## Module 8 Exam

## Question 1

2.5 / 2.5 pts

Each of the following statements are true regarding control over the GFR except:



The kidney can maintain a constant GFR despite variations in the arterial blood pressure of the rest of the body.



The sympathetic nervous system cannot supersede the renal autoregulatory system.

The sympathetic nervous system can supersede the renal autoregulatory system.



The RAA responds when blood pressure drops below normal limits.

## Question 2

2.5 / 2.5 pts

Which of the following statements is false regarding ADH?
Q
Elevated levels of ADH will lead to a small volume of concentrated urine.
C
Decreased levels of ADH will lead to dilute urine.
Decreased levels of ABTI will lead to dilute dilite.
•
Alcohol increases ADH levels.
alcohol is a diuretic and will inhibit the release of ADH.
aconomis a didretic and will infinibit the release of ADTI.
Question 3
2.5 / 2.5 pts  Juxtamedullary nephrons are characterized by the following except:
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©
They make up 85% of all nephrons
they make up 15% of all nephrons
C C
They originate deep in the cortex
Q
Their loops of Henle extend across the entire medulla
Question 4
2.5 / 2.5 pts Low Na <sup>+</sup> levels in the plasma and interstitial compartment is characteristic of which of the following fluid imbalances?
Dehydration
Denyuration
Water intoxication
Q
Edema
Question 5
2.5 / 2.5 pts
Reabsorption in the PCT is characterized by the following <u>except:</u>
Q
Na+ and water are reabsorbed in equal proportions

<b>©</b>
Glucose and amino acids are minimally reabsorbed in the PCT
glucose and amino acids are almost completely reabsorbed in the PCT
Q
Sodium, chloride, potassium, and bicarbonate are 65%-80% reabsorbed from the filtrate
Question 6
2.5 / 2.5 pts Which of the following is/are true regarding acid-base disorders? (mark all that apply)
A. Metabolic disorders are a result of a change in plasma HCO <sub>3</sub> levels
B. Respiratory disorders are a result of a change in plasma CO <sub>2</sub> levels
C. Normal HCO <sub>3</sub> - = 35-45 mm
D. Normal blood pH = 7.35-7.45
A.
_
B.
C.
<b>▽</b>
D.
Question 7
<b>0 / 2.5 pts</b> Acute postinfectious glomerulonephritis is characterized by the following <u>except</u> :
Q
Edema of the hands and face can be a sign of this condition
⊙
Associated with a good prognosis and rarely causes kidney disease
C Lab results will include an elevated antistreptococcal antibody (ASO) titer
Lab results will illeliude all elevated artiistreptococcal artiibody (ASO) litel