

## Multiple Choice

1. From a sociological point of view it is important to point out that
- there is an ideal family arrangement.
  - there is no arrangement that can universally be identified as the family.
  - a family must include one man, one woman, and children.
  - the number of family arrangements are getting out of hand.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 401

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Chapter opener

NOTES: Pickup

2. A functionalist would argue that family life is structured to
- devalue reproductive work.
  - maintain and perpetuate social inequalities.
  - support order and stability in society.
  - foster racial divisions and boundaries.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 405

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

3. In the United States, 27 percent of children live in a household in which no parent has secure employment. This means that no parent
- was employed.
  - was employed by the same employer for an entire year.
  - worked at a job that was secure from outsourcing.
  - worked 35 or more hours per week for at least 50 weeks in the past year.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 406

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

4. A family passes on social privileges and social disadvantages to its members, thereby perpetuating the system of inequality. This viewpoint coincides with which one of the following sociological perspectives?
- symbolic interaction
  - conflict theory
  - functionalist
  - structural strain theory

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 406

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

5. A conflict theorist would argue that families are structured to
- value reproductive work.
  - confer social statuses that are unequal.
  - provide care and emotional support.
  - perpetuate social equality.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 406

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

6. In the United States, children who live with \_\_\_\_\_ are most likely to live in secure parental employment households.
- the mother only
  - grandparents
  - the father only
  - both parents

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 406

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

7. Sara marries someone who is a member of the religion to which she belongs. With regard to religion, Sara has followed the norm of
- patrilocal groups.
  - endogamy.
  - exogamy.
  - monogamy.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 408

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

8. At one time (before 1967), the United States had laws prohibiting marriages between people classified as white and nonwhite. Those laws enforced
- polyandry.
  - monogamy.

- c. endogamy.
- d. exogamy.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 408

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

9. In the United States, race and ethnic categories persist in part because most people “choose” partners that they believe belong to their own racial category. This practice is known as

- a. polyandry.
- b. monogamy.
- c. endogamy.
- d. exogamy.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 408

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

10. In which country is the fertility rate likely to be among the lowest in the world?

- a. Japan
- b. Afghanistan
- c. Kenya
- d. United States

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 409

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

11. Japan’s \_\_\_\_\_ is a major national concern.

- a. high death rate
- b. low dependency ratio
- c. low fertility rate
- d. high infant mortality rate

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 409

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

12. The *ie* family system in Japan was abolished during what time period?

- a. after WWI
- b. in 1898 with the rise of the Domestic Relations and Inheritance Laws
- c. after WWII, when the U.S. occupied Japan
- d. during the economic crisis of the 1990s

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 413

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

13. In Japan, men and women are reluctant to marry because of
- a. projected stresses associated with helping their children through the *juku* system.
  - b. fear of commitment.
  - c. tight bonds with parents.
  - d. psychological insecurities.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 414

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

14. The dramatic drop in the fertility rate in Japan can be attributed to all but which one of the following factors?
- a. the fall of the *ie* family system
  - b. the decline of arranged marriages
  - c. increased employment opportunities for women
  - d. the rise of the “parasite single”

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 412

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

15. In Japan, the population of working single adults (22 and older) that live with their parents while contributing little to household expenses is known as
- a. the baby boom generation.
  - b. spoiled singles.
  - c. parasite singles.
  - d. mama’s boys and girls.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 413

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

16. In Japan, the *juku* pressure is stressful for everyone involved, but especially for
- children.
  - fathers.
  - grandparents.
  - mothers.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 414

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

17. In Afghanistan which one of the following statements applies to the family system?
- The government is the source of economic and social support.
  - Family households are largely nuclear.
  - The family structure is matriarchical.
  - Infertility is a frightening social stigma.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 414

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

18. Which statement describes the role of males relative to females in Afghanistan?
- Females are considered superior to males.
  - The Afghan family is female dominated.
  - The ideal mate for a son is a first cousin.
  - Women are expected to want children, especially a daughter.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 414

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

19. Sociologist Kingsley Davis wrote about an economic arrangement in which the man's economic role was the link between the family and the wider market economy, and the woman's role was confined to running the household. Davis called that economic arrangement the
- fortified household.
  - breadwinner system.
  - advanced market household.
  - traditional system.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 421

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: Pickup

20. The heyday of the breadwinner system in the United States was

- a. between 1860 and 1920.
- b. between 1920 and 1960.
- c. in the 1950s.
- d. in the 1970s and 1980s.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 421

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: Pickup

21. The breadwinner system that Davis described did not last because it placed too much strain on husbands and wives. The strain stemmed from all but one of the following sources:

- a. Never before had the roles of husband and wife been so distant.
- b. Never before had women played such an indirect role in producing what the family consumed.
- c. Never before had men had it so easy relative to the role of women.
- d. Never before had men had to bear the sole responsibility of supporting the family.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 422

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: Pickup

22. We know that the Industrial Revolution separated the workplace from the home and altered the division of labor between men and women. More specifically,

- a. the woman came to produce most of what her family consumed.
- b. the economic value of women and children increased.
- c. the man became the link between the family and the wider market economy.
- d. the man's role changed from stressful to carefree.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 421

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: Pickup

23. Under this system, "the man's economic role became, in one sense, more important to the family, for he was the link between the family and the wider market economy." This system is

- a. the extended family.
- b. the dual income family.
- c. the breadwinner system.

d. traditional households.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 421

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: Pickup

24. Why might someone who suffers physical and/or mental abuse at the hands of a partner not take action to change the situation? The least likely answer to this question is

- a. when the abuser is physically stronger.
- b. when the person being abused does not have the financial resources to leave.
- c. when the abused lack access to police or other sanctioned agents of violence control.
- d. when the person has the financial resources to leave.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 416

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

25. In \_\_\_\_\_, marriage between men and women from different families does little to increase a family's wealth or political power.

- a. low-technological tribal societies
- b. fortified households
- c. private households
- d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

26. Sociologist Randall Collins argues that women must \_\_\_\_\_ if they are to be men's equals.

- a. be valued as mothers
- b. have access to combat roles in the military
- c. have access to agents of violence control (police)
- d. become involved in athletics at an early age

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

27. The relatively permanent claim to exclusive rights over a particular person relates to the concept of

- a. sexual property.
- b. tribal property.
- c. reproductive property.
- d. rites of passages.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

28. In \_\_\_\_\_ the honored male is one who can protect his property and conquer others' property.
- a. low-technological tribal societies
  - b. fortified households
  - c. private households
  - d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

29. In \_\_\_\_\_ the available technology does not permit the creation of surplus wealth.
- a. low-technological tribal societies
  - b. fortified households
  - c. private households
  - d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

30. In \_\_\_\_\_ men assume the role of breadwinner.
- a. low-technological tribal societies
  - b. fortified households
  - c. private households
  - d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 418

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup



31. In \_\_\_\_\_ women can enter relationships offering income and other personal achievements.
- a. low-technological tribal societies
  - b. fortified households
  - c. private households
  - d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 418

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

32. In \_\_\_\_\_ women can offer men an income and other personal achievements.
- a. low-technological tribal societies
  - b. fortified households
  - c. private households
  - d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 418

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

33. Research shows that generally lesbian and gay partnerships without children approach which household type?
- a. low-technology tribal societies
  - b. fortified households
  - c. private households
  - d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 419

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: New

34. One might argue that the so-called mid-life crisis derives from
- a. increased life expectancy.
  - b. declines in parental authority.
  - c. changing attributes toward elderly.
  - d. change in economic status of children.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 426

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: Pickup

35. The fact that few Afghan children attend kindergartens suggests that, in that country,
- a. life expectancy has increased.
  - b. parental authority is strong.
  - c. children are considered to be expensive to raise.
  - d. the country is at war.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 427

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: Pickup

36. For parents living in agricultural-dominated economies, children are likely to be a source of
- a. love and companionship.
  - b. economic investment.
  - c. friendship.
  - d. enhancement of adult identity.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 428

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: New

37. The increasing proportion of young adults aged 25 to 34 living with a parent (or even a grandparent) illustrates one way the \_\_\_\_\_ shapes intergenerational family relationships.
- a. loss of work ethic
  - b. economy
  - c. younger generation
  - d. lack of motivation

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 429

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: Pickup

38. As the number of married and unpartnered women with children entering the workforce increased, grandparents were called on to care for children while the mother worked. The trend illustrates one way the \_\_\_\_\_ shapes intergenerational family relationships.
- a. loss of work ethic
  - b. economy
  - c. younger generation
  - d. lack of motivation

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 429

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: Pickup

39. Formal care is caregiving done by a

- a. parent for a child.
- b. credentialed professional.
- c. responsible party.
- d. child for a parent.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 430

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

40. Ming drops by her neighbor's house every morning to check on a woman who cannot get out. Ming is engaged in

- a. informal care.
- b. formal care.
- c. caregiver burden.
- d. sociological ambivalence.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 430

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

41. People without legs cannot pedal a traditionally constructed bike but they can pedal with their hands and arms. This viewpoint speaks to the concept of

- a. caregiver burden.
- b. disability versus impairment.
- c. socialization.
- d. technological determinism.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 436

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

42. \_\_\_\_\_ is something society has imposed on those with physical and mental conditions that limit their ability to do something that others do with technological assistance.

- a. A disability
- b. An impairment

- c. Tyranny of the normal
- d. Technological determination

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 436

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

43. Jake is capable of cooking his own meals. The problem is that the stove has been designed for those who can stand (which he cannot). The dynamic described suggests Jake has

- a. a disability.
- b. an impairment.
- c. a defeatist attitude.
- d. a type A personality.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 436

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

44. Pam, who is wheel-chair bound, believes that the unimpaired see her life as not worth living. Pam is describing

- a. a disability.
- b. an impairment.
- c. the tyranny of the normal.
- d. survival of the fittest.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 436

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

45. Which one of the following points is not one that Connidis and McMullin make about gender differences regarding caregiving?

- a. Men are handed a legitimate excuse—employment—for not engaging in caretaking.
- b. Working women have fewer options than working men for resisting societal pressures to be caregivers.
- c. Women are part of a society that defines them as best able to care for others.
- d. Today, men and women feel equal pressure to engage in caregiving.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 432

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

46. Women's ambivalence toward caregiving is intensified by the expectation that they not only provide care, but that they also
- accept no pay for it.
  - derive satisfaction and fulfillment from it.
  - expect nothing in return.
  - remain in the workforce.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 432

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

47. Men are likely to experience a different kind of ambivalence when they engage in caregiving; their ambivalence relates to the
- intimate aspects.
  - time consuming aspects.
  - physically demanding aspects.
  - lack of payment.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 434

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New

48. When sociologists study the family they focus on
- legal family arrangements.
  - identifying an ideal family type.
  - social forces that affect ever-changing structures.
  - the nuclear family.

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 401

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Chapter opener

NOTES: New

49. Many white-appearing people have ancestors and relatives of African descent. Yet it is uncommon to see "whites" at Black Family Reunion events. This absence speaks to
- selective forgetting.
  - endogamy.
  - exogamy.
  - monogamy.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 403

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

50. Legal recognition of a family arrangement is important because laws

- a. define and enforce the kinds of people who can marry and be recognized as a family.
- b. reflects the natural order of things.
- c. encourage a diversity of family forms.
- d. are set in stone.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 404

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

51. Which of the following generalizations is true about the division of labor in heterosexual couple households with children?

- a. Since 1965 fathers have decreased the amount of time they spend doing house work.
- b. Fathers spend more hours in the workplace than mothers.
- c. Mothers and fathers divide household tasks equally.
- d. Mothers earn more money than fathers.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 407

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

52. From a conflict point of view families

- a. provide care and social support.
- b. replace members of society who die.
- c. socialize the young.
- d. foster social divisions and boundaries.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 407

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

53. Generally speaking the \_\_\_\_\_, the greater the number of children women will have.

- a. lower the maternal mortality
- b. lower the infant mortality
- c. higher the infant and maternal mortality rates
- d. greater the secure parental employment

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 411

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: New

54. Over the past 100 years or so, the structure of households has changed quite dramatically, most notably

- a. single-person households have increased.
- b. single-parent households have decreased.
- c. households with children living with two parents have increased.
- d. dual-career households have declined.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 421

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

55. Slaveholding households qualify as which one of the following types?

- a. low-technological tribal
- b. fortified
- c. private
- d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: New

56. In which one of the following household types are we most likely to see an increase in same-sex couple partnerships?

- a. low-technological tribal societies
- b. fortified households
- c. private households
- d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 418

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: New

57. In which one of the following household types are we most likely to see the emergence of drugs such as Cialis, an erectile dysfunction medication?

- a. low-technological tribal societies
- b. fortified households

- c. private households
- d. advanced market economies

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 418

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: New

58. We know from census data that there are 37.6 million people who need help with day-to-day activities. Most of the care can be classified as

- a. formal.
- b. informal.
- c. alienating experience.
- d. institutionalized.

ANSWER: b

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 430

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New

59. We impose \_\_\_\_\_ on people without legs when we assume that they cannot throw a ball.

- a. caregiver burden
- b. institutionalization
- c. disability
- d. defeatist attitude

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 436

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New

60. In family life men face considerably less pressure to assume caregiving roles. This lack of pressure is reinforced by

- a. a public that overpraises men when they engage in caregiving.
- b. increasing numbers of men in caretaking careers.
- c. men's public invisibility in caretaking roles.
- d. women's public invisibility in caregiving roles.

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 433

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New



61. From a \_\_\_\_\_ perspective, a family arrangement should be evaluated according to whether it meets the basic needs of its members.

- a. functionalist
- b. conflict
- c. symbolic interactionist
- d. feminist

ANSWER: a

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 439

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New

62. Because sociologists inspired by a \_\_\_\_\_ perspective focus on interaction and meaning, they would be interested in groups and people not legally recognized as family but who feel like family.

- a. functionalist
- b. conflict
- c. symbolic interactionist
- d. feminist

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 439

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.7

NOTES: New

63. From a \_\_\_\_\_ point of view family is in decline, not when the dominant form disappears, but when people have or feel no deep ties or commitments to others.

- a. functionalist
- b. conflict
- c. symbolic interactionist
- d. feminist

ANSWER: c

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 439

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.7

NOTES: New

64. Which one of the four sociological perspectives makes a special point to challenge any family form that privileges one gender over others?

- a. functionalist
- b. conflict
- c. symbolic interactionist
- d. feminist

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 439

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.02 - applied

TOPICS: Mod 11.7

NOTES: New

65. From a sociological point of view "new" family structures are
- by any definition, odd, dysfunctional, deviant.
  - cannot compete with a traditional family form.
  - problematic for children.
  - adaptations to social and demographic changes.

ANSWER: d

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 438

LEARNING OBJECTIVES: SSOC.FERR.15.01 - comprehensive

TOPICS: Mod 11.7

NOTES: New

True / False

66. Endogamy means marriage within one's social group.
- True
  - False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 408

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: Pickup

67. Afghanistan has one of the lowest fertility rates in the world.
- True
  - False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 409

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: Pickup

68. Relative to the United States, women in Japan have a very high maternal mortality rate.
- True
  - False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 410

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: New

69. Population pyramids are a snapshot of the age and sex composition of a population.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True  
POINTS: 1  
REFERENCES: 412  
TOPICS: Mod 11.2  
NOTES: New

70. For the most part, women living in Japan are expected to work after having children.
- a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False  
POINTS: 1  
REFERENCES: 414  
TOPICS: Mod 11.2  
NOTES: Pickup

71. Although Japan's labor laws forbid discrimination against women, it exists at every level (e.g., recruitment, hiring, training, compensation, and promotion).
- a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True  
POINTS: 1  
REFERENCES: 414  
TOPICS: Mod 11.2  
NOTES: New

72. In Afghanistan infertility is "a frightening social stigma" for woman.
- a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: True  
POINTS: 1  
REFERENCES: 414  
TOPICS: Mod 11.2  
NOTES: Pickup

73. Household structure has changed little in the U.S. since 1900.
- a. True
  - b. False

ANSWER: False  
POINTS: 1  
REFERENCES: 421  
TOPICS: Mod 11.4  
NOTES: Pickup

74. Under the breadwinner system, men assumed primary responsibility for financially supporting the entire family.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 421

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

75. In the U.S. the decline in total fertility began after married women entered labor force in large numbers.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 422

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: New

76. In the U.S. divorce rates increased after women entered the labor market in large numbers.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 423

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: New

77. In fortified households, women treat men as sexual property.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 417

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

78. Advanced market economies offer widespread employment opportunities for women.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 418

TOPICS: Mod 11.3

NOTES: Pickup

79. Divorce dissolves today's marriages at the same rate that death did 100 years ago.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 426

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: Pickup

80. Most caregiving in the U.S. is provided by formal caregivers.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 430

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

81. From a sociological point of view a disability is something society has imposed.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 435

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

82. Men are part of a world that tells them they are not naturally suited to provide care.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 433

TOPICS: Mod 11.7

NOTES: Pickup

83. As a group men face considerably less pressure than women to assume caregiving roles.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 432

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: Pickup

84. Life expectancy and employment opportunities for men and women are two examples of social forces that affect family forms.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 401

TOPICS: Chapter opener

NOTES: New

85. Family forms have remained remarkably similar over time.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 420

TOPICS: Mod 11.4

NOTES: New

86. Families influence inequality because the economic standing of parents affects the kind of investment they can make in children.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 406

TOPICS: Mod 11.1

NOTES: New

87. When sociologists think about family, they give special emphasis to the isolated, self-sufficient nuclear family.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 420

TOPICS: 11.4

NOTES: New

88. In an aging population people who are part of older age cohorts outnumber those who are part of younger cohorts.

- a. True
- b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 413

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: New

89. When parents can count on their child surviving the first year of life and beyond they are likely to want to have more children.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 411

TOPICS: Mod 11.2

NOTES: New

90. Since 1900 the average life expectancy has increased.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 426

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: New

91. Six-generation families have never existed until 2012.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 426

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: New

92. The dramatic increase in life expectancy has done little to change the structure of family life.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: False

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 425

TOPICS: Mod 11.5

NOTES: New

93. Most caregiving in the United States qualifies as informal.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 430

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New

94. One way men hear the message they are not naturally suited to provide caregiving involves the high praise they receive when they do.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 434

TOPICS: Mod 11.6

NOTES: New

95. Sociologically, the feminist point of view challenges any family form that privileges one gender over others.

a. True

b. False

ANSWER: True

POINTS: 1

REFERENCES: 440

TOPICS: Mod 11.7

NOTES: New