Multiple Choice

1. Hydrogenation is a _____.

a. manufacturing process that adds hydrogen atoms to carbohydrates

b. natural process that adds hydrogen atoms to carbohydrates

- c. manufacturing process that adds hydrogen atoms to oils
- d. natural process that removes hydrogen atoms from fats

e. manufacturing process that removes hydrogen atoms from fats

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.1 A Big Fat Problem
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.01 - Application
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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2. The human body requires about _____ of fat each day to stay healthy.

- a. one teaspoon
- b. four teaspoons
- c. one tablespoon
- d. four tablespoons
- e. one cup

-	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.1 A Big Fat Problem
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.01 - Application
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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3. The main source of *trans* fats in the American diet has been _____.

- a. red meatb. dairy products
- c. seafood
- d. grains
- e. vegetable oils

e
1
Bloom's: Remember
2.1 A Big Fat Problem

QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.01 - Application
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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4. A typical fat molecule has _____ fatty acid tails.

7.11	+. At typical fat molecule has fatty acid tails.	
:	a. one	
1	b. two	
(c. three	
(d. four	
(e. five	
ANS	WER:	c
POII	NTS:	1
DIFI	FICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REF	ERENCES:	2.1 A Big Fat Problem
QUE	ESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS	VARIABLES:	False
LEA	RNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.01 - Application
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5. Which invention led to *trans* fats being marketed as a solid cooking fat?

- a. the electric light
- b. the telephone
- c. the automobile
- d. the microwave oven
- e. the refrigerator

e	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.1 A Big Fat Problem
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.01 - Application
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- 6. The atomic number is determined by the number of _____.
 - a. protons
 - b. neutrons
 - c. electrons
 - d. protons plus neutrons
 - e. protons plus electrons

ANSWER:	a		
POINTS:	1		
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember		
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms		
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.		
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	nber of 6. Carbon 14 has		
a. 6 neutrons and 6 prot			
b. 6 neutrons and 8 prot			
-	c. 8 neutrons and 6 protons		
d. 14 neutrons and 6 protons			
e. 14 protons and 6 neutrons			
ANSWER:	c		
POINTS:	1		
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply		
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms		
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice		
HAS VARIABLES:	False		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.		
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8. Tracers are used in what fa. PET scansb. CT accers	form of medical test?		

- b. CT scans
- c. sonograms
- d. x-rays
- e. MRI

ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.03 - Describe radioactive decay.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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9. We can accurately determine the age of a rock or fossil by measuring its _____.

a. proton concentration

b. electron concentration	
c. neutron concentration	
d. isotope concentration	1
e. ion concentration	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.03 - Describe radioactive decay.
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10. Helium, neon, and argon are _____.

a. extremely stable because they have vacancies in their outer shells

b. extremely stable because they do not have any vacancies in their outer shells

- c. extremely unstable because they have vacancies in their outer shells
- d. extremely unstable because they do not have any vacancies in their outer shells
- e. extremely unstable because they have vacancies in their inner shells

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.04 - Use the concept of vacancies to explain the chemical activity of
	atoms.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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11. The nucleus of an atom contains _____.

- a. protons only
- b. electrons only
- c. neutrons only
- d. protons and neutrons
- e. protons and electrons

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.

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12. The negative subatomic	particle is the
a. neutron	
b. proton	
c. electron	
d. quark	
e. Higg's boson	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.
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13. The positive subatomic particle is the _____

13. The positive subatomic particle is the	
a. neutron	
b. proton	
c. electron	
d. positron	
e. quark	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.
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14. Oxygen has an atomic number of 8. This means that oxygen has _____.

- a. eight electrons in its outer most shell
- b. eight neutrons in its nucleus
- c. four protons and four neutrons in its nucleus
- d. eight protons in its nucleus

e. eight protons and eight neutrons in its nucleus

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply

REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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15. The neutral subatomic p	article is the
a. neutron	
b. proton	
c. electron	
d. quark	
e. Higg's boson	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.
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16. Carbon 14 radioisotopes nitrogen 15 isotopes a. carbon 13 isotopes	s decay into stable

- b. nitrogen atoms
- c. carbon atoms
- d. nitrogen 15 isotopes
- e. sodium atoms

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.03 - Describe radioactive decay.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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17. An atom that carries a charge is called a(n) _____.

- a. ion
- b. molecule
- c. compound

d. element	
e. microelement	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.04 - Use the concept of vacancies to explain the chemical activity of atoms.
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a. hydrogen bondb. nonpolar bondc. polar bondd. covalent bonde. ionic bond	hemical bond in which a strong mutual attraction forms between ions of opposite charge.
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.01 - Describe a chemical bond.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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19. The bond in table salt (N a. polar	VaCl) is
b. ionic	
c. covalent	
d. double	
e. nonpolar	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.01 - Describe a chemical bond.
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20. In bonds, atoms share electrons equally.		
a. double		
b. ionic		
c. polar covalent		
d. nonpolar covalent		
e. hydrogen		
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember	
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.01 - Describe a chemical bond.	
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21. Which type of chemical bond is found within a water molecule?

21. Which type of chemical	
a. hydrogen	
b. ionic	
c. polar covalent	
d. nonpolar covalent	
e. triple	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.02 - Explain polarity in terms of ionic bonds and covalent bonds.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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22. The positively charged ion, potassium, and the negatively charged ion, fluoride, will form what kind of bond? a. ionic

b. polar covalent	
c. nonpolar covalent	
d. hydrogen	
e. isotonic	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice

HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.02 - Explain polarity in terms of ionic bonds and covalent bonds.
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23. Which of the following molecules would be considered a covalent compound?

Cl)
c
1
Bloom's: Apply
2.3 Chemical Bonds
Multiple Choice
False
BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.01 - Describe a chemical bond.
11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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24. The structural formula for molecular oxygen is depicted as O=O. What kind of bond holds molecular oxygen together?

a. 10n1c	
b. polar covalent	
c. single covalent	
d. double covalent	
e. triple covalent	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.01 - Describe a chemical bond.
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25. Which substance is hydrophobic?

- a. canola oil
- b. sodium chloride
- c. sugar
- d. water
- e. the potassium ion

	<u>2007</u>
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.03 - Describe the way an ionic substance dissolves in water.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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	anol. Ethanol is an example of a
a. solute	
b. solution	
c. solvent	
d. salt	
e. ion	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.03 - Describe the way an ionic substance dissolves in water.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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27. Which bond is weakest?	
a. ionic	
b. double covalent	
c. polar covalent	
d. nonpolar covalent	
a hydrogan	

	herdus and	
٠.	hydrogen	

e. hydrogen	
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
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28. Water molecules are attracted to one another because the _____.

- a. slightly positive charge of the hydrogen atom from one molecule of water attracts the slightly negative charge of the oxygen atom from another molecule
- b. slightly negative charge of the hydrogen atom from one molecule of water attracts the slightly negative charge of the oxygen atom from another molecule
- c. slightly positive charge of the hydrogen atom attracts the oxygen within the same molecule of water, which leads to an increase in its polarity
- d. water molecules participate in nonpolar covalent bonds, which increase the attraction of the molecules to each other
- e. water molecules bind to each other through their mutual attraction to ionic compounds

ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.02 - Draw a hydrogen bond between two water molecules.
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29. A solution is a uniform mixture in which a _____ is dissolved completely in a _____.

- a. salt; solute
- b. solute; salt
- c. solute; solvent
- d. solvent; salt
- e. solvent; solute

e. solvent, solute	
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.03 - Describe the way an ionic substance dissolves in water.
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30. Surface tension is an example of _____.
a. hydrophobicity
b. concentration
c. evaporation
d. cohesion
e. polarity

ANSWER: d
POINTS: 1
DIFFICULTY: Bloom's: Remember

REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
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31. Sweating to keep cool in the summer is the result of _____.

- a. hydrogen bonds breaking to release energy
- b. hydrogen bonds forming, which requires energy
- c. evaporation of water absorbing energy
- d. cohesion of water molecules giving off energy
- e. cohesion of water molecules requiring energy

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
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32. Hydrogen bonding _____ the movement of molecules, therefore, substances that form a lot of hydrogen bonds, like water, will require _____ energy to increase their temperature by one degree Celsius.

- a. decreases; less
- b. decreases; more
- c. does not affect; no additional
- d. increases; less

e. increases; more	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Analyze
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
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33. When water molecules form into ice, _____.a. the water molecules jiggle more

- b. their structure becomes less rigid
- c. the water molecules pack less densely
- d. hydrogen bonds between water molecules readily break
- e. evaporation of water molecules happens more readily

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
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34. Hydrophobic moleculesa. attracted byb. absorbed byc. repelled byd. mixed withe. polarized by	are water.
ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM

35. _____ is the tendency of water molecules to stay attached to one another.

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a. Adhesion	
b. Cohesion	
c. Fusion	
d. Interaction	
e. Junction	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False

DATE MODIFIED:

Chapter 02—Molecules of Life		
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.	
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 36. Which property of water molecules is responsible for movement of water from roots to leaves in a plant? a. hydrophobicity b. temperature stability c. fusion d. solvent polarity 		
e. cohesion		
ANSWER:	e	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Analyze	
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.	
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37. Glucose dissolves in water because ita. ionizes		
b. is a polysaccharide	any hydro can handa with water male wies	
*	c. is polar and forms many hydrogen bonds with water molecules d. has a very reactive primary structure	
e. is an isotope	innary structure	
ANSWER:		
POINTS:	c 1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Analyze	
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.	
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38. A uniform mixture is caa. concentrationb. salt	lled a	
c. solute		

d. solution

e. solvent

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
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39. A solution at a pH of 10 contains how many times more hydrogen ions than a solution at a pH of 7?

a. 2	
b. 3	
c. 10	
d. 100	
e. 1,000	
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.5 Acids and Bases
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.05.01 - Define pH.
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40. Of these pH values, which has the highest concentration of hydrogen ions?

a. 1	
b. 3	
c. 5	
d. 7	
e. 9	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand
REFERENCES:	2.5 Acids and Bases
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.05.01 - Define pH.
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41. Nearly all of life's chemistry occurs near a pH range of _____.

a. 1–2	
b. 3–4	
c. 5–6	
d. 7–8	
e. 9–10	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.5 Acids and Bases
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.05.01 - Define pH.
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42. What category of compounds helps our body fluids to stay within a consistent pH range?

.=	
a. solvents	
b. buffers	
c. solutes	
d. acids	
e. bases	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.5 Acids and Bases
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.05.03 - Describe the way that buffers work.
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43. _____ is one of the substances that maintains our blood pH between 7.35 and 7.45.

- a. Water
- b. Carbonic acid
- c. Hydrochloric acid
- d. Hydrogen peroxide
- e. Sodium hydroxide

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.5 Acids and Bases
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
I FARNING OR IECTIVES.	BTAT STAR 21 02 05 03 - Describe the way that buffers work

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: BTAT.STAR.21.02.05.03 - Describe the way that buffers work.

 DATE MODIFIED: 12/4/2019 6:11 AM 44. Which two atoms are found in all organic compounds? a. carbon and hydrogen b. carbon and oxygen c. oxygen and hydrogen d. carbon and phosphorous 	DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
a. carbon and hydrogenb. carbon and oxygenc. oxygen and hydrogen	DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM
e. oxygen and sulfur	 a. carbon and hydrogen b. carbon and oxygen c. oxygen and hydrogen d. carbon and phosphorous 	
ANSWER: a	•••	a
POINTS: 1	POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY: Bloom's: Remember	DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
<i>REFERENCES:</i> 2.6 The Chemistry of Biology	REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice	QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES: False	HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES: BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.01 - Explain the basic structure of an organic molecule.	LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.01 - Explain the basic structure of an organic molecule.
<i>DATE CREATED:</i> 11/18/2019 2:48 PM	DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
<i>DATE MODIFIED:</i> 12/4/2019 6:11 AM	DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM

45. Which is an organic molecule?

- b. water (H₂O)
- c. methane (CH₄)
- d. hydrochloric acid (HCl)

e. oxygen (O₂)

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.01 - Explain the basic structure of an organic molecule.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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46. Large polymers are formed from smaller subunits by which type of reaction?

a. oxidation
b. reduction
c. condensation
d. hydrolysis
e. decarboxylation
ANSWER:
POINTS:

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DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.03 - Explain how the molecules of life are polymers.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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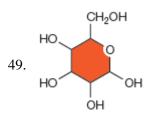
47. The breakdown of large molecules by enzymes and the addition of water is known as a _____ reaction.

- a. oxidation
- b. reduction
- c. condensation

d. hydrolysis	
e. decarboxylation	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.04 - Give an example of a metabolic reaction.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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48. The chemical reactions that cells use to acquire and use energy to live, grow, and reproduce are called _____.

a. hydrolysis	
b. condensation	
c. phosphorylation	
d. metabolism	
e. oxidation	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.04 - Give an example of a metabolic reaction.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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How many carbons are present in this figure?

J	
a. zero	
b. four	
c. five	
d. six	
e. seven	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.01 - Explain the basic structure of an organic molecule.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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50. Which organic molecule is a carbohydrate monomer?

- a. triglyceride
- b. fatty acid
- c. nucleotide
- d. amino acid
- e. monosaccharide

ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.6 The Chemistry of Biology
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.06.01 - Explain the basic structure of an organic molecule.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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51. Glucose monomers linked into a highly branched chain make up _____.

- a. glycogen
- b. cellulose
- c. fructose
- d. starch
- e. sucrose

ANSWER:	a	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember	
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.01 - Describe the structure of carbohydrates and explain their roles in cells.	
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
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52. Sucrose is composed of		
a. two molecules of fru		
b. two molecules of glu		
	se and a molecule of glucose	
d. a molecule of fructo	se and a molecule of galactose	
e. two molecules of ga	lactose	
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember	
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.01 - Describe the structure of carbohydrates and explain their roles in cells.	
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
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 53. Plants store their excess carbohydrates in the form of a. cellulose 		
b. starch		
c. glycogen		
d. sucrose		
e. galactose		
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember	
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.02 - Using an example, explain how the structure of a polysaccharide gives rise to its function.	
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
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54. Glycogen is a polysaccharide used for energy storage by _____.

a. plants b. animals c. protists d. bacteria e. archaea ANSWER: b POINTS: 1 DIFFICULTY: Bloom's: Remember 2.7 Carbohydrates **REFERENCES: QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice** HAS VARIABLES: False LEARNING OBJECTIVES: BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.03 - Name the function that glycogen serves in the human body. DATE CREATED: 11/18/2019 2:48 PM DATE MODIFIED: 12/4/2019 6:11 AM

55. Which type of bonding allows the long, straight chains of cellulose to lock together tightly?

a. hydrogen b. polar covalent c. ionic d. nonpolar covalent e. metallic ANSWER: a POINTS: 1 DIFFICULTY: Bloom's: Remember **REFERENCES:** 2.7 Carbohydrates **Multiple Choice QUESTION TYPE:** HAS VARIABLES: False LEARNING OBJECTIVES: BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.02 - Using an example, explain how the structure of a polysaccharide gives rise to its function. DATE CREATED: 11/18/2019 2:48 PM DATE MODIFIED: 12/4/2019 6:11 AM

56. Cellulose is _____.

a. the most complex of the organic compounds

b. a polymer of glucose and fructose

c. a polymer of glucose and galactose

- d. a component of plasma membranes
- e. a material found in plant cell walls

ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice

	P-1
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.02 - Using an example, explain how the structure of a polysaccharide gives rise to its function.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM
57 is a monosaccharic	de.
a. Cellulose	
b. Fructose	
c. Glycogen	
d. Starch	
e. Sucrose	
ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.01 - Describe the structure of carbohydrates and explain their roles in cells.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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58. Humans do not contain	the enzymes to break down
a. cellulose	
b. fructose	
c. glycogen	
d. starch	
e. sucrose	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.02 - Using an example, explain how the structure of a polysaccharide gives rise to its function.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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59. A triglyceride molecule	is made up of .
a. one glycerol and two	-
b. two fatty acids and ty	-
c. one fatty acid and the	
d. one glycerol and thre	
Convright Congogo Loorning, Bo	-

e. one glycerol and two	fatty acids	
ANSWER:	d	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember	
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.01 - Describe a fat, and identify the difference between saturated and unsaturated fats.	
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
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 60. In a cell membrane, the phospholipid heads are a. hydrophobic b. nonpolar c. dissolved in the cell's watery interior d. sandwiched between the phospholipid tails 		
e. formed by fatty acids		
ANSWER:	c	
POINTS:		
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand	
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.03 - Describe the lipid bilayer.	
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
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61. Unsaturated fats		
a. are solid at room tem	perature	
b. have at least one dou	ble bond in their fatty acid tail	
•	c. are saturated with hydrogen atoms	
d. mainly come from an	nimals	
e. consist of straight ch	e. consist of straight chain fatty acids	
ANSWER:	b	
POINTS:	1	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand	
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids	
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.01 - Describe a fat, and identify the difference between saturated and unsaturated fats.	
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM	

62. All steroids have _____.

a. the same number of double bonds

b. double bonds in the same positions

- c. four carbon rings
- d. the same functional groups
- e. the same number and positions of double bonds

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.04 - Give one example of a molecule that is made from cholesterol.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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63. Which food product would likely contain the largest amount of unsaturated fat?

a. butter	
b. lard	
c. cream	
d. olives	
e. cheese	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Analyze
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.01 - Describe a fat, and identify the difference between saturated and unsaturated fats.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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64. Fats that contain _____ double bonds are liquids at room temperature, whereas fats that contain _____ double bonds are solids at room temperature.

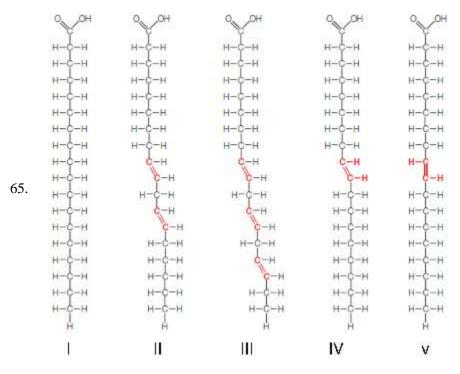
a. trans; cis

b. cis; trans

- c. hydrogenated; partially hydrogenated
- d. partially hydrogenated; hydrogenated
- e. unsaturated; saturated

ANSWER:	b
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Understand

REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.01 - Describe a fat, and identify the difference between saturated and unsaturated fats.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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In the given figure, which fatty acid(s) is/are most likely to be solid at room temperature?

0 0	
a. I	
b. II, III, and IV	
c. II, III, IV, and V	
d. I and IV	
e. I and V	
ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.01 - Describe a fat, and identify the difference between saturated and unsaturated fats.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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66. A(n) _____ is a protein monomer.

a. nucleotide b. monosaccharide	
c. simple sugar	
d. amino acid	
e. ribose	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.01 - Draw the generalized structure of an amino acid.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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67. Primary protein structure is dependent upon _____.

- a. hydrophobic interactions
- b. hydrogen bonds between two amino acids
- c. covalent linkages between carbons and nitrogens of adjacent amino acids
- d. covalent linkages between carbons and oxygens of adjacent amino acids
- e. covalent linkages between the polypeptide and sugars or lipids

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.02 - Describe and give general examples of the four levels of protein
	structure.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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68. Which type of bond exists between two amino acids in a protein?

ai populae	
b. ionic	
c. hydrogen	
d. amino	
e. sulfhydryl	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False

a. peptide

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.02 - Describe and give general examples of the four levels of protein
structure.DATE CREATED:11/18/2019 2:48 PM

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69. Two amino acids are bonded together to form a dipeptide by which type of reaction?

a. condensation	nded together to form a dipeptide by which type of feaction?
b. oxidation reduction	
c. hydrolysis	
d. decomposition	
e. acid–base	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.02 - Describe and give general examples of the four levels of protein structure.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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70. Protein misfolding cause a. Creutzfeldt–Jakob di b. arthritis	
c. immunodepression	
d. schizophrenia	
e. tuberculosis	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.03 - Using an appropriate example, explain why changes in protein structure can be dangerous.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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 71. When a protein denature a. covalent b. peptide c. ionic d. hydrogen 	es, which type of bonding is affected?

d. hydrogen

e. metallic

ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.03 - Using an appropriate example, explain why changes in protein structure can be dangerous.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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72. A protein that is linked	to a carbohydrate is known as a
a. glycoprotein	
b. lipoprotein	
c. fibrous proteins	
d. denatured proteins	
e. prions	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.02 - Describe and give general examples of the four levels of protein structure.
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73. Nucleotides are monom	ers of
a. complex lipids	
b. proteins	
c. polysaccharides	
d. nucleic acids	
e. cellulose	
ANSWER:	d
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.10 Nucleic Acids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.10.01 - Use an example to describe the structure of a nucleic acid.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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74. A nucleotide consists of _____.

- a. a five-carbon sugar, a nitrogenous acid, and a phosphate group
- b. a six-carbon sugar, a nitrogenous base, and a phosphate group
- c. a five-carbon sugar, a nitrogenous base, and a phosphate group
- d. a six-carbon sugar, a nitrogenous acid, and a phosphate group
- e. a four-carbon sugar, a nitrogenous acid, and a phosphate group

ANSWER:	c
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.10 Nucleic Acids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.10.01 - Use an example to describe the structure of a nucleic acid.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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75. In a polymer of nucleotides, how does one nucleotide attach to another?

- a. The base of one nucleotide is attached to the base of the next.
- b. The base of one nucleotide it attached to the sugar of the next.
- c. The sugar of one nucleotide is attached to the sugar of the next.
- d. The phosphate group of one nucleotide is attached to the base of the next.
- e. The phosphate group of one nucleotide is attached to the sugar of the next.

ANSWER:	e
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.10 Nucleic Acids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.10.01 - Use an example to describe the structure of a nucleic acid.
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76. Which type of bonds hold the two chains of DNA together in a DNA molecule?

b. polar covalent	
c. nonpolar covalent	
d. ionic	
e. peptide	
ANSWER:	a
POINTS:	1
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.10 Nucleic Acids
QUESTION TYPE:	Multiple Choice
HAS VARIABLES:	False
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a. hydrogen

LEARNING OBJECTIVES:BTAT.STAR.21.02.10.01 - Use an example to describe the structure of a nucleic acid.DATE CREATED:11/18/2019 2:48 PMDATE MODIFIED:12/4/2019 6:11 AM

Matching

<i>Match the following terms to the correct description.</i> a. mass number	
b. atomic number	
c. radioisotope	
d. isotopes	
e. ions	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.2 Atoms
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.02.02 - Explain the difference between an atom and an element.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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77. forms of an element that differ in the number of neutrons their atoms carry *ANSWER*: d*POINTS*: 1

78. number of protons in the atomic nucleus*ANSWER*: b*POINTS*: 1

79. isotope with an unstable nucleus*ANSWER:* c*POINTS:* 1

80. total number of protons and neutrons in the nucleus of an atom ANSWER: aPOINTS: 1

81. atoms with more or less electrons than protons *ANSWER:* e *POINTS:* 1

Match the following terms to the correct description.

- a. acid
- b. base
- c. neutral
- d. buffer
- e. pH

DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.5 Acids and Bases
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.05.02 - Differentiate between acids and bases.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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82. solution that contains the same concentration of H⁺ ions as OH⁻ ions
ANSWER: c
POINTS: 1

83. measure of the relative concentration of hydrogen ions in a solution *ANSWER:* e*POINTS:* 1

84. substance that releases hydrogen ions in solution *ANSWER:* a *POINTS:* 1

85. substance that accepts hydrogen ions in solution *ANSWER:* b *POINTS:* 1

86. substance that can maintain the pH of a solution at a relatively constant level *ANSWER*: d*POINTS*: 1

The following are types of chemical bonds. Match these to the correct description. (The bonds may fit more than one description.)

a. hydrogen	
b. ionic	
c. covalent	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.3 Chemical Bonds
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.03.01 - Describe a chemical bond.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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87. the bond between the atoms in an NaCl moleculeANSWER: bPOINTS: 1

88. the bond between the hydrogen atoms of molecular hydrogen

ANSWER: c POINTS: 1

89. the bond that breaks when salts dissolve in waterANSWER: bPOINTS: 1

90. the bond in which electrons are shared *ANSWER*: c *POINTS*: 1

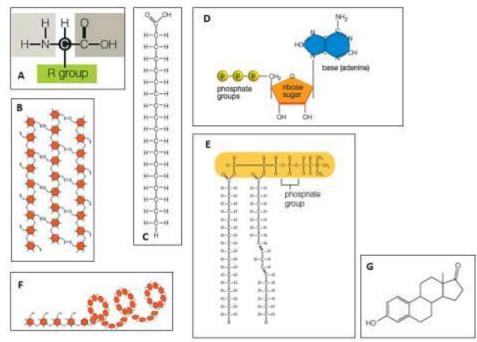
91. the bond that holds organic molecules together *ANSWER*: c *POINTS*: 1

The following are types of chemical bonds. Match these to the correct description.

a. hydrogen	
b. cohesion	
c. evaporation	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Remember
REFERENCES:	2.4 Special Properties of Water
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.04.01 - Using appropriate examples, explain how the polarity of the water molecule gives rise to properties of water that are essential to life.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
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02 the bond that gives wete	r special proportion

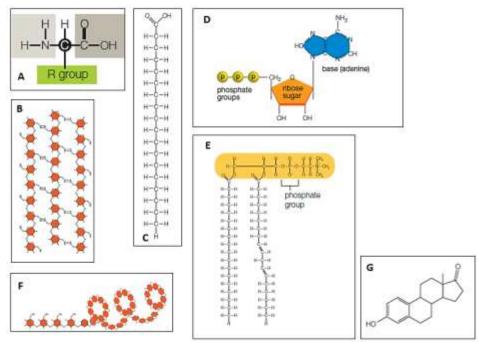
92. the bond that gives water special properties *ANSWER*: a *POINTS*: 1

93. the property that allows certain insects to walk on water *ANSWER:* b*POINTS:* 1



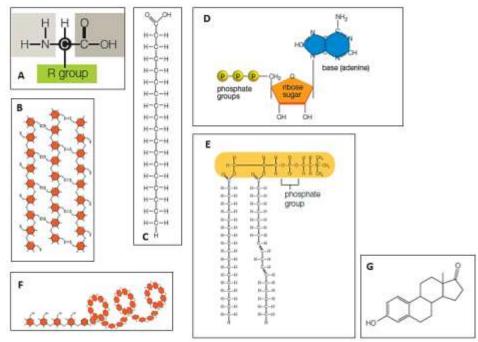
Match the structures with the appropriate label in the given figure.

matter the shaetares with t		
a. A		
b. B		
c. C		
d. D		
e. E		
f. F		
g. G		
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply	
REFERENCES:	2.8 Lipids	
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching	
HAS VARIABLES:	False	
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.08.01 - Describe a fat, and identify the difference between saturated unsaturated fats.	and
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM	
DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM	
94. fatty acid ANSWER: c POINTS: 1		
95. phospholipid		
ANSWER: e		
POINTS: 1		
96. steroid		
ANSWER: g		
POINTS: 1		
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Match the structures with the appropriate label in the given figure.

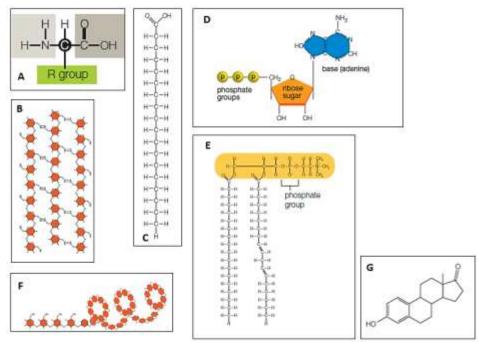
a. A b. B	
c. C d. D	
e. E f. F	
g. G	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.9 Proteins
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.09.02 - Describe and give general examples of the four levels of protein structure.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM
97. amino acid	
ANSWER: a	
POINTS: 1	



Match the structures with the appropriate label in the given figure.

a. A b. B	
c. C d. D	
e. E f. F	
g. G	
DIFFICULTY:	Bloom's: Apply
REFERENCES:	2.7 Carbohydrates
QUESTION TYPE:	Matching
HAS VARIABLES:	False
LEARNING OBJECTIVES:	BTAT.STAR.21.02.07.02 - Using an example, explain how the structure of a polysaccharide gives rise to its function.
DATE CREATED:	11/18/2019 2:48 PM
DATE MODIFIED:	12/4/2019 6:11 AM
98. cellulose	
ANSWER: b	
POINTS: 1	
99. starch	
ANSWER: f	
DOINTC, 1	

POINTS: 1



Match the structures with the appropriate label in the given figure.

a. A b. B c. C d. D e. E f. F g. G DIFFICULTY: Bloom's: Apply **REFERENCES:** 2.10 Nucleic Acids **QUESTION TYPE:** Matching HAS VARIABLES: False LEARNING OBJECTIVES: BTAT.STAR.21.02.10.01 - Use an example to describe the structure of a nucleic acid. DATE CREATED: 11/18/2019 2:48 PM DATE MODIFIED: 12/4/2019 6:11 AM

100. nucleotide ANSWER: d POINTS: 1