CHAPTER 2

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.

1) In communicating with one another, police officers have developed a		1)
language that is not generally shared by	others. It is known as:	
A) code of ethics	B) argot	
C) semantics	D) modern linguistic	
2) Sanctions applied to the members of the	2)	
A) the penal law	B) the duty manual	
C) rules of punishment	D) general rules and	
	regulations	
3) The greatest influence of conformity am	3)	
A) supervisor control	B) rules and regulation	
C) peer pressure	D) recruit training	
4) An example of a professional courtesy, which remains controversial, is overlooking:		4)
A) business dealings	B) zoning violations	
C) traffic violations	D) animal control laws	
,	,	
5) Police consider one of the most dangerous calls to be:		5)
A) burglary	B) traffic accident	
C) shoplifting	D) domestic dispute	
 6) Fraternal orders comprised of officers we groups, or extended kinship groups are A) the formal bureaucracy B) the administration C) the informal group structure D) the development of good officers 		6)
7) Informal cliques, ethnic and racial groups make up what Peter Drucker calls:		7)
A) the bureau	B) the organization	
C) the administration	D) the work community	
•	•	
8) An officer who shows a tendency to do more than the normal workload is:		8)
A) a book officer	B) a rater buster	
C) a grass eater	D) a dedicated officer	
9) Officers who aggressively seek out opportunities for illegal large financial gains are:		9)
A) conscientious	B) grass eaters	
C) meat eaters	D) opportunists	

10) Susan Martin showed that a certain type of officer faced performance pressure, isolation from co-workers, and tests of loyalty and entrapment. They are:		10)
A) recruits	B) sergeants	
C) narcotics officers	D) female police officers	
11) Which of the following is not an important characteristic of an occupational subculture?		11)
A) shared behavior patterns	B) shared values	
C) common language	D) comparable salary structure	
12) A Rabbi in police argot is:		12)
A) a Jewish police officer who wants a promotion		
B) an investigator from internal affai		
C) a highly placed official who helps		
D) a key administrator during civil s	ervice selection	
13) Academic studies on police subculture show:		13)
A) strong sense of disunity		
B) social isolation		
C) police vocation is like any other		
D) police officers act like any other ci	itizen	
14) Which of the following is not character.	istic of police as a subculture?	14)
A) perception of violence		
B) strong sense of disunity		
C) social isolation		
D) need for psychological distance		
15) Which one of the following is considered. A) Westley, <i>In Front of the Shield</i> _	ed a "classic" on police culture?	15)
B) Weber, The Organized Patrol Office	r	
C) O.W. Wilson, <i>The Onion Field</i>	′-	
D) Niederhoffer, Behind the Shield		
16) Which of the following is not an issue considered important for black		16)
police officers?	•	,
A) lack of political power wielded by areas	black social clubs in large urban	
B) perception among white police of qualified to perform the job	ficers that blacks are less	
C) a sense of social exclusion from w	hito officar's social activities	
D) lack of opportunities for promotic		
b) fack of opportunities for promotic	on to higher administrative ranks	
17) Which of the following is not an important issue for female police officers?		17)
A) a sense of exclusion from female of	officer's social activities	
B) the charge that female officers are		
C) the charge that female police office	•	
D) that female officers lack unity and	-	

18) In what way do African-American police officers and female police officers differ in the way they work in police organizations?A) female police officer have more rapid promotion than black officers	18)
B) female officers are more emotional than black police officers C) black police officers have more rapid promotion than female officers	
D) black police officers organize in effective political groups, while female officers do not	
19) What are the three major cultural norms for police as a vocational subculture?	19)
A) secrecy, solidarity, social isolation	
B) male bonding, social isolation, networking	
C) secrecy, violence, solidarity	
D) argot, secrecy, solidarity	
20) Which one of the following is a major reason for the successful integration of gay and lesbian police officers into the department? A) crisis management	20)
B) the elimination of sexism	
C) the elimination of racism	
D) special training providing appropriate rules of conduct	
TRUE/FALSE. Write 'T' if the statement is true and 'F' if the statement is false. 21) A Hook in police argot is a superior officer who may help a police officer in trouble or mentor for promotion.	21)
22) Female police officers on patrol feel that female police officers are beginning to emerge as police leaders and managers.	22)
23) Recent studies conclude that women police officers have the same potential to perform duties as male police officers.	23)
24) The typologies for Wilson's styles of policing are legalistic, watchman, and proactive.	24)
25) For police corruption studies, a meat eater goes out of his or her way to find opportunities for illegal financial gain.	25)
26) The informal organization involves the organizational chart and the lines of authority that appear in the duty manual.	26)
27) Police personality types involve typologies created by researchers that show various social roles in performing tasks.	27)
28) The first female officers appointed by many departments were assigned to road patrol and sex crime units.	28)
29) The existence of informal work norms in a work environment was first presented in the Kansas City study.	29)

30) Sherman concluded that giving patrol officers less supervision we reduce corruption activities.	ould 30)			
SHORT ANSWER. Write the word or phrase that best completes each statement or answers the question.				
31) Goofing off or sleeping on the job is called	31)			
32) The struggle over discrimination towards female police chiefs is illustrated in the case study.	32)			
33) A pattern of distinctive values, norms, and lifestyles for a work group is called a	33)			
34) The concept that police are the barrier between chaos and order is called	34)			
35) The need to not become emotionally involved in police situations is called	35)			
36) is used as a negative comment by African-Americans who have a bad attitude toward African-American police officers.	36)			
37) A system whereby senior male officers help junior officers in their careers is called	37)			
38) The social isolation discussed in this chapter often gives rise to the concept of the minority.	38)			
39) Niederhoffer shows how police recruits become as they move into various stages in their careers.	39)			
40) The peer influence among police officers that leads to conformity is called	40)			

- 1) B
- 2) B
- 3) C
- 4) C
- 5) D
- 6) C
- 7) D
- 8) B
- 9) C
- 10) D
- 11) D
- 12) C
- 13) B
- 14) B
- 15) D
- 16) A
- 17) A
- 18) D
- 19) A
- 20) D
- 21) TRUE
- 22) TRUE
- 23) TRUE
- 24) FALSE
- 25) TRUE
- 26) FALSE
- 27) TRUE
- 28) FALSE
- 29) FALSE
- 30) FALSE
- 31) cooping
- 32) Paula Meara
- 33) subculture
- 34) thin blue line
- 35) psychological distance
- 36) Uncle Tom
- 37) old boy
- 38) blue
- 39) cynical
- 40) solidarity