# **Chapter 2 - The Promotion Industry**

TR	TI	$\mathbb{R}/2$	FΔ	T	SI	F

1.	While many facets of advertising have undergone a great deal of change since the early days of advertising, the goal of the industry has remained constant.									
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p	p. 25	
2.	The li	fting of federal	"cross	-ownership" re	striction	ns has caused a	consol	lida	lation of media options.	
	ANS: OBJ:	T 2-1	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p	p. 25	
3.									in sales promotions, eve al advertising efforts.	nt
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p	o. 26–27	
4.	advert		becaus	e of the introdu					a barrier to quality their contribution to an	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p	o. 26–27	
5.		the amount sport states.	ent on a	dvertising acro	ss the v	world has increa	ased, it	ha	as actually decreased in t	he
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p	p. 28	
6.	Differ budge		rketers	each use adver	tising s	omewhat differ	rently, o	dej	pending on how big their	• ·
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p	o. 29	
7.	Adver	tising by social	organi	zations at the n	ational	level is commo	on but n	not	t at state and local levels.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p	o. 31	
8.						of maintaining of one to an exter			ty about the brand while cy.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p	p. 33	

9.	Calvin Klein, and Revlon have developed their own in-house agencies because of economic reasons, and the fact that their in house agencies have brand specific control over and knowledge of their own marketing activities.								
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 33	
10.	budget	t clients includi	ing Air-	Tran and Bom	bardier		mpany	select list of relatively smaller is nevertheless considered a vices.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 32	
11.	Interac	ctive agencies h	nelp adv	vertisers prepar	e comn	nunications for	new me	edia on the world wide web.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 32–33	
12.	DeeAnne Watson ensures that research is part of each creative development decision; she is a media planner.								
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 37	
13.		-		at used by cons of the media sp		-	hereby	the advertiser and the agency	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 39	
14.		le a variety of d						direct response agencies) arge websites as one of their	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 34	
15.								IcDonald's. This is an h at the Golden Arches.	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 32–33	
MUL	MULTIPLE CHOICE								
1.	<ul><li>a. Mo</li><li>b. A</li><li>c. Th</li></ul>	edia proliferati return to strict	on and 25% co Agency	consolidation. ommission com Consolidation a	pensati	the advertising on for advertisi balization.			

DIF: Moderate

ANS: B

PTS: 1

REF: p. 25

OBJ: 2-1

2.	a. in b. lo c. ui	tisers are shifti terested in consoking to a broan occurred in the ruggling to reco	solidatir der ranş he stren	ng via digital m ge of promotion gths of promot	nedia. nal tool ional to	ools.	becaus	e they are
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Difficult	REF:	p. 27
3.	that en	Illy Media coind mphasize nline download nline privacy	_	hrase Web 2.0	c.	to a second ger online collabo online isolation	oration	n of Web users and services
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 28
4.	a. \$2	y, expenditures 25 billion 50 billion	worldw	ide on all form	s of pro c. d.		:	
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 28
5.	all have a. us b. ar c. er	we one thing in se advertising b te the most pror- ngage in interna- te resellers of pro-	commo etter than inent u	n. They all an small manuf asers of promot dvertising.	facturers tion.			d States, it is clear that they p. 29–30
	OBJ:		115.	1	DH.	Wioderate	KLI.	p. 25 30
6.	a. so b. ca c. so	Inited States feet y is spent in two ocial issue adve- design adverti- ocial issue adve- ttery advertisin	o areas. rtising a ising an rtising a	Those areas are and armed forces and political ca	es recru recruit mpaign	itment. ment. advertising.	n in IM	C expenses. Most of that
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 31
7.	a. w b. in c. tra	•	Simpati zations mpanies	co Foods, Inc.		ern Pacific Raili like Sears, The		d and McDonald's
	ANS: OBJ:		PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 30

8.	Event sponsorships of specializes in this for a. An advertising reb. A client c. An event-plannind. An accounting fi	rm of advertising in the search firm	is called:		rade marke	ts. The type of agency th	ıat
	ANS: C OBJ: 2-3	PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p	. 35	
9.	expanding into a new new market? a. the advertiser bea b. an advertising ag	w market. What ty cause they know t gency because it is tator like a marke	pe of firm m the product b s imaginative ting or adve	est ertising researce	the research	oduct and is interested in needed to expand into	
	ANS: C OBJ: 2-4	PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p	. 41	
10.		emente, California a golf course on t mplish this. The c	a next to the the property company mig	Nixon retreat. as well and no	. However, eeds help was of the follow rketing con	owing to assist in the	
	ANS: B OBJ: 2-4	PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p	. 41	
11.	There are many types advertisers prepare coa. Production facilib. Communication	ommunications fo tators	or new media c.		research fir	help advertisers he	lp
	ANS: D OBJ: 2-3	PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p	. 32–33	
12.	Which of the followi a. kiosks b. directories	ng is considered t	c.	nent of interac satellite radi cable televis	io	?	
	ANS: A OBJ: 2-3	PTS: 1	DIF:	Moderate	REF: p	. 32	
13.	A(n) agency is a. in-house b. interactive	often referred to a	c.	ising departm media-buyir creative bou	ng	a firm.	
	ANS: A OBJ: 2-3	PTS: 1	DIF:	Easy	REF: p	. 33	
14.	The person in an adv values into advertisir			with the clie	ent in transla	ating cultural and consu	nei

	<ul><li>a. account executive.</li><li>b. director of production.</li></ul>			d.	administrativ		
	ANS: A OBJ: 2-3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 36
15.	is responsible audience. a. The research deb. Creative and pro	partmen	t	c.	ts that express  Account serv  The direct-ma	ices	efits of a brand to a target
	ANS: B OBJ: 2-3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 36–37
16.	One method of ager recommend the mos a. the fee system. b. the markup char	st costly	media vehicles	availab c.		d is ystem.	dvertising agencies to em.
	ANS: D OBJ: 2-3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 38–39
17.	When an ad agency clients, it is using a. a commission syb. markup charges	ystem.	ompensation sy	c.	a fee system. a media comi	·	consultants or attorneys to bill system.
	ANS: C OBJ: 2-3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Easy	REF:	p. 39
18.	Dooley, Fishback and on the average salar a. the fee system. b. the fixed-fee system.	y of all t		a partic		nt. This harge s	ystem.
	ANS: A OBJ: 2-3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 39
19.	Recently, advertisin achievement of speca. fee-based b. pay-for-results			lient. T			hat are based upon own as compensation.
	ANS: B OBJ: 2-3	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 39–40
20.	than two decades. In	n an atter its comp an Poole d awaren s increas c consum	npt to serve its pensation packa en and Associat less es versus previ ler attitude towa	clients age to in es not a  ous yea ard bran	more efficientl nclude paymen agree to? ur nd	ly in a c	advertising agency for more competitive marketplace, the on results. If the client agrees
	ANS: B	PTS:	1	DIF:	Moderate	REF:	p. 40

OBJ: 2-3

- 21. Which of the following is an external facilitator?
  - a. public relations firm.
  - b. direct marketing firm.
  - c. marketing research provider
  - d. Internet web provider.
  - e. sales promotion agency.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 41

OBJ: 2-4

- 22. Which of the following is a promotion agency available to advertisers?
  - a. Direct marketing and database agency c. Event planning agency

b. An e-commerce agency d. All of these

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 32–35

OBJ: 2-3

- 23. Media organizations are essential to IMC because
  - a. link promoters and advertisers to consumers
  - b. they assist in creating and executing promotions
  - c. they are often consolidated in conglomerates
  - d. they offer both traditional and new media

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 42–43

OBJ: 2-5

24. Traditional media include all of the following except:

a. television c. magazines

b. websites d. radio

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 42–43

OBJ: 2-5

- 25. Which of the following is true of organizations whose audiences are primarily non-consumer business and government audiences?
  - a. They only use personal selling to further their business goals
  - b. Few rely on public relations to maintain their brand images
  - c. Many engage in IMC and use the full variety of IMC tools
  - d. They rely primarily on business journals written for their industries

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 43

OBJ: 2-5

#### Scenario 2-1

Golf America is a small, national golf company that owns and operates two dozen golf courses in sunbelt cities in the Southwest, Texas, Florida and North Carolina. The company prides itself on buying older courses and investing in them to increase membership, outside play, and update the facility. Members of existing clubs see tremendous changes in grounds, landscaping, food service and golf amenities when Golf America assumes ownership and management responsibilities. In each market in which it owned and operates, Golf America engages a marketing group or agency to assist with communications and promotions.

- 26. (Scenario 2-1) Golf America enters a new market in which the new course they have purchased has a fifty-year history in the community. It is important to the new owners to enhance the reputation of the course, continue the relationship with existing members, yet at the same time invite new members to join and sponsor promotions to entice outside play to fill in the unused tee times and maximize course revenues. Most likely, Golf America would engage the following type of agency to manage its relationships:
  - a. Full-service advertising agency.b. Promotional agency.c. Interactive agency.d. Creative boutique.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 32

OBJ: 2-3

- 27. (Scenario 2-1) Golf America has decided against forming an in-house advertising agency because it feels it needs representation in local markets from people who have established reputations. What other reason would there be NOT to form an in-house agency?
  - a. Golf America is excellent at golf management.
  - b. Golf America knows golf, but does not have employees who are experts in advertising.
  - c. Golf America courses are noted for challenging design.
  - d. All the pros that work for the company are sanctioned golf professionals

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 33

OBJ: 2-3

28. (Scenario 2-1) Golf America just purchased a new golf course in Palm Springs. The course has long been the home of a "celebrity" golf tournament that in recent years has not been well attended. In order to spur interest in the tournament, Golf America decides to hire Golf Events & Tournaments, Inc. Which type of agency has Golf America hired for this project?

a. Trade Reseller. c. Media Buying Firm.

b. Marketing Research Firm. d. Promotion Agency.

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 34–35

OBJ: 2-3

29. (Scenario 2-1) Golf America is also considering hiring an external facilitator to develop an on-line presence and sell golf membership, tee times at its courses and golf merchandise from its proshops on-line. What type of firm might it hire?

a. an e-commerce agency.b. an information intermediator.c. a direct-marketing expert.d. a media conglomerate.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 34

OBJ: 2-3

## Scenario 2-2

Brush Strokes is an art supply store located in a town with a population of about 100,000 people. The town is also home to a major state university. Brush Strokes gets a majority of its business from the student population. It has used the services of a local full-service advertising agency in the past. A great majority of its marketing budget has gone toward running small advertisements in the local and school newspapers at the beginning of each term. The advertising agency is now recommending that Brush Strokes devote a majority of its budget to running television spots during broadcasts of the university's football and basketball games. While the owners of Brush Strokes agree that they could be doing a better job of reaching the student population, they have not come to any conclusions about the best way to accomplish this.

30. (Scenario 2-2) In all likelihood, with which one of the following would Brush Strokes's full service agency be least qualified to handle?

- a. Forecasting dividend earnings of stockholders.
- b. Creating a 30-second television commercial
- c. Interpreting research on the student market
- d. Creating a competitive position against other art supply stores

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 32

OBJ: 2-3

31. (Scenario 2-2) The owners of Brush Strokes have called a meeting with their agency to determine how Brush Strokes can benefit best from its advertising. The one agency department that must be represented at this meeting is

a. account services. c. media-planning services.

b. administrative services. d. creative services.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 36

OBJ: 2-3

32. (Scenario 2-2) The agency has informed Brush Strokes that if Brush Strokes agrees to its recommendation, the agency will have to rely heavily on outside sources. In all likelihood, the area the agency will seek the most help in will be

a. developing the strategy behind the spots. c. producing the spots.

b. creating the ideas for the spots.

d. assessing the effectiveness of the spots.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 41–42

OBJ: 2-4

- 33. (Scenario 2-2) As a small business, Brush Strokes is always looking for ways to trim its expenses. Which one of the following would be an effective strategy?
  - a. Move consumer advertising in house.
  - b. Assign the project to a media conglomerate.
  - c. Shift half the advertising budget to an interactive agency specializing in college age target audiences
  - d. Use a media-buying service.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 32–33

OBJ: 2-3

#### Scenario 2-3

ABC television network notified the Miss America Organization that it would not pick up the show for broadcast in 2005, leaving the pageant without a major broadcast outlet for the first time in 50 years. The news cannot have come as a shock to the Miss America Organization. A little more than a decade ago, the competition that started as an Atlantic City publicity stunt had grown to about 27 million viewers; in 2004, it drew a record-low 9.8 million, with the median age of the Miss America audience at 51. ABC paid \$5.6 million for broadcast rights to the pageant in 2003. ABC, which took over the pageant after 30-year sponsor NBC bowed out, was not doing Miss America any favors airing it on Saturdays -- a low-viewership night. ("No More Miss America Pageantry for ABC," *Washington Post.com*, Lisa de Moraes,

October 21, 2004)

- 34. (Scenario 2-3) The Miss America Pageant has had a struggle over the last few years in gaining the viewers and resulting ratings and advertising revenues from airing the program on network television. The board of directors of the pageant has considered simulcasting the event live on the Internet. What kind of organization might be helpful in planning the webcast?
  - a. an advertiser. c. a consultant with the right expertise
  - b. an advertising agency. d. a creative boutique.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 41

OBJ: 2-4

- 35. (Scenario 2-3) One of the problems the Miss America Pageant has encountered has been an indifference or sometimes negative response to beauty pageants in general. Many viewers are critical of the swimsuit contest, which awards points for physical characteristics. The pageant feels the competition is integral to the overall program and wants to educate the public about why the swimsuit competition is included and how it contributes to a well-rounded program. To achieve its goals in this area, the pageant might employ the services of:
  - a. a public relations specialist.
  - b. in-house agency.
  - c. media-buying service.
  - d. media departments at their full-service agency.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 35

OBJ: 2-3

36. (Scenario 2-3) One of the events new to the pageant this year is a sweepstakes in which the lucky viewer who predicts the winner will be awarded one million dollars at the end of the live broadcast. To oversee this new component of the event, the pageant should hire the following:

a. a new full service ad agency c. a sales promotion agency.

b. new pageant emcee d. an event planning agency

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 35

OBJ: 2-3

- 37. (Scenario 2-3) The pageant's board of directors has come to the realization that the one night event is the only aspect that the general public equates to the Miss America contest. In reality, the event lasts year round with pageants in all fifty states during the year leading up to the nationally televised event. The board has selected a new full-service agency to tie all the events together in a cohesive marketing program including an interactive component. To do this, the agency will focus on:
  - a. IMC using the full spectrum of promotional tools
  - b. development of a new brand logo
  - c. creating a compelling new ad campaign
  - d. a website directed to a new younger audience

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 32

OBJ: 2-3

#### Scenario 2-4

Advertising is a \$300-billion-per-year business in the United States. Understandably, competition for clients is fierce among advertising agencies. There are many different reasons why a client may choose to move its business to a new agency, but there is one constant. The agency that wins the business is celebrated by the press; the agency that loses the business, however, is typically forgotten fairly soon.

- 38. (Scenario 2-4) What type of agency might Subway select to promote its new line of sandwiches and bread to a national television audience?
  - a. Full-service advertising agency.

c. Creative boutique.

b. In-house advertising agency.

d. Internet publisher.

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 32

OBJ: 2-3

39. (Scenario 2-4) Kentucky Fried Chicken, a subsidiary of Yum! Brands, Inc. which owns A&W, KFC, Long John Silvers, Pizza Hut and Taco Bell restaurants, is the world's largest restaurant company with nearly 32,500 system units in more than 100 countries and territories. KFC is looking for a new advertising agency to assist with advertising in Mexico and Canada. The client feels that it would be best served by a very large agency offering a wide range of services. To have the most agencies to choose from, it should focus its search on agencies with headquarters in

a. Toronto.b. Paris.c. New York.d. Mexico City.

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 32

OBJ: 2-3

- 40. (Scenario 2-4) A client is unhappy because the work that its agency is turning out is constantly behind schedule and over budget. This client is likely to look for a new agency with
  - a. a stronger creative department.
  - b. stronger account management function
  - c. a stronger billing department.
  - d. a stronger marketing services department.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 36

OBJ: 2-3

41. (Scenario 2-4) During a new business presentation, an agency says that one reason it should get the business is that all of its different department teams are so well coordinated. The department that brings all the different efforts together on a day-to-day basis is

a. creative services. c. administrative services.

b. account services. d. marketing services.

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 36

OBJ: 2-3

- 42. (Scenario 2-4) A client has grown dissatisfied with its ad campaign. What is the best way the agency can respond?
  - a. Account management should first talk with the client about the nature of their dissatisfaction; then proceed with item "c" below.
  - b. Assemble the entire agency team assigned to this client and have a brainstorming session
  - c. Call on the planner to assemble data on how the ads are received by the target consumer, then call a meeting of Account Management, Creative, and Account planning with client executives to identify the best path forward
  - d. Blame on problems with the client's product line that no advertising should be expected to fix

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 36–37

OBJ: 2-3

# Scenario 2-5

Thomas Motors is an independent auto dealer in a metropolitan market dominated by a number of national franchise dealerships including General Motors, Ford, Daimler/Chrysler, and foreign imports Honda, Toyota and more. In order to maintain their share of market, Thomas must do significant advertising in a number of different media. They carry several different popular makes of automobiles, both foreign and domestic, and maintain a high level of inventory on their lot at all times.

- 43. (Scenario 2-5) Thomas Motors wants to better understand the media consumption behaviors of consumers in their target markets. As a result, they wish to conduct a marketing research project to learn more about this issue. Which of the following types of firms are they most likely to commission to do such work?
  - a. an advertiserb. an advertising agencyc. an external facilitatord. a media organization

ANS: C PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 41–42

OBJ: 2-4

44. (Scenario 2-5) The marketing director at Thomas has decided that the firm needs a creative slogan or theme to be used consistently in advertising to help position the firm in the minds of local consumers. Which of the following types of advertising agencies would likely be the best choice to accomplish this specific goal?

a. an interactive agency
b. a creative boutique
c. a full-service agency
d. an in-house agency

ANS: B PTS: 1 DIF: Easy REF: p. 32

OBJ: 2-3

45. (Scenario 2-5) Thomas' management has budgeted \$1,000,000 for television advertising for the coming year. How much can their advertising agency expect to earn from this commitment using a *traditional* commission system compensation plan?

a. \$10,000b. \$15,000c. \$100,000d. \$150,000

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 38–39

OBJ: 2-3

46. (Scenario 2-5) Thomas is very interested in collecting information on customer purchase transaction histories of all consumers that have purchased new vehicles in the metropolitan area during the past two years. Which of the following types of external facilitators will they most likely contract to do such work for them?

a. a marketing research firm c. a production facilitator

b. a consultant d. an information intermediator

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 41

OBJ: 2-4

47. (Scenario 2-5) To stimulate more consumer traffic at the dealership, Thomas Motors has decided to offer a chance to win a free automobile for anyone who comes in and test drives any vehicle on their lot. Which of the following types of organizations are they most likely to employ to design and operate this contest?

a. a public relations firm c. a direct marketing firm

b. a full-service advertising agency d. a sales promotion specialist

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 34

OBJ: 2-3

# Scenario 2-6

SC Johnson & Son produces a wide variety of very popular consumer products such as Shout<sup>®</sup>, Windex<sup>®</sup>, Mr. Muscle<sup>®</sup>, Ziploc<sup>®</sup>, Edge<sup>®</sup>, Glade<sup>®</sup>, Vanish<sup>®</sup>, Raid<sup>®</sup>, OFF!<sup>®</sup>, Pledge<sup>®</sup>, Scrubbing Bubbles<sup>®</sup> Bathroom Cleaner. These products are in highly competitive markets and require substantial investments in consumer promotion to maintain market share.

48. (Scenario 2-6) SC Johnson is not interested in doing any of the duties associated with advertising research, creative development, or media placement. Which of the following types of organizations would likely be the best match for their needs?

a. a full-service agencyb. a creative boutiquec. a media buying serviced. an in-house agency

ANS: A PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 32–35

OBJ: 2-3

49. (Scenario 2-6) SC Johnson has recently hired an advertising agency to help promote their products. Several of the senior managers have indicated that they are uncertain as to the specific benefits of advertising their consumer products. Which of the following departments of their agency should be involved in giving this information to this client?

a. administrative servicesb. marketing research servicesc. creative servicesd. account services

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 63

OBJ: 2-3

50. (Scenario 2-6) SC Johnson managers have agreed that their advertising agency will be compensated based on measures of audience awareness of their consumer products. This indicates that they have chosen a \_\_\_\_\_ compensation program for their agency.

a. commission c. markup

b. fee d. pay-for-results

ANS: D PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 39–40

OBJ: 2-3

# **ESSAY**

1. There are several key aspects of change that are affecting the structure of the advertising industry. Please discuss the four trends discussed in the book.

## ANS:

- (1) The "undoing" of consolidation and globalization. The advertising industry has just come out of a period of extreme consolidation, which was occurring in two ways. Full-service agencies were acquiring and merging with other full-service agencies and interactive shops. Globalization occurred through mergers, partnerships and acquisitions. However, these mega agencies have not satisfied all the needs for all clients. It is unlikely that the giant agencies will dismantle all they have created. Some advertising clients are pleased to be able to consolidate all their integrated marketing communication (IMC) needs with one shop. But there is enough burden on the agencies from debt and conflict of interest that some unconsolidation will most certainly take place.
- (2) The proliferation of cable television, direct marketing technology, Web options, and alternative new media has caused a proliferation of media options, while agency consolidation may just be starting. Control of media has always been a driving force behind many media companies. But there has always been a legal barrier to just how much control any one media company could acquire. In turn, the evolution of media options has spawned new specialized agencies to sell and manage these new media opportunities
- (3) While the media industry may be consolidating into fewer and fewer large firms with more control, that does not mean that there are fewer media options. Quite the contrary is true. There are more ways to *try* to reach consumers than ever before. Advertisers are looking to the full complement of promotional opportunities in sales promotions (like the Miller chairs), event sponsorships, new media options, and public relations as means to support and enhance the primary advertising effort for brands.

(4) Historically, advertisers controlled information and the flow of information as a one-way communication through mass media. But, as the introductory scenario highlights, consumers are now in greater control of the information they receive about product categories and the brands within those categories. The simplest and most obvious example is when consumers log on to the Internet and visit sites they choose to visit for either information or shopping. But it gets a lot more complicated from there. The emergence of **blogs**, websites frequented by individuals with common interest where they can post facts, opinions, and personal experiences, are emerging as a new and sophisticated sources of product and brand information. Another new and dramatic example of consumer control is the growth of digital video recorders (DVRs), like TiVo, which allow TV viewers to essentially skip broadcast advertising.

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 25–28 OBJ: 2-1

2. The definition of an advertising agency is "an independent organization of professionals who provide creative and business services to clients related to planning, preparing, and placing advertisements." List the major agency departments involved in each one of these phases (planning, preparing, and placing). In general terms, describe the role each department plays.

## ANS:

The planning phase is dominated by account services. Account services managers identify benefits, target audiences, and develop positioning. The media services department is also involved in the planning process, as it comes up with the most effective plan to reach the target audience. The preparing phase is dominated by creative services, which translates the benefits into creative concepts. Production services assists in the preparation of the ads. The placing phase is dominated by mediaplanning and -buying services, which buys the media space. Throughout the entire process, the traffic department (part of administrative services) makes sure deadlines are being met.

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 36–38 OBJ: 2-3

3. One of the trends in the advertising industry today is the fragmentation of marketing budgets. Advertising agencies can continue to get a healthy share of their clients' business by redesigning their role and structure. List three departments that a full-service agency can add to accomplish this. Explain what each of these departments is responsible for.

## ANS:

(1) A public relations department handles the needs of organizations regarding relationships with the local community, competitors, industry associations, and government organizations. The goal of public relations efforts is to communicate information about a firm, its products, and its employees so as to achieve public awareness, understanding, and good will. (2) A sales promotion department designs and operates contests, sweepstakes, special displays, or couponing campaigns for advertisers. (3) A direct-marketing department maintains large databases of mailing lists as one of its services. It can also design direct-marketing campaigns either through the mail or by telemarketing. (4) Event-marketing departments help clients identify whether and how to sponsor major events and local community events. (5) Interactive media departments can help advertisers prepare communications for new media like the Internet, interactive kiosks, and interactive television.

PTS: 1 DIF: Difficult REF: p. 34–35 OBJ: 2-3

4. A company that you work for has asked you to write a brief report that evaluates the advantages and disadvantages of creating an in-house agency. What points would you consider in your report?

ANS:

An in-house agency provides greater coordination and control throughout the advertising process. An in-house agency has greater knowledge and control over marketing activities. Plus, a firm can keep any media commissions that would have gone to an outside agency. However, in-house agencies suffer from a lack of objectivity. In addition, it's hard to match the breadth and depth of experience offered by an external agency.

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 33–34 OBJ: 2-3

5. Briefly explain the three major methods of agency compensation. Outline any advantages or disadvantages associated with each system.

## ANS:

The commission system is based on the amount of money the advertiser spends on media. Under this method, 15 percent of the total amount billed by the media organization is retained by the advertising agency as compensation for all costs in creating advertising for the client. This system can create pressure on agencies to recommend the most expensive media options.

With a fee system, compensation is based on an agreed-upon hourly rate for services provided. A variation on the fee system, the fixed-fee system, is based on a single fee charged for a project. Unless the agency and client agree precisely as to what services are covered by the fee, serious rifts can result.

Recently many advertisers and agencies alike have been working on compensation programs called pay-for-results that base the agency's fee on the achievement of agreed-upon results.

PTS: 1 DIF: Moderate REF: p. 38–40 OBJ: 2-3