary. Sample explanation: Equations have solutions, not expressions.

- 98. makes sense
- 99. makes sense
- 100. makes sense
- 101. true
- **102.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: Only equations contain the equality symbol, =.
- 103. true
- **104.** false; Changes to make the statement true will vary. A sample change is: The algebraic expression for "the quotient of a number and 6" is not the same as the algebraic expression for "the quotient of 6 and a number."
- **105.** eight billion, seventy-five million, three hundred twenty-one thousand, six



- **107.**  $\frac{3}{3} = \frac{3}{3} = 82$ **108.** 3
- **109.** 0
- **110.** -2

#### **Chapter 1 Review Exercises**

Note that exercises #1 - 6 use the following table:

Millions Period			Thousands Period			F	Ones Perio	s d
IJundred Millions	Tcn Millions	Millions	Hundred Thousands	Ten Thousands	Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Oncs

- 1. hundred-thousands
- 2. ten-millions
- 3. nine thousand, five hundred seventy
- **4.** seventy-eight million, three hundred thousand, one hundred fifty
- 5. The standard form is 64,005.
- **6.** The standard form is 35,042,106.
- 7. The expanded form is 4000 + 200 + 60 + 7.
- 8. The expanded form is 40,000,000 + 3,000,000 + 200,000 + 20,000 + 60.
- **9.** 0 < 17 because 0 is to the left of 17 on the number line.
- 10. 23 > 17 because 23 is to the right of 17 on the number line.
- 11. 847 rounded to the nearest ten is 850.
- 12. 356,294 rounded to the nearest thousand is 356,000.
- **13.** 65,599 rounded to the nearest ten-thousand is 70,000.
- **14.** 359,863,217 rounded to the nearest million is 360,000,000.
- 15. English and Arabic
- 16. 223,000,000; two hundred twenty-three million
- 17. Hindi; 4 countries
- 18. 406,000,000
- **19.** Chinese; 1,197,000,000; one billion, one hundred ninety-seven million

20.	35		100 200
	+42	31.	$86 + 7 + 14 + 193 = \overline{86 + 14} + \overline{7 + 193}$
	77		=100+200
			= 300
21.	29	37	23 976 + 234 - 24 210
	+56	52.	23,970+234-24,210
	85	33.	12,715+796=13,511
22.	3407	34.	82+2657+231=2970
	+2695	25	26.5.4
	6102	35.	36 feet
23	8/3		36 feet
23.	326		
	+ 802		+41 leet
	2061		138 feet The perimeter is 138 feet
	2001		The permitter is 156 feet.
24.	804,325	36.	16 yards
	19,207		10 yards
	+ 6,003		+ 9 yards
	829,535		35 yards
~-			The perimeter is 35 yards.
25.	Exact Estimate	37.	48 inches
	$39 \approx 40$	011	96 inches
	$18 \approx 20$		48 inches
	$\frac{+51}{-10} \approx \frac{+50}{-110}$		+ 96 inches
	110		288 inches
26.	Exact Estimate		The perimeter is 288 inches.
	6893 ≈ 6900	20	22
	537 ≈ 500	38.	33
	$+ 1784 \approx + 1800$		51
	9200		4
			+ 50
27.	associative property of addition		<u>+ 52</u> 228
28.	identity property of addition		The world's top-five languages are spoken in 228
20	commutative property of addition		countries.
29.	commutative property of addition	39.	467
•	$\frac{20}{10}$		- 52
30.	11+8+9+2=11+9+8+2		415
	= 20 + 10	_	
	= 30	40.	83
			<u>- 59</u>
			24

41.	826	60.	associative property of multiplication
	- 297	61	62
	529	01.	02 × 4
			<u>^ 4</u>
42.	7000		248
	<u> </u>	62.	46
	6954		× 9
43.	8203		414
	- 2479	0	840
	5724	03.	849
			<u>× 3</u>
44.	$5913 - 5271 \approx 5900 - 5300$		4245
	= 600	64.	97
45.	29,673-14,218 ≈ 30,000-14,000		×63
	=16.000		291
	10,000		+ 5820
46.	103 - 79 = 24		6111
47.	29,006-5394 = 23,612	65.	37.1000 = 37,000
10	640 226 - 422	66	705
40.	049-220-425	000	× 26
49.	4300 - 31 = 4269		4230
50	15(5, 2(0, 1205		+14100
50.	1565 - 360 = 1205		18,330
51.	1326 - (133 + 101 + 39) = 1326 - 273	67	3275
	=1053	07.	× 87
			22925
52.	74,608		+ 262000
	- 40,500		284.925
	34,108		
	There were 34,108 more pages in 2014 than in	68.	$63 \cdot 48 \cdot 0 = 0$
	1995.	69	743
53.	2005	0).	×126
			4458
54.	2012		14860
55	12  3 = 0		+ 74300
55.	There were 9 more hurricanes in 2010 than 2009.		93,618
56.	12-7=5	70.	3025
- 01	There were 5 less hurricanes in 2010 than 2011.		×401
_			3025
57.	2008		+121000
58.	commutative property of multiplication		1,213,025
59.	distributive property		

- 71.  $8 \times 3 = 24$ Attach 2+3, or 5 zeros to 24.  $800 \cdot 3000 = 2,400,000$
- 72.  $438 \times 230$

 $\frac{13140}{+\,87600}\\ \frac{+\,87600}{100,740}$ 

- **73.** 3×15 = 45 Attach 3+3, or 6 zeros to 45. 3000 ⋅ 15, 000 = 45,000,000
- **74.**  $73 \times 38 \approx 70 \times 40$ = 2800
- **75.**  $479 \times 72 \approx 500 \times 70$ = 35,000
- **76.**  $(517)(652) \approx 500 \times 700$ = 35,000
- **77.**  $73 \cdot 12 = 876$
- **78.**  $688 \cdot 0 = 0$
- **79.**  $6 \cdot 740 = 4440$
- **80.** 2(129) = 258
- **81.** 3(908) = 2724
- 82. 12  $\times \frac{5}{60}$ The area is 60 square feet.

**83.** 25  $\times 25$ 125+ 500

The area is 625 square inches.

84. Total cost =  $23 \cdot 115$  +  $17 \cdot 86$ = 2645 + 1462= 4107The total cost is \$4107.

**85.** a. Cost if using monthly payments =  $12 \cdot 84$ =1008The total cost under the installment plan is\$1008. **b.** Savings: 1008 -925 83 Paying the total amount at the time of the purchase will save \$83. 86. 18  $\times 11$ 18 +180198 The area of the floor is 198 square feet. 198  $\times$  10 1980 The cost of the carpeting is \$1980. **87.**  $24 \div 6 = 4$  because  $4 \cdot 6 = 24$ . **88.**  $\frac{42}{7} = 6$  because  $6 \cdot 7 = 42$ . **89.**  $28 \div 1 = 28$  because  $28 \cdot 1 = 28$ . **90.**  $9\overline{)9}$  because  $1 \cdot 9 = 9$ . **91.**  $0 \div 8 = 0$  because  $0 \cdot 8 = 0$ . **92.**  $9 \div 0 =$  undefined **93.**  $5) \frac{47}{235} \frac{20}{35} \frac{35}{0}$ **94.**  $8)\overline{589}$  $\underline{56}$ 29

24



2614
307)802538
614
1885
1842
433
307
1268
1228
40
802,538÷307 = 2614 R 40

- **103.**  $\frac{36,000}{400} = \frac{36000}{400} = \frac{360}{4} = 90$
- **104.** 18,000,000 ÷ 3000 = 18000 $\emptyset$   $\emptyset$  ÷ 3 $\emptyset$   $\emptyset$  = 18000 ÷ 3 = 6000
- **105.**  $1508 \div 29 \approx 1500 \div 30 = 150\% \div 3\% = 150 \div 3 = 50$
- **106.**  $24,762 \div 47 \approx 25,000 \div 50 = 2500\% \div 5\% = 2500 \div 5 = 500$
- **107.**  $83,509 \div 407 \approx 84,000 \div 400 = 840\% \div 4\% = 840 \div 4 = 210$

108.	<u>735</u> 7	$   \begin{array}{r}     105 \\     7)735 \\     \overline{7} \\     \overline{03} \\     \underline{0} \\     \overline{35} \\     \underline{35} \\     \overline{0}   \end{array} $
109.	459÷9	$9\overline{\smash{\big)}459}$ $\underline{45}$ $09$ $\underline{45}$ $09$ $\underline{9}$ $0$
110.	798÷21	$ \begin{array}{r} 38\\21\overline{\smash{\big)}798}\\ \underline{63}\\1\overline{68}\\\underline{168}\\\underline{168}\\0\end{array} $



The mean score for the four tests is 83.

112. Mean =  $\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}} = \frac{42 + 79 + 87 + 91 + 96}{5} = \frac{395}{5}$   $5)\overline{395}$   $\frac{35}{45}$  $\frac{45}{0}$ 

The mean score for the five tests is 79.

**113.** 
$$36)\overline{)25272}$$
  
 $\underline{252}$   
 $07$   
 $\underline{0}$   
 $72$   
 $\underline{72}$   
 $0$ 

Each monthly payment will be \$702.

3600 **114. a.** 5)18000<u>15</u> 30 30 00 0 00 \_0 0  $18,000 \div 5 = 3600$  per person 2250 **b.** 8)18000 16 20 16 40 40 00 0 0  $18,000 \div 8 = 2250$  per person

**c.** \$3600 - \$2250 = \$1350 per person

**115.** a. 46)802 $\frac{46}{342}$  $\frac{322}{20}$  $802 \div 46 = 17 \text{ R } 20$ 

So, 18 buses are needed.

**b.** Using an  $18^{\text{th}}$  bus means that there will be empty seats. There are 46 seats per bus and 20 leftover people. Thus, there will be 46 - 20 = 26 empty seats on the bus.

**116.**  $7^2 = 7 \cdot 7 = 49$ 

**117.**  $5^3 = 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 = 125$ 

- **118.**  $3 \cdot 2^4 = 3 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 2 = 48$
- **119.**  $40 \div 5 \cdot 2 = 8 \cdot 2$ = 16

**120.**  $6+2\cdot 5=6+10$ = 16

**121.**  $2 \cdot 5^2 - 4 \cdot 3^2 = 2 \cdot 25 - 4 \cdot 9$ = 50 - 36 = 14

**122.** 
$$(2 \cdot 3)^2 - 2 \cdot 3^2 = 6^2 - 2 \cdot 3^2$$
  
= 36 - 2 \cdot 9  
= 36 - 18  
= 18

123. 
$$28 \div (4^2 - 2) = 28 \div (16 - 2)$$
  
=  $28 \div 14$   
=  $2$   
124.  $36 - 24 \div 4 \cdot 3 - 1 = 36 - 6 \cdot 3 - 1$   
=  $36 - 18 - 1$   
=  $17$   
125.  $4[6 + 2(11 - 6)] = 4[6 + 2(5)]$ 

= 64

$$= 18$$

$$28 \div (16 - 2)$$

$$28 \div 14$$

$$2$$

$$1 = 36 - 6 \cdot 3 - 1$$

$$= 36 - 18 - 1$$

$$= 17$$

$$|= 4[6 + 2(5)]$$

$$= 4[6 + 10]$$

$$= 4[16]$$

126. 
$$3(7-5)^3 - 2(8-7)^4 = 3(2)^3 - 2(1)^4$$
  
 $= 3 \cdot 8 - 2 \cdot 1$   
 $= 24 - 2$   
 $= 22$   
127.  $\frac{6(10-3)}{2 \cdot 15 - 9 \cdot 3} = \frac{6(7)}{2 \cdot 15 - 9 \cdot 3}$   
 $= \frac{42}{30 - 27}$   
 $= \frac{42}{3}$   
 $= 14$   
128.  $\frac{2(5^2 - 10) + 10(4 - 1)}{2^3 + 4} = \frac{2(25 - 10) + 10(4 - 1)}{2^3 + 4}$   
 $= \frac{2(15) + 10(3)}{8 + 4}$   
 $= \frac{60}{12}$   
 $= 5$   
129.  $10 + 5x = 10 + 5 \cdot 6 = 10 + 30 = 40$   
130.  $8(x-2) + 3x = 8(6-2) + 3 \cdot 6$   
 $= 8(4) + 18$   
 $= 32 + 18$   
 $= 50$   
131.  $\frac{40}{x} - \frac{y}{5} = \frac{40}{8} - \frac{10}{5} = 5 - 2 = 3$   
132.  $3(2y + x) = 3(2 \cdot 10 + 8) = 3(28) = 84$   
133.  $7x - 6$   
134.  $\frac{x}{5} - 2 = 18$   
135.  $9 - 2x = 14$   
136.  $3(x+7)$   
137.  $4x + 5 = 13$   
 $12 + 5 = 13$   
 $12 + 5 = 13$   
 $17 = 13$ , false

The number is not a solution.

**138.** 
$$2y+7 = 4y-5$$
  
 $2(6)+7 = 4(6)-5$   
 $12+7 = 24-5$   
 $19 = 19$ , true  
The number is a solution.  
**139.**  $3(w+1)+11 = 2(w+8)$ 

$$3(2+1)+11 = 2(2+8)$$
  
 $3 \cdot 3 + 11 = 2 \cdot 10$   
 $9+11 = 20$   
 $20 = 20$ , true  
The number is a solution.

140. a. 
$$C = \frac{400x + 500,000}{x}$$
  
 $C = \frac{400(10,000) + 500,000}{10,000}$   
 $C = \frac{4,000,000 + 500,000}{10,000}$   
 $C = \frac{4,500,000}{10,000}$   
 $C = 450$   
To manufacture 10,000 bikes per month the average cost per bike is \$450.

**b.** 
$$C = \frac{400(x + 500,000)}{x}$$
$$C = \frac{400(50,000) + 500,000}{50,000}$$
$$C = \frac{20,000,000 + 500,000}{50,000}$$
$$C = \frac{20,500,000}{50,000}$$
$$C = 410$$

To manufacture 50,000 bikes per month the average cost per bike is \$410.

c. 
$$C = \frac{400x + 500,000}{x}$$
  
 $C = \frac{400(100,000) + 500,000}{100,000}$   
 $C = \frac{40,000,000 + 500,000}{100,000}$   
 $C = \frac{40,500,000}{100,000}$   
 $C = 405$   
To manufacture 100,000 bikes per month the average cost per bike is \$405.

**d.** The average cost decreases.

 $I = 65,482 + 4002x - 312x^{2}$   $I = 65,482 + 4002(0) - 312(0)^{2}$  I = 65,482 + 0 + 0 I = 65,482Formula 1 describes the median income for Asians.

Formula 2  $I = 54,403 + 2771x - 213x^2$   $I = 54,403 + 2771(0) - 213(0)^2$  I = 54,403 + 0 + 0 I = 54,403Formula 2 describes the median income for white, non-Hispanics.

**b.**  $I = 54,403 + 2771x - 213x^2$ 

 $I = 54,403 + 2771(10) - 213(10)^{2}$  I = 54,403 + 27,710 - 21,300 I = 60,813The median household income is \$60,813.

**c.** underestimates by \$18

#### **Chapter 1 Test**

- 1. sixty-two thousand, eight hundred seventy-five
- 2. 23,502,439
- **3.** 74,000
- 4. distributive property

5.	893 +58 951	13.	$(2 \cdot 5)^2 - 2 \cdot 5^2 = 10^2 - 2 \cdot 5^2$ = 100 - 2 \cdot 25 = 100 - 50
6.	$\frac{625}{-297}$ 328	14.	$= 50$ $\frac{3\left[\left(7-5\right)^{2}+\left(20-18\right)^{3}\right]}{2} = \frac{3\left[2^{2}+2^{3}\right]}{2}$
7.	$ \begin{array}{r} 491 \\ \times 36 \\ 2946 \\ +14730 \\ \overline{17,676} \end{array} $		$5^{2} - 13 \qquad 5^{2} - 13 \\ = \frac{3[4+8]}{25-13} \\ = \frac{3[12]}{25-13} \\ = \frac{36}{25-13}$
8.	$5 \times 9 = 45$ Attach 2+3, or 5 zeros to 45. $500 \cdot 9000 = 4,500,000$		$=\frac{33}{12}$ $=3$
9.	$   \begin{array}{r} 536 \\ 7)3757 \\ 35 \end{array} $	15.	$\frac{307}{+\ 21}$ $\frac{328}{328}$
	$ \begin{array}{r} \overline{25} \\ \underline{21} \\ 47 \\ \underline{42} \\ 5 \end{array} $	16.	$ \frac{800}{-563} $ 237
10	$3757 \div 7 = 536 \text{ R} 5$ $27\sqrt{2441}$	17.	$\frac{14}{\times 206}$
10.	37)3441 333 111 111 0	18.	$\frac{+2800}{2884}$ 80,000 ÷ 200 = 80000 ÷ 200 = 800 ÷ 2 = 400
11.	$60 \div 10 \cdot 2 = 6 \cdot 2$ $= 12$	19.	$2^{3} \cdot 4 - 5 = 8 \cdot 4 - 5$
12.	$35-20 \div 5 \cdot 3 - 1 = 35 - 4 \cdot 3 - 1$ = 35 - 12 - 1 = 22	20.	= 32 - 3 = 27 $5874 + 1142 + 459 \approx 5900 + 1100 + 500$ = 7500

**21.**  $24,809 \div 407 \approx 24,800 \div 400 = 248\% = 248 \div 4 = 62$ 

22. Perimeter:

- 30 yards
- 10 yards
- 30 yards +10 yards
- 80 yards
- oo yaru
- Area:
- 30 yards
- $\times 10$  yards

300 square yards

23. Mean =  $\frac{\text{sum of values}}{\text{number of values}} = \frac{70 + 78 + 96 + 100}{4} = \frac{344}{4}$   $4)\overline{344}$   $\frac{32}{24}$  $\frac{24}{0}$ 

The mean score for the four tests is 86.

**24.** 26,513

- 423 316 + 150
- 27,402

The odometer reading was 27,402 miles.

25. Total  $\cos t = 4 \cdot 35 + 3 \cdot 18$ = 140 + 54 = 194 The total cost is \$194.

**26.** The total  $\cos t = 157 + 25 = 182$ 

Each person's share is \$26.

**27. a.**  $6 \cdot 20 = 120$ Plan A costs \$120. **b.**  $5 \cdot 15 + 40 = 75 + 40 = 115$ Plan B costs \$115.

**c.** 120

Plan B is the better deal by \$5.

**28.** 
$$5(x-7) + 3x = 5(13-7) + 3(13) = 5(6) + 3(13) = 30 + 39 = 69$$

**29.** 2l + 2w = 2(8) + 2(3) = 16 + 6 = 22

- **30.** x + 5 = 13
- **31.** 9*x*-4

32. 5x + 2 = 19 5(3) + 2 = 19 15 + 2 = 1917 = 19, false

The number is not a solution.

33. 3(x+2) = 5x-2 3(4+2) = 5(4)-2 3(6) = 20-2 18 = 18, true The number is a solution.

**34.** a.  $I = 31,806 + 4019x - 324x^2$ 

 $I = 31,806 + 4019(10) - 324(10)^{2}$  I = 31,806 + 40,190 - 32,400 I = 39,596The median income for African-Americans in 2000 is \$39,596.

**b.** overestimates by \$40

c.  $I = 38,029 + 1099x - 48x^2$ 

$$I = 38,029 + 1099(22) - 48(22)^{2}$$
$$I = 38,029 + 24,178 - 23,232$$

$$I = 38,975$$

The median income for Hispanics in 2012 is \$38,975. This model underestimates the actual median income by \$30.