## TOWN LIBRARY DATABASE

[BT] Here is a solution to the practice case. Possible variations are noted after each table. An asterisk (*) designates a table's primary key(s). Foreign keys are denoted by "FK".

MEMBER table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Member Number $\left(^{*}\right)$ | Text |
| Member Name | Text |
| Member Address | Text |
| Member Phone | Text |
| Date Joined Library | Date / Time |

[BT] The components of the name and address could be further designated as fields:
Last Name, First Name, Street, Town, Zip, etc.

## MEMBER READING INTEREST table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Member Number $(*)(\mathrm{FK})$ | Text |
| Member Interest $\left(^{*}\right)$ | Text |

[BT] A reading interest number could be a third field and used as the primary key.
[BT] Conceivably, you could have another table that defines all possible reading interests, each with its own code. The table would have the fields Reading Interest Code (Text data type-Primary Key) and Member Interest (Text data type). In that case, the MEMBER READING INTEREST table would not be as shown. It would have these fields: Member Number (Text data type-Primary Key) and Reading Interest Code (Text data type-Primary Key). This approach would prevent different entries for essentially
the same interest, for example "Growing Orchids," "Orchids," "Orchid Culture," and
"Phalaenopsis" (a type of orchid.)

## BOOK table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Book Number $\left(^{*}\right)$ | Text |
| Title | Text |
| Checked Out | Yes/No |
| Reader Interest | Text |

[BT] One title per book is assumed. One classification of interest per book is assumed. If there were more than one reader interest per book, a table would be needed (book number, possible reader interest, compound key needed).

## BOOK AUTHORS table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Book Number $(*)(\mathrm{FK})$ | Text |
| Author Name $\left(^{*}\right)$ | Text |

[BT] More than one author per book is possible.

## BOOK CHECK-OUTS table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Check Out Number (*) | Text |
| Member Number (FK) | Text |
| Date Out | Date / Time |
| Date Due Back | Date / Time |

[BT] Note that this table is the organization's primary "external "event entity." [BT]Technically, date due back could be computed by query-add 14 days to Date Out.

However, most students will put in this field, and most instructors would have trouble taking credit off, with a straight face, for doing so.

## BOOKS CHECKED OUT table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Check Out Number $\left(^{*}\right)(\mathrm{FK})$ | Text |
| Book Number $(*)(\mathrm{FK})$ | Text |

[BT] Any number of books can be taken out per visit, so this table is needed.

## EMPLOYEE table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Employee Number $\left(^{*}\right)$ | Text |
| Employee Name | Text |
| Employee Address | Text |
| Job Title | Text |
| Salaried? | Yes/No |
| Wage Rate Per Hour | Currency |
| Salary Per Week | Currency |
| Bank | Text |
| Bank Account Number | Text |

[BT] If salaried, wage rate entered would be zero, and salary per week would get an entry. If not salaried, wage rate would be greater than zero, and salary per week would be zero.
[BT] Conceivably the payroll data could be handled by using other tables and not put into the previous table. In that scheme, tables would be as shown below. (Format: Table name (fields)).

Salaried Employee Data (Employee Number (*), Salary Per Week)
Hourly Employee Data (Employee Number (*), Wage Rate Per Hour)
[BT] The librarian's data (only) would go into the first table. The hourly employee's data would go into the second table.

## EMPLOYEE HOURS WORKED table

| Field Name | Data Type |
| :--- | :--- |
| Employee Number $\left(^{*}\right)(\mathrm{FK})$ | Text |
| Date $\left(^{*}\right)$ | Date / Time |
| Clock In | Date / Time |
| Clock Out | Date / Time |

[BT] This assumes a worker only works one shift a day. If more than one shift possible, then Clock In would have to be part of the key as well.
[BT] Note that tables are not needed for the following elements because they can be computed by query.
[BEG BL]

- Wages earned per week

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- List of member anniversaries
-__Wages earned per week
- Late fees
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- List of member anniversaries
[END BL]

