## CHAPTER 2 QUESTIONS (GST, HST and PST)

- 1. The Harmonized Sales Tax or HST is applied
  - a. to all goods and services sold in HST participating provinces in Canada
  - b. only to merchandise sold in HST participating provinces in Canada
  - c. to all goods and services except food and medicine
  - d. to most goods and services sold in participating provinces in Canada
- 2. Businesses must register for GST and apply GST to sales if
  - a. they sell to customers in Canada
  - b. they have annual sales over \$30 000
  - c. they import goods from outside of Canada
  - d. all businesses in Canada must register for GST
- 3. Registration for GST favours a business because
  - a. it increases revenue as customers pay more for the products and services
  - b. it makes the tax reports easier to prepare
  - c. it allows a business credits for the GST it pays for business-related expenses
  - d. there are no advantages to registering for GST
- 4. Items that are not taxable for GST
  - a. are mostly basic necessities
  - b. are consumed in Canada
  - c. are not used or needed by most Canadians
  - d. there are no items that do not have GST applied
- 5. A business that is registered to collect PST from customers
  - a. deducts the PST it pays on business-related expenses from the PST it remits to the provincial government
  - b. does not pay PST on any business-related expenses
  - c. pays PST on most goods and services, just like GST
  - d. pays PST on taxable supplies and services that it does not resell
- 6. HST (Harmonized Sales Tax) differs from GST in that
  - a. it has a different tax rate
  - b. it includes a portion for provincial sales tax
  - c. it applies to a different set of products and services
  - d. a and b above
- 7. Provincial sales taxes
  - a. apply at the same rate in all provinces and territories in Canada
  - b. are always calculated on the sales amount before any other taxes are added
  - c. on purchases that are treated as business expenses
  - d. increase revenue for a business by the amount of the tax collected from customers
- 8. Businesses that are allowed to use the Quick Method for applying GST/HST include
  - a. banks and other financial institutions
  - b. any business with annual sales less than  $500\ 000$
  - c. some small businesses
  - d. all businesses may use the Quick Method

- 9. GST/HST differs from other sales taxes in that
  - a. it applies at all levels of sales
  - b. the same rate applies to all goods and services sold
  - c. all goods and services have GST/HST applied
  - d. GST/HST is applied in the same way as other sales taxes
- 10. Provincial sales taxes
  - a. are charged on all goods and services
  - b. are charged on the item price plus GST to calculate the HST amount
  - c. are never charged on services
  - d. none of the above
- 11. The percentage tax rate applied for the Goods and Services Tax
  - a. is constant at 5 percent
  - b. varies with the sales tax rate applied by the provinces
  - c. applies to all goods and services
  - d. can be changed through federal government legislation
- 12. Sales taxes on good and services in Canada
  - a. are the same across all provinces and territories
  - b. are the same for all goods and services
  - c. are charged at the rate applicable to the province of destination
  - d. all of the above
- 13. Provinces that apply HST
  - a. have an HST rate that is usually based on the original provincial tax rates
  - b. do not have provincial taxes
  - c. all have the same HST rate
  - d. charge one HST rate for goods and a different rate for services
- 14. HST rates
  - a. are the same for all provinces
  - b. are set by the federal government
  - c. apply to all goods and services that have GST applied
  - d. may be different for different provinces
- 15. PST paid by a business on business-related purchases
  - a. is the same rate for all provinces
  - b. is not paid if the goods will be resold
  - c. is refundable for all business-related purchases
  - d. PST is not paid on any business-related purchases
- 16. Which of the following statements is true about HST
  - a. HST is applied to all goods and services
  - b. HST is applied only for goods that the business will not sell to customers
  - c. HST is applied in all provinces of Canada
  - d. HST rates depend on the provincial tax rate portion included

## **CHAPTER 2: ANSWERS**

- 1. d. to most goods and services sold in participating provinces in Canada
- 2. b. they have annual sales over \$30 000
- 3. c. it allows a business credits for the GST it pays for business related expenses
- 4. a. are mostly basic necessities
- 5. d. pays PST on taxable merchandise that it does not resell
- 6. d. a and b above
- 7. c. on purchases that are treated as business expenses
- 8. c. some small businesses
- 9. a. it applies at all levels of sales
- 10. d. none of the above
- 11. d. can be changed through federal government legislation
- 12. c. are charged at the rate applicable for the province of destination
- 13. a. have an HST rate that is usually based on the original provincial tax rates
- 14. d. may be different for different provinces
- 15. b. is not paid if the goods will be resold
- 16. d. HST rates depend on the provincial tax rate portion included