
Take Test: Quiz - Week 9 Knowledge Check

Test Information

Description

Instructions

Multiple Attempts Not allowed. This test can only be taken once.

Force Completion This test can be saved and resumed later.

✖ Question Completion Status:

QUESTION 1

1. Ana is a 14-year-old female and has not yet started her menstrual cycle. The history is noncontributory and the physical is normal. Mom started her menstrual cycle at 14-years of age. Ana's breast development and pubic hair began about a year ago. Mom is very concerned. The most appropriate initial step would be to

- a Draw LH and FSH levels
- b Do a pregnancy test
- c Obtain a buccal smear for chromosomal analysis
- d Reassure, educate the family, and follow up if her cycle has not started in 12 months.

1 points

QUESTION 2

1. Hypercholesterolemia in children older than 2 is defined as a total cholesterol at or above

- a 100 mg/dL
- b 130 mg/dL
- c 160 mg/dL
- d 200 mg/dL

1 points

QUESTION 3

1. The most common presentation of Hirschsprung disease is which of the following?

- a An abdominal mass

- b Diarrhea
- c Infrequent bowel movements
- d Sepsis

1 points

QUESTION 4

1. Which of the following is *not* a sign or symptom of congenital hypothyroidism?

- a Lethargy
- b Hoarse cry
- c Frequent stooling
- d Coarse features

1 points

QUESTION 5

1. Which of the following is *not* found in an adolescent with untreated Graves' disease?

- a Tachycardia
- b Tendency to gain weight easily
- c Behavioral problems
- d Sleep disturbances

1 points

QUESTION 6

1. Dave, age 17, has gynecomastia. You should also assess him for

- a Obesity
- b Testicular cancer
- c Endocrine abnormalities
- d Tuberculosis

1 points

QUESTION 7

1. The peak incidence of osteosarcoma is

- a 4-7 years of age
- b 8-11 years of age
- c 12-14 years of age
- d 15-19 years of age

1 points

QUESTION 8

1. A teenage female who is overweight has moderate acne on the face and chest, and irregular menses. Elevation of which laboratory test provides the test evidence of polycystic ovarian syndrome?

- a androstenedione
- b dehydroepiandrosterone sulfate
- c free testosterone
- d prolactin

1 points

QUESTION 9

1. Robert, your 15-year-old male patient, is here today for a well visit. He is tall in stature and has increased arm span, laxity of joints, pectus excavatum, and an abnormal echocardiogram. Which of the following diagnosis would you suspect Robert as having?

- a Marfan syndrome
- b Turner syndrome
- c Beckwith Wiedemann syndrome
- d Klinefelter syndrome

1 points

QUESTION 10