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Indicate whether the statement is true or fal-	se.	
The value of financial assets transferred across in the balance of payments in the capital account a. True b. False		move to a different country is included
A balance-of-trade surplus indicates an excess a. True b. False	s of imports over exports.	
3. Portfolio investment represents transactions in countries that do not affect the transfer of control a. True b. False		s (such as stocks and bonds) between
4. Outsourcing allows some MNCs to reduce coa. Trueb. False	sts but shifts jobs to other countries	es.
5. Outsourcing is the process of subcontracting to previously obtained internally.a. Trueb. False	to a third party in another country	to provide supplies or services that were
6. Direct foreign investment by U.Sbased MN0 a. True b. False	Cs occurs primarily in the Bahama	as and Brazil.
7. The sale of patent rights by a U.S. firm to a R a. True b. False	ussian firm reflects a credit to the	U.S. balance of payments account.
8. A tariff is a maximum limit on imports.a. Trueb. False		
9. The J-curve effect is the initial worsening of t trade relationships that are not easily changed; aU.S. trade balance is improved.a. Trueb. False		

10. The balance of payments is a summary of all transactions between domestic and foreign residents for a specific country over a specified period of time.

a. True

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b. False		
	ates an excess of imports over exports.	
a. True		
b. False		
12. A U.S. purchase of patent rights	from a firm in Mexico reflects a credit to the U	J.S. balance of payments account.
a. True		
b. False		
_	he investment in fixed assets in foreign countri-	es that can be used to conduct business
operations. a. True		
b. False		
b. raise		
account deficit and reduce Germany	rmany and spending money there (for lodging, 's current account balance.	food, etc.) will reduce the U.S. current
a. True		
b. False		
15. A weakening of the U.S. dollar increase U.S. imports from Britain of	with respect to the British pound would likely rover time.	reduce U.S. exports to Britain and
a. True		
b. False		
	ill purchase supplies from either China or from hould reduce the U.S. balance-of-trade deficit v	•
b. False		
17. A balance-of-trade surplus indic	rates an excess of merchandise imports over me	erchandise exports.
a. True		
b. False		
	ers into cofinancing agreements, under which it	joins with official aid agencies, export
credit agencies, or commercial bank	s in providing financing.	
a. True		
b. False		
	ountry to other countries at prices below cost is	called elasticity.
a. True		
b. False		
20. Intracompany trade is the export a. True	ting of products by one country to other countri	ies below cost.

b. False

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21. A weakening of the U.S. dollar with Kingdom and increase U.S. imports fro a. True b. False	n respect to the British pound would likely om the United Kingdom.	reduce U.S. exports to the United
o. Taise		
a. True	s in country ownership of direct foreign in	vestment.
b. False		
23. U.S. government officials would likea. Trueb. False	cely prefer that China devalue the yuan aga	ainst the dollar.
o. raise		
24. The inception of the euro eliminateda. Trueb. False	d exchange rate risk on trade transactions b	between the U.S. and the eurozone.
25. Regarding the U.S. balance of paymitems.	nents, capital account items are relatively r	minor compared to the financial account
a. True		
b. False		
trade disputes.	established to provide a forum for multila	teral trade negotiations and to settle
a. True		
b. False		
extends loans only to developing nation	to developed nations, while the Internations.	onal Development Association (IDA)
a. True		
b. False		
28. The Central American Trade Agree States, the Dominican Republic, and Cea. True	ment (CAFTA) is intended to raise tariffs a entral American countries.	and regulations between the United
b. False		
o. Taise		
29. The primary component of the capit a. True	tal account is the balance of trade.	
b. False		
Indicate the answer choice that best	completes the statement or answers th	e question.
30. The North American Free Trade Ag	greement (NAFTA) increased restrictions of	on:

a. trade between Canada and Mexico.

b. trade between Canada and the United States

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c. direct foreign investment in Me	exico by U.S. firms.	
d. None of these are correct.	•	
	to other countries would the home countries home income level relative to other countries against agual	
a. increase; increase	eng equal.	
b. increase; decrease		
c. decrease; decrease		
d. decrease; increase		
* -	alance-of-trade surplus in its trade with	_
a. China		
b. Japan		
c. China AND Japan		
d. None of these are correct.		
33. The is the difference between	exports and imports.	
a. balance of trade	•	
b. balance on goods and services		
c. balance of payments		
d. current account		
e. capital account		
34 represents aid, grants, and gif	its from one country to another.	
a. Secondary income		
b. Primary income		
c. The balance of trade		
d. The balance of payments		
e. The capital account		
(assuming no retaliation by other gove	a tariff on imported goods, that country's curnments).	errent account balance will likely
a. decrease		
b. increase		
c. remain unaffected		
d. decrease OR remain unaffected		
36. According to the text, international	trade (exports plus imports combined) as a	percentage of GDP is:
a. higher in the United States than		
b. lower in the United States than	in European countries.	
	in about half the European countries, and lo	ower in the United States than in
d. about the same in the United St	ates as in European countries.	

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37. An increase in the current account deficit will placeequal.	pressure on the home currency value	, other things being
a. upward		
b. downward		
c. no		
d. upward or downward (depending on the size of the	deficit)	
38. The primary component of the current account is the: a. balance of trade.		
b. balance of gifts.		
c. balance of aid payments.		
d. balance of grant payments.		
39. In recent years, the United States has had a relatively (China.	(compared to other countries) balan	ice of trade with
a. small; surplus		
b. large; surplus		
c. small; deficit		
d. large; deficit		
40. A weak home currency may not be a perfect solution t		ise:
a. it reduces the prices of imports paid by local compa	anies.	
b. it increases the prices of exports by local companie	S.	
c. it prevents international trade transactions from bei	ng prearranged.	
d. foreign companies may reduce the prices of their pr	roducts to stay competitive.	
41. An increase in the use of quotas is expected to:		
a. reduce the country's current account balance, if oth		
b. increase the country's current account balance, if of		
c. have no impact on the country's current account ba	· ·	
d. increase the volume of a country's trade with other	countries.	
42. Without international capital flows, there would be and the cost of funding would be regardless of the first		across all risk levels,
a. more; lower		
b. more; higher		
c. less; lower		
d. less; higher		
43 purchases more U.S. exports than the other coun	tries listed here.	
a. Italy		
b. Spain		
c. Mexico		
d. Canada		

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44. According to the "J-curve effect," a we result in an initial in the current accordance a. decrease; increase		
b. increase; decrease		
c. decrease; decrease		
d. increase; increase		
45. The direct foreign investment positions direct foreign investment have generally a. increased; increased		time. Restrictions by governments on
b. increased; decreased		
c. decreased; decreased		
d. decreased; increased		
46. Which of the following will probably neverything else remains constant)?	ot result in an increase in a country's cur	rrent account balance (assuming
a. a decrease in the country's rate of in	flation	
b. a decrease in the country's national	income level	
c. an increase in government restrictio	ns in the form of tariffs or quotas	
d. an appreciation of the country's curr	rency	
e. All of these will result in an increase	ed current account balance.	
47. Intracompany trade makes up more tha	n percent of all international trade.	
a. 50		
b. 70		
c. 25		
d. 13		
e. 5		
48. The primary income component in a coa. grants.	untry's current account may reflect inco	ome received due to:
b. direct foreign investment.		
c. aid.		
d. gifts.		
49. As a result of the European Union, rest a. member countries and the United St	-	educed or eliminated.
b. member countries		
c. member countries and European nor	nmembers	
d. None of these are correct.		
50. The General Agreement on Tariffs and		r:
a. increased trade restrictions outside l		
h lower trade restrictions around the v	vorld	

c. uniform environmental standards around the world.

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d. uniform worker health laws.		
51. Over the last several years, internation	al trade has generally:	
a. increased for most major countries.		
b. decreased for most major countries.		
c. stayed about constant for most major	or countries.	
d. increased for about half the major c	ountries and decreased for the others.	
52. Which of the following is a key composic account)?	onent that determines a country's primary	y income (within the country's current
a. direct foreign investment		
b. international trade		
c. tax rates		
d. gifts		
53. Also known as the "central banks' cent regard to international transactions.	ral bank," the attempts to facilitate	cooperation among countries with
a. World Bank	IEC)	
b. International Finance Corporation (IFC)	
c. World Trade Organization	Gen (IDA)	
d. International Development Associa		
e. Bank for International Settlements	(RI2)	
54. Which of the following is not a goal of	the International Monetary Fund (IMF)	?
a. To promote cooperation among cou	intries on international monetary issues	
b. To promote stability in exchange ra		
c. To enhance a country's long-term e	conomic growth via the extension of stru	uctural adjustment loans
d. To promote free trade		
e. To promote free mobility of capital	funds across countries	
55. The term "dumping" refers to the:		
a. exporting of goods that do not meet	quality standards.	
b. sale of junk bonds to foreign countr		
c. removal of foreign subsidiaries by t	he host government.	
d. exporting of goods at prices below	cost.	
56. Direct foreign investment into the Unit	ed States represents a	
a. capital inflow		
b. trade inflow		
c. capital outflow		
d. trade outflow		
57. Which of the following would likely ha	ave the least direct influence on a countr	ry's current account?
a. inflation		

b. national income

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c. exchange rates		
d. tariffs		
e. a tax on income earned from	om foreign stocks	
S	ntioned in the text as a possible means by which the rease its exports or reduce its imports)?	he government may attempt to improve
a. The government could att	empt to reduce its home currency's value.	
b. The government could red	uire firms to engage in outsourcing.	
c. The government could pro	ovide subsidies to importers.	

- d. All of these are mentioned.
- 59. Like the International Monetary Fund (IMF), the _____ is composed of a number of nations as members. However, unlike the IMF, it uses the private rather than the government sector to achieve its objectives.
 - a. World Bank
 - b. International Finance Corporation (IFC)
 - c. World Trade Organization (WTO)
 - d. International Development Association (IDA)
 - e. Bank for International Settlements (BIS)
- 60. The demand for U.S. exports tends to increase when:
 - a. economic growth in foreign countries decreases.
 - b. the currencies of foreign countries strengthen against the dollar.
 - c. U.S. inflation rises.
 - d. None of these are correct.
- 61. The International Finance Corporation was established to promote economic development:
 - a. in Asia through grants to businesses.
 - b. by providing nonsubsidized loans (at market interest rates) to governments and their agencies.
 - c. by providing low-interest-rate loans (below-market rates) to poor nations.
 - d. through the private sector by providing loans to corporations and investing in their stock.
- 62. Which of the following countries purchases the largest amount of exports by U.S. firms?
 - a. Mexico
 - b. Japan
 - c. Canada
 - d. France
- 63. Which of the following statements is not true?
 - a. Exporters commonly complain that they are being mistreated because the currency of their country is too weak.
 - b. Outsourcing affects the balance of trade because it means that a service is purchased in another country.
 - c. Sometimes, trade policies are used to punish countries for various actions.
 - d. Tariffs imposed by the EU have caused some friction between EU countries that commonly import products and other EU countries.
 - e. All of these are true.

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	ions, called for lower tariffs around the wo	rld.
a. General Agreement on Tariffs an	d Trade (GATT)	
b. North American Free Trade Agre	eement (NAFTA)	
c. Single European Act of 1987		
d. European Union Accord		
e. None of these are correct.		
65. The World Bank's Multilateral Inves	stment Guarantee Agency (MIGA):	
a. offers various forms of export in	surance.	
b. offers various forms of import in	surance.	
c. offers various forms of exchange	rate risk insurance.	
d. provides loans to developing cou	ntries.	
e. offers various forms of political i	risk insurance.	
permission manufacture video games an	ance-of-trade surplus with the country of Thad DVDs that look almost exactly like the ce U.S. balance-of-trade surplus with Thor.	original products produced in the United
** 0		
b. reduce; piracy		
c. increase; piracyd. increase; flipping		
d. increase, impping		
67. Which of the following is not a result	lt of the North American Free Trade Agree	ement (NAFTA)?
a. increased trade between the Unit	ed States and Central American countries	
b. increased imports by the United	States from Mexico	
c. increased exports by U.S. firms t	o Mexico	
d. increased establishment of subsid	liaries in Mexico by U.S. firms	
68. Which of the following is not likely trade deficit with Country Y?	to represent a strategy by the government of	of Country X to reduce its balance-of-
a. The government of Country X el	iminates environmental restrictions.	
b. The government of Country X su	absidizes firms in its country to facilitate du	ımping.
c. The government of Country X pr	rovides tax breaks to firms in specific indus	stries.
d. The government of Country X re	emoves a tariff on goods imported from Co	untry Y.
69. The International Development Asso a. in Asia through grants to busines	ociation was established to promote econorses.	mic development:
b. by providing nonsubsidized loan	s (at market interest rates) to governments	and their agencies.
	ans (below-market rates) to poor nations.	C .
• •	viding loans to corporations and investing	in their stock.
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	eciate against other currencies, this should tes are readily available in other countries,	

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a. increase		
b. have no impact on		
c. reduce		
d. All of these are equally possible.		
71. A country's net outflow of funds its into a. affects; affects	erest rates, and its economic	conditions.
b. affects; does not affect		
c. does not affect; does not affect		

- 72. Recently, the U.S. experienced an annual balance of trade representing a _____.
 - a. large surplus (exceeding \$100 billion)
 - b. small surplus

d. does not affect; affects

- c. level of zero
- d. deficit
- 73. The World Bank was established to reduce poverty and promote economic development:
 - a. in Asia through grants to businesses.
 - b. by providing nonsubsidized loans (at market interest rates) to governments and their agencies.
 - c. by providing low-interest-rate loans (below-market rates) to poor nations.
 - d. through the private sector by providing loans to corporations and investing in their stock.
- 74. The "J-curve" effect describes:
 - a. the continuous long-term inverse relationship between a country's current account balance and the country's growth in gross domestic product.
 - b. the short-run tendency for a country's balance of trade to deteriorate even while its currency is depreciating.
 - c. the tendency for exporters to initially reduce the price of goods when their own currency appreciates.
 - d. the tendency of a country's currency to initially depreciate after the country's inflation rate declines.

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Answer Key		
1. True		
2. False		
3. True		
4. True		
5. True		
6. False		
7. True		
8. False		
9. True		
10. True		
11. True		
12. False		
13. False		
14. False		
15. False		
16. True		
17. False		
18. True		
19. False		
20. False		
21. False		
22. False		
23. False		
24. False		
25. True		

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26. True		
27. False		
28. False		
29. False		
30. d		
31. c		
32. d		
33. a		
34. a		
35. b		
36. b		
37. b		
38. a		
39. d		
40. d		
41. b		
42. d		
43. d		
44. a		
45. b		
46. d		
47. a		
48. b		
49. b		
50. b		
51.5		

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52. a		
53. e		
54. c		
55. d		
56. a		
57. e		
58. a		
59. b		
60. b		
61. d		
62. c		
63. a		
64. a		
65. e		
66. b		
67. a		
68. d		
69. c		
70. c		
71. a		
72. d		
73. b		
74. b		