

CHAPTER 2 **PREJUDICE**

Multiple-Choice Questions

1) In the beginning of the chapter, Catherine's mother requesting a room change for her daughter was an example of

- A) egocentrism
- B) ethnocentrism
- C) prejudice
- D) discrimination

Answer: C Page Ref: 34

2) The tendency to assume that one's culture and way of life is superior to all others' is known as

- A) egocentrism
- B) ethnocentrism
- C) prejudice
- D) discrimination

Answer: B Page Ref: 35

3) Prejudice does not involve

- A) actions
- B) beliefs
- C) thoughts
- D) attitudes

Answer: A Page Ref: 35

4) Which of the following excludes members of a group from certain rights, opportunities, or privileges?

- A) ethnophaulisms
- B) discrimination
- C) racism
- D) none of the above

Answer: B Page Ref: 36

5) Bobby does not believe in equality for all racial and ethnic groups, yet he continues to cater to all groups at his restaurant. According to Merton, what category would Bobby fall into?

- A) The unprejudiced nondiscriminator
- B) The unprejudiced discriminator
- C) The prejudiced nondiscriminator
- D) The prejudiced discriminator

Answer: C Page Ref: 36

6) According to national surveys, about what percentage of our population favored the relocation of a mosque near Ground Zero?

- A) 66%
- B) 40%
- C) 25%
- D) 80%

Answer: C Page Ref: 38

7) Judy believes that illegal immigrants are the reason behind her unemployment status. This belief is an example of which theory?

- A) Normative approach
- B) Exploitation theory
- C) Authoritarian theory
- D) Scapegoating theory

Answer: D Page Ref: 40

8) What theory states that prejudice is influenced by societal norms and situations that encourage or discourage the tolerance of minorities?

- A) Authoritarian theory
- B) Exploitation theory
- C) Normative approach
- D) Scapegoating theory

Answer: C Page Ref: 41

9) Stereotypes are

- A) based on factual evidence
- B) unreliable generalizations
- C) rooted within various race and ethnic groups
- D) A and C

Answer: B Page Ref: 42

10) Lane believes that homosexuality is repulsive and refuses to interact with anyone who identifies with said sexual orientation. This is an example of

- A) sexism
- B) ethnocentrism
- C) homophobia
- D) egocentrism

Answer: C Page Ref: 44

11) Any police-initiated action that is based on race, ethnicity, or national origin rather than the person's behavior is known as

- A) racial profiling
- B) scapegoating
- C) color-blind racism
- D) stereotyping

Answer: A Page Ref: 44

12) According to a federal study in 2005, _____ were twice as likely to have their vehicles searched, and _____ were five times more likely.

- A) Latinos; Caucasians
- B) Asian Americans; African Americans
- C) African Americans; Latinos
- D) Caucasians; Asian Americans

Answer: C Page Ref: 45

13) Which of the following is not another term to describe color-blind racism?

- A) laissez-faire
- B) postracialism
- C) ethnophaulisms
- D) aversive racism

Answer: C Page Ref: 45

14) In 2010, what percent of first-year college students want to "promote racial understanding" in our society?

- A) 46%
- B) 37%
- C) 81%
- D) 34%

Answer: D Page Ref: 47

15) Children who experience overt discrimination are

- A) more likely to continue to display feelings of distress and anxiety later in life
- B) less likely to continue to display feelings of distress and anxiety later in life
- C) more likely to engage in an interracial or interfaith relationship later in life
- D) less likely to engage in an interracial or interfaith relationship later in life

Answer: A Page Ref: 48

16) A national survey revealed that

- A) Whites and Asian Americans are more likely to have prejudiced and stereotypical views of other racial and ethnic minority groups
- B) African Americans and Hispanic Americans are more likely to have prejudiced and stereotypical views of other racial and ethnic minority groups
- C) Whites, African Americans, Hispanic Americans, and Asian Americans all have prejudiced and stereotypical views of other racial and ethnic minority groups
- D) Asian Americans and Whites are less likely to have prejudiced and stereotypical views of other racial and ethnic minority groups

Answer: C Page Ref: 49

17) In Figure 2.4, what racial group felt they had the most difficulty getting along with African Americans?

- A) Asian Americans
- B) Caucasians
- C) Hispanics
- D) Native Americans

Answer: B Page Ref: 49-50

18) According to the text, which of the following is not a cause of prejudice?

- A) the need to blame others for one's own failure
- B) the desire to exploit
- C) the fear of being threatened
- D) the desire to establish a unified society

Answer: D Page Ref: 51

19) As a society, we can change negative attitudes towards groups of people by

- A) implementing prejudice-reduction programs within our school systems
- B) mandating equal representation of all racial and ethnic categories in the mass media
- C) implementing diversity trainings within all organizations
- D) enforcing all of the above to increase overall levels of tolerance and promote higher levels of inter-group contact

Answer: D Page Ref: 51-58

20) The tendency to approach or withdraw from a racial group is known as

- A) racism
- B) ethnocentrism
- C) social distance
- D) social proximity

Answer: C Page Ref: 54

21) What social scientist conceptualized a scale that could measure social distance empirically?

- A) Karl Marx
- B) Ernest Burgess
- C) Erving Goffman
- D) Emory Bogardus

Answer: D Page Ref: 54-55

22) Two families of equal size and social class move into the same neighborhood at the same time, but one family is White and one family is Black. According to the contact hypothesis, these families are

- A) more likely to interact in a harmonious fashion because they live in the same neighborhood
- B) less likely to interact in a harmonious fashion because they live in the same neighborhood
- C) more likely to relocate to a different neighborhood all together
- D) none of the above

Answer: A Page Ref: 55

23) What are the two key factors for reducing hostility between all racial and ethnic groups?

- A) exclusion and discrimination
- B) diversity training and competition
- C) equal status and common goal
- D) inclusion and shared households

Answer: C Page Ref: 55

24) According to the text, which racial group is least likely to date outside his/her group?

- A) African American
- B) Latino
- C) Asian American
- D) Caucasian

Answer: D Page Ref: 56

25) What percent of global internet searches does Google account for?

- A) 98%
- B) 82%
- C) 58%
- D) 92%

Answer: B Page Ref: 56

26) What type of diversity training is most effective within organizations?

- A) short presentations on prejudice and discrimination in the workplace that are not integrated into the culture of the organization
- B) a mentoring program that is designed for aspiring women and minorities as well as Caucasian men to achieve their career goals
- C) individual sessions that identify prejudice and discrimination within the individual; followed by the introduction of strategies to address said concerns
- D) online trainings that employees are required to do once a year

Answer: B Page Ref: 57

27) What percentage of the workforce was born in Asia?

- A) 31.6%
- B) 10.7%
- C) 26.0%
- D) 6.7%

Answer: C Page Ref: 58

28) Survey data shows that African Americans, Latinos, Asian Americans, and American Indians

- A) do feel comfortable with each other
- B) are less likely to interact with others within their racial and ethnic group
- C) do not necessarily feel comfortable with each other
- D) are more likely to interact with others outside of their racial and ethnic group

Answer: C Page Ref: 59

29) What can reduce hostility between all racial and ethnic groups?

- A) reinstating segregation
- B) interracial and interfaith marriages
- C) practicing ethnocentrism
- D) equal-status contact

Answer: D Page Ref: 59

30) Who was the first Roman Catholic president of the United States?

- A) Barack Obama
- B) John Kennedy
- C) Abraham Lincoln
- D) Theodore Roosevelt

Answer: B Page Ref: 58

SHORT-ANSWER QUESTIONS

1) What is the difference between prejudice and discrimination? Provide an example of each.

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2) List and discuss the four theories of prejudice.

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3) Name 5 ways to fight prejudice in our society.

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4) What role does mass media play in regards to prejudice and discrimination?

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5) What are the various ways to implement diversity trainings within the workplace? Which method is the most effective? Which method is the least effective?

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