Name_____

MULTIPLE CHOICE. Choose the one alternative that best completes the statement or answers the question.



 4) Radioisotopes are frequently used to label molecules in a cell. The fate of atoms and molecules in a cell can then be followed. Assume <i>Saccharomyces cerevisiae</i> is grown in a nutrient medium containing the radioisotope ³⁵S. After a 48-hour incubation, the ³⁵S would most likely be found in the <i>S. cerevisiae</i>'s A) water. B) nucleic acids. C) proteins. D) carbohydrates. E) lipids. Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) 						
	C) D) E)					
5) What is the typ A) covalent	be of bond bety bond	ween ions in salt B) hydr	? ogen bond	C) ior	nic bond	5)
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C)					
6) Antacids neut Mg(OH) ₂ + 2H A) HCI B) H ₂ O C) MgCl ₂ D) Mg(OH) E) None of	ralize acid by t ICI →MgCl2 + 2 the answers is	he following rea H ₂ O correct.	ction. Identify the	e salt in the foll	owing equation:	6)
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)					
7) Structurally, A A) carbohyc Answer: C Explanation:	ATP is most like drate A) B) C)	e which type of r B) lipid	molecule? C) nucl	eic acid	D) protein	7)

- A) dehydration synthesis reaction
- B) hydrolysis reaction
- C) reversible reaction
- D) ionic reaction
- E) exchange reaction

Answer: E

- Explanation: A)
 - B) C)
 - D)
 - E)

Table 2.1

- 9) Using the information in Table 2.1, calculate the number of moles in 92 grams of ethanol, C_2H_5OH .
 - A) 1
 - , В) 2
 - C) 3
 - D) 4
 - E) The answer cannot be determined.

Answer: B

Explanation: A)

- B)
 - C)
- D)
- E)

9)

Table 2.2

NaOH =Na+ + OH− – base

 $MgSO_4 = Mg^{2+} + SO_4^{2-} - salt$ $KH_2PO_4 = K^+ H_2PO_4^- - acid$

$H_2SO_4 \rightleftharpoons 2H^+ + SO_4^{2-} - salt$

10) Which of the fo	blowing statements about the reactions in Table 2.2 is FALSE?	10)
A) They are B) They are	dissociation reactions. exchange reactions.	
C) They are	reversible reactions.	
D) They are	ionization reactions.	
E) They occu	ur when the reactants are dissolved in water.	
Answer: B		
Explanation:	A)	
	B) C)	
	D)	
	E)	
11) Identify the fol	lowing reaction: Glucose + Fructose ->Sucrose + Water	11)
A) hydrolysi	is reaction	
B) reversible	e reaction	
C) ionic read	stion	
D) dehydrat	ion synthesis reaction	
E) exchange	reaction	
Answer: D		
Explanation:	A) B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	E)	
12) Most amino ac	ids found in cells demonstrate what type of chirality?	12)
A) D-isome	rs	·
B) A-isome	rs	
C) L-iosmer	-S	
D) B-Isomer	rs	
	5	
Explanation	Δ)	
	B)	
	C)	
	D)	
	Ε)	

13) Which of the following is a base? A) $C_2H_5OCOOH \rightarrow H^+ + C_2H_5OCOO^-$ B) NaOH \rightarrow Na⁺ + OH⁻ C) C_2H_5OH D) $H_2O \rightarrow H^+ + OH^-$ E) H_2CO Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C)



D) E)





14) What kind of bond is at the arrow in Figure 2.3?

- A) double covalent bond
- B) hydrogen bond
- C) peptide bond
- D) disulfide bridge
- E) ionic bond

Answer: C

- Explanation: A) B)
 - C)
 - D) E)

15) What is the type of bond holding hydrogen and oxygen atoms in the H₂O molecule?

A) ionic bond B) hydrogen bond C) covalent bond Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C)

14)

15)

13)

 16) Identify the following reaction: NH₄OH = NH₃ + H₂O A) dehydration synthesis reaction B) exchange reaction C) reversible reaction D) hydrolysis reaction E) ionic reaction Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) E) 						
17) What do genes A) nucleic a Answer: A Explanation:	a consist of? cids A) B) C) D)	B) proteins	C) carbohydrates	D) lipids	17)	
 18) An <i>E. coli</i> culturnust be made A) The num B) The num C) The visco D) The num E) No chang Answer: D Explanation: 	ure that has b in its plasma ber of satura ber of phosp osity must ind ber of unsatu ges are necess A) B) C) D) E)	een growing at 37° membrane? ted chains must inc hate groups must in crease. urated chains must sary.	C is moved to 25°C. Which of crease. ncrease. increase.	the following changes	18)	
 19) Two antiparallel strands of DNA combine to form a double helix. The specific interactions that permit this phenomenon occur by way of bonds between A) ionic; deoxyriboses B) hydrogen; deoxyriboses C) ionic; phosphate groups D) hydrogen; nitrogenous bases E) ionic; nitrogenous bases Answer: D Explanation: A) B) C) D) E 						

$${}^{16}_{8}O {}^{12}_{6}C {}^{1}_{1}H$$

20) Using the info) Using the information in Table 2.1, calculate the molecular weight of ethanol, C_2H_5OH . 20)						
A) 33 B) 34 C) 96 D) 46 E) The ansv	ver cannot be deterr	mined.					
Answer: D							
Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)						
21) What is the typ A) ionic bor	pe of bond between nd	carbon, hydrogen, and oxyge B) hydrogen bond	n atoms in organic molecules? C) covalent bond	21)			
Answer: C							
Explanation:	A) B) C)						
22) Which of the f	ollowing statements	s is FALSE?		22)			
A) Water m B) Salts read C) Water fro D) Water is E) Water is	olecules are formed dily dissolve in wat eezes from the top c a polar molecule. a part of a dehydrat	l by hydrolysis. er. down. tion synthesis reaction.					
Answer: A							

Explanation:

- A) B) C) D) E)

Figure 2.1							
	a.	. н₃с—с∕	о И Он	ь. н ₃ С <i>—</i> (— он	
	d	н и. н₃с—с н	— o —	о -с — сн ₃	н е. н ₃ с—с н	NH2	
23) Which compou A) a Answer: A Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	gure 2.1 is a B) b	n organi	c acid? C) c	D) d	E) e	23)
24) In Figure 2.1, v A) a Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)	an alcohol? B) b		С) с	D) d	E) e	24)
25) Which type of A) lipid Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D)	e is compose B) pro	ed of (CF otein	H ₂ O) units? (C) carbohydrate	D) nucleic acid	25)
26) What is the typ molecule? A) ionic bon B) hydroph C) hydroger D) disulfide E) covalent Answer: C Explanation:	oe of bon obic bon obond bond bond A) B) C) D) E)	nd between t	he hydro	ogen of one	molecule and the nitr	ogen of another	26)

27) Which type of A) nucleic a	molecule NE cid	VER contains a phos B) triglycerides	phate group? C) lipid	D) ATP	27)
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
28) Which of the fo A) Secondar B) Tertiary s C) Quaterna D) The prim	ollowing state y structures structures are ary structures ary structures	ements regarding pro are formed only from a formed only from co involved multiple p a is formed by covale	otein structure is FALSE n hydrogen bonds. ovalent bonds. olypeptides. nt bonding between am	? nino acid subunits.	28)
Answer: B Explanation:	A) B) C) D)				
29) Which of the fo A) H ₂ SO ₄ =	ollowing pair ≇2H+ + SO42	rs is mismatched? - — acid			29)
B) MgSO ₄ =	≓Mg ²⁺ + SO	4 ^{2 -} — salt			
С) КН ₂ РО ₄	, =	O₄⁻ — acid			
D) NaOH ≓	Na+ + OH	– base			
E) HF ⇒1 +	+ F [_] — acid				
Answer: C Explanation:	A) B) C) D) E)				
30) Which type of	molecule cor	ntains - NH2 groups?			30)
A) nucleic a Answer: B Explanation:	Cid A) B) C)	B) protein	C) triglycerides	D) carbohydrate	
	0)				
31) Which of the for A) covalent	ollowing is th bond	ne type of bond betwe B) hydroge	een molecules of water en bond	in a beaker of water? C) ionic bond	31)
Explanation:	A) B) C)				

32)

- 32) Two glucose molecules are combined to make a maltose molecule. What is the chemical formula for maltose?
 - A) $C_{12}H_{22}O_{11}$ B) $C_{12}H_{24}O_{12}$ C) $C_{12}H_{23}O_{10}$ D) $C_6H_{12}O_6$ E) $C_3H_6O_3$ Answer: A Explanation: A)
 - B) C) D) E)
- 33) If an amino acid contained a hydrocarbon as its side group, in which of the following categories could it be appropriately designated?

33)

- A) polar B) basic
- C) hydrophilic
- D) acidic
- E) nonpolar
- Answer: E
- Explanation: A)
 - B)
 - C) D)
 - E)

Figure 2.2



36) Starch, dextran, glycogen, and cellulose are polymers of 36) A) amino acids. B) fatty acids. C) glucose. D) acids. E) nucleic acids. Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) E) 37) Which molecule is composed of a chain of amino acids? 37) A) nucleic acid B) lipid C) protein D) carbohydrate Answer: C Explanation: A) B) C) D) 38) *Desulfovibrio* bacteria can perform the following reaction: $S^{6-} \rightarrow S^{2-}$. These bacteria are 38) B) oxidizing sulfur. A) hydrolyzing sulfur. C) synthesizing sulfur. D) reducing sulfur. Answer: B Explanation: A) B) C) D) 39) Radioisotopes are frequently used to label molecules in a cell. The fate of atoms and molecules in a 39) cell can then be followed. Assume Saccharomyces cerevisiae is grown in a nutrient medium containing the radioisotope ³²P. After a 48-hour incubation, the majority of the ³²P would be found in the S. cerevisiae's A) water. B) carbohydrates. C) cell wall. D) proteins. E) plasma membrane. Answer: E Explanation: A) B) C) D) E)

40) If you viewed	one single pr	otein using a microscop	e, you would observe m	ultiple	40)
structures. A) secondar	у				
B) tertiary C) primary					
D) primary	and seconda	ry			
E) secondar Answer: A	y and tertiary	У			
Explanation:	A)				
	В) С)				
	D)				
	L)				
41) Identify the fol	llowing react	ion: Lactose + H ₂ O →GI	lucose + Galactose		41)
B) dehydrat	ion synthesis	s reaction			
C) reversibl D) ionic read	e reaction ction				
E) hydrolys	is reaction				
Answer: E Explanation:	A)				
L	B)				
	C) D)				
	E)				
42) Which are the	primary mol	ecules making up plasm	na membranes in cells?		42)
A) nucleic a Answer: C	cias	B) carbonydrates	C) lipids	D) proteins	
Explanation:	A)				
	в) С)				
	D)				
43) Which of the fo	ollowing stat	ements about the atom	¹² C is FALSE?		43)
A) Its atomi	c weight is 12	2.	0		
B) Its atomi	c number is 6	b. ts nucleus			
D) It has 6 p	rotons in its	nucleus.			
E) It has 6 e	lectrons orbi	ting the nucleus.			
Explanation:	A)				
	B) C)				
	D)				

44)	44) Based upon the valence numbers of the elements magnesium (2) and hydrogen (1), predict how many covalent bonds would form between these atoms to achieve the full complement of electro in their outermost energy shells.						
	A) one	55	B) two		C) three	D) four	
	Answer: B						
	Explanation:	A) B) C) D)					
45)	Which of the for A) covalent	ollowing is bond	the type of	bond holding K+ B) ionic bond	and I- ions in K	(l? C) hydrogen bond	45)
	Answer: B						
	Explanation:	A) B) C)					
TRUE/FA	LSE. Write 'T'	if the state	ement is true	e and 'F' if the st	atement is false		
46)	Any compoun	d that cont	ains carbon	is only considere	d to be organic.		46)
	Answer: Tr Explanation:	ue 🛛 F	alse				
47)	The density of	liquid wat	er is greater	than the density	of ice.		47)
	Answer: O Tr Explanation:	ue F	alse	-			
48)	Elements only sharing electro	achieve th ons.	e full compl	ement of electror	ns in outermost e	energy cells by donating or	48)
	Answer: Tr Explanation:	ue 🛛 P	alse				
49)	All forms of lif	e function	optimally at	a pH of 7.			49)
	Answer: Tr Explanation:	ue 🛛 🧧	alse				
50)	The formation	of ADP fro	om ATP can	be defined as a h	ydrolytic reaction	on.	50)
	Answer: TrExplanation:	ue F	alse				
51)	There are some	e forms of	life on Earth	that can survive	without water.		51)
	Answer: Tr Explanation:	ue 🛛 P	alse				
52)	Individual cov	alent bond	s are strong	er than individua	al ionic bonds.		52)
	Answer: 2 Tr Explanation:	ue F	alse				

53) Covalent bonds are always shared equally.	53)		
Answer: True 🛛 False Explanation:			
54) All chemical reactions are, in theory, reversible.	54)		
Answer: • True False Explanation:			
55) A basic solution is expected to contain more hydrogen ions than hydroxyl ions.	55)		
Answer: True 🖉 False Explanation:			

ESSAY. Write your answer in the space provided or on a separate sheet of paper.

- 56) A bacterium that grows at a temperature of 37°C transports both glucose and NaCl into its cytoplasm. Which is most easily dissolved in the cytoplasm? Explain how the bonds of these molecules impact disassociation rate. Answer:
- 57) Describe how the properties of phospholipids make these molecules well suited for plasma membranes. Answer:
- 58) A scientist claims that when a protein is denatured, it can be expected that its secondary structure will more likely be retained when compared to all other levels of protein structure structures. Do you agree? Explain. Answer:

Answer K	ev		
Testname	\sim		
restriante.	02		
1) D			
2) A			
3) B			
4) C			
5) C			
6) C			
7) C			
8) E			
9) B			
10) B			
11) D			
12) C			
13) B			
14) C			
15) C			
16) C			
17) A			
18) D			
19) D			
20) D			
21) C			
22) A			
23) A			
24) C			
25) C			
26) C			
27) B			
28) B			
29) C			
30) B			
31) B			
32) A			
33) E			
34) D			
35) C			
36) C			
37) C			
38) B			
39) E			
40) A			
41) E			
42) C			
43) C			
44) B			
45) B			
46) FALSI	=		
47) TRUE			
48) FALSI	<u>-</u>		
49) FALSI	<u>-</u>		
50) TRUE			

Answer Key Testname: C2

> 51) FALSE 52) TRUE 53) FALSE 54) TRUE 55) FALSE 56) 57) 58) 59) 60)