1. What is the total number of scores for the distribution shown in the following table?

X f
43
35
24
12
a. 4
b. 10
c. 14
d. 37

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
2. A sample of $n=15$ scores ranges from a high of $X=11$ to a low of $X=3$. If these scores are placed in a frequency distribution table, how many $X$ values will be listed in the first column of that table?
a. 8
b. 9
c. 11
d. 15

ANSWER: $\quad \mathrm{b}$
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
3. For the following frequency distribution of quiz scores, how many individuals took the quiz?

| $\mathrm{X} \quad \mathrm{f}$ |
| :--- |
| $5 \quad 6$ |

45
35
23
12
a. $\mathrm{n}=5$
b. $n=7$
c. $\mathrm{n}=15$
d. $\mathrm{n}=21$

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
4. For the following distribution of quiz scores, if a score of $X=3$ or higher is needed for a passing grade, how many individuals passed?
X f
56
45
35
23
12
a. 3
b. 11
c. 16
d. 21

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
5. For the following distribution of quiz scores, How many individuals had a score of $X=2$ ?

X f
56
45
35
23
12
a. 1
b. 2
c. 3
d. 5

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
6. For the following frequency distribution of exam scores, what is the lowest possible reported score on the exam? X f
90-94 3
85-89 4
80-84 5
75-79 2
70-74 1
a. $x=70$
b. $x=74$
c. $x=90$
d. $x=94$

ANSWER: a
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
7. For the following frequency distribution of exam scores, how many students had scores lower than $X=80$ ?

| X | f |
| :--- | :--- |
| $90-94 \quad 3$ |  |

85-89 4
80-84 5
75-79 2
70-74 1
a. 2
b. 3
c. 7
d. 8

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
8. In a grouped frequency distribution one interval is listed as 50-59. Assuming that the scores are measuring a continuous variable, what are the real limits of this interval?
a. 50 and 59
b. 50.5 and 59.5
c. 49.5 and 59.5
d. 49.5 and 60.5

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
9. For the following distribution, how many people had scores less than $\mathrm{X}=20$ ?

X f
20-25 2
15-19 5
10-14 4
5-9
a. 5
b. 10
c. 11
d. 12

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
10. For the following distribution, what is the highest possible score?

X f
20-25 2
15-19 5
10-14 4
5-9 $\quad 1$
a. 5
b. 20
c. 25
d. 26

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
11. For the following distribution, how many people had scores greater than $\mathrm{X}=14$ ?
a. 5
b. 7
c. 10
d. 11

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
12. For the following distribution, what is the width of each class interval?

X f
20-24 2
5-19 5
10-14 4
5-9
a. 4
b. 4.5
c. 5
d. 10

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
13. If the following continuous distribution was shown in a histogram, the bar above the 15-19 interval would reach from
$\qquad$ to
X $\quad \mathrm{f}$
20-25 2
15-19 5
10-14 4
5-9 $\quad 1$
a. $X=14.5$ to $X=19.5$
b. $X=15.0$ to $X=19.0$
c. $X=15.5$ to $X=18.5$
d. $\mathrm{X}=15.5$ to $\mathrm{X}=19.5$

ANSWER: a
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
14. In a frequency distribution graph, frequencies are presented on the $\qquad$ and the scores (categories) are listed on the
a. X axis; Y axis
b. horizontal line; vertical line
c. Y axis; X axis
d. class interval ;horizontal line

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember
15. What frequency distribution graph is appropriate for scores measured on a nominal scale?
a. only a histogram
b. only a polygon
c. either a histogram or a polygon
d. only a bar graph

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
16. The classrooms in the Psychology department are numbered from 100 to 108. A professor records the number of classes held in each room during the fall semester. If these values are presented in a frequency distribution graph, what kind of graph would be appropriate?
a. a histogram
b. a polygon
c. a histogram or a polygon
d. a bar graph

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
17. A researcher records the number of traffic tickets issued in each county along the New York State thruway. If the results are presented in a frequency distribution graph, what kind of graph should be used?
a. a bar graph
b. a histogram
c. a polygon
d. either a histogram or a polygon

ANSWER: a
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
18. What kind of frequency distribution graph shows the frequencies as bars, with no space between adjacent bars?
a. a bar graph
b. a histogram
c. a polygon
d. a pie chart

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember


Figure 2.1
19. What scale of measurement was used to measure the scores in the distribution shown in the accompanying graph, Figure 2.1?
a. nominal
b. ordinal
c. interval or ratio
d. non-numeric

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
PREFACE NAME: Figure 2.1
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
20. For the distribution in the accompanying graph, Figure 2.1, what is the value of $\Sigma \mathrm{X}$ ?
a. 10
b. 15
c. 21
d. 30

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
PREFACE NAME: Figure 2.1
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
21. What kind of frequency distribution graph shows the frequencies as bars that are separated by spaces?
a. a bar graph
b. a histogram
c. a polygon
d. a pie chart

ANSWER: a
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember
22. If a frequency distribution is shown in a bar graph, what scale was used to measure the scores?
a. nominal
b. nominal or ordinal
c. ratio
d. interval or ratio

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
23. The normal distribution is $\qquad$ .
a. asymmetric
b. skewed to the right
c. skewed to the left
d. symmetric

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember
24. If a set of exam scores forms a symmetrical distribution, what can we conclude about the students' scores?
a. Most of the students had relatively high scores.
b. Most of the students had relatively low scores.
c. About $50 \%$ of the students had high scores and the rest had low scores.
d. It is not possible the draw any conclusions about the students' scores.

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
25. What term is used to describe the shape of a distribution in which the scores pile up on the left-hand side of the graph and taper off to the right?
a. symmetrical
b. positively skewed
c. negatively skewed
d. normal

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember


Figure 2-2
26. What is the shape for the distribution shown in the accompanying graph in Figure 2.2?
a. positively skewed
b. negatively skewed
c. symmetrical
d. normal

ANSWER: a
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
PREFACE NAME: Figure 2-2
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
27. A skewed distribution typically has $\qquad$ tail(s) and a normal distribution has $\qquad$ tail(s).
a. $1 ; 1$
b. 1; 2
c. $2, ; 1$
d. 2; 2

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
28. The students in a psychology class seemed to think that the midterm exam was very easy. If they are correct, what is the most likely shape for the distribution of exam scores?
a. symmetrical
b. positively skewed
c. negatively skewed
d. normal

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
29. In a distribution with positive skew, scores with the highest frequencies are $\qquad$ .
a. on the right side of the distribution
b. on the left side of the distribution
c. in the middle of the distribution
d. represented at two distinct peaks

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
30. What is the shape of the distribution for the following set of data?

Scores: 1, 2, 3, 3, 4, 4, 4 5, 5, 5, 5, 6
a. symmetrical
b. positively skewed
c. negatively skewed
d. cumulative

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
31. For the distribution in the following table, what is the $50^{\text {th }}$ percentile?

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 9 | $100 \%$ |
| 8 | $80 \%$ |
| 7 | $50 \%$ |
| 6 | $25 \%$ |

a. $X=8$
b. $X=7.5$
c. $X=7$
d. $X=6.5$

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
32. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for $X=8.5$ ?

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| 9 | $100 \%$ |
| 8 | $80 \%$ |
| 7 | $50 \%$ |
| 6 | $25 \%$ |

a. $X=90 \%$
b. $X=80 \%$
c. $X=65 \%$
d. $X=50 \%$

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
33. For the distribution in the following table, what is the $90^{\text {th }}$ percentile?

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :--- | :---: |
| 9 | $100 \%$ |
| 8 | $80 \%$ |
| 7 | $50 \%$ |
| 6 | $25 \%$ |

a. $X=9.5$
b. $X=9$
c. $X=8.5$
d. $X=8$

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
34. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for $\mathrm{X}=7$ ?

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| 9 | $100 \%$ |
| 8 | $80 \%$ |
| 7 | $50 \%$ |
| 6 | $25 \%$ |

a. $\mathrm{X}=80 \%$
b. $\mathrm{X}=65 \%$
c. $\mathrm{X}=50 \%$
d. $\mathrm{X}=37.5 \%$

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
35. For the distribution in the following table, what is the $90^{\text {th }}$ percentile?

X $\quad$ \%
30-34 100\%
25-29 90\%
20-24 60\%
15-19 20\%
a. $\mathrm{X}=24.5$
b. $X=25$
c. $X=29$
d. $\mathrm{X}=29.5$

ANSWER: d
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
36. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for $\mathrm{X}=24.5$ ?

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $30-34 \quad 100 \%$ |  |

25-29 90\%
20-24 60\%
15-19 20\%
a. $40 \%$
b. $60 \%$
c. $75 \%$
d. $90 \%$

ANSWER: b
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
37. For the distribution in the following table, what is the $50^{\text {th }}$ percentile?
$\mathrm{X} \quad \mathrm{c} \%$
50-59 100\%
40-49 90\%

30-39 60\%
20-29 20\%
a. $X=32$
b. $X=35$
c. $\mathrm{X}=35$
d. $\mathrm{X}=39$

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
38. For the distribution in the following table, what is the percentile rank for $\mathrm{X}=32$ ?

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $30-34 \quad 100 \%$ |  |

25-29 90\%
20-24 60\%
15-19 20\%
a. $92 \%$
b. 92.5
c. $95 \%$
d. $97.5 \%$

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

| 8 | 314 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 7 | 945 |
| 6 | 7042 |
| 5 | 68 |
| 4 | 14 |

Figure 2-3
39. For the scores shown in the accompanying stem and leaf display, Figure 2-3, what is the highest score in the distribution?
a. 8
b. 83
c. 84
d. 7042

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: 2.5 Stem and Leaf Displays
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
PREFACE NAME: Figure 2-3
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
40. If the following scores were placed in a stem and leaf display, how many leaves would be associated with a stem of 6 ? Scores: 26, 45, 62, 11, 21, 55, 66
$64,55,46,38,41,27,29$

36, 51, 32, 25, 34, 44, 59
a. 1
b. 2
c. 3
d. 4

ANSWER: c
REFERENCES: Stem and Leaf Displays
QUESTION TYPE: Multiple Choice
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
41. A researcher surveys a sample of $n=200$ college students and asks each person to identify his or her favorite movie from the past year. If the data were organized in a frequency distribution table, the first column would be a list of movies.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
42. A group of quiz scores ranges from 3 to 10 , but no student had a score of $X=5$. If the scores are put in a frequency distribution table, $\mathrm{X}=5$ would not be listed in the X column.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
43. It is customary to list the score categories in a frequency distribution from the highest down to the lowest.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
44. There is a total of $\mathrm{n}=5$ scores in the distribution shown in the following table.

| X | f |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 2 |
| 4 | 8 |
| 3 | 5 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 2 |

a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
45. For the following distribution of scores, $20 \%$ of the individuals have scores of $\mathrm{X}=1$.

| X | f |
| :--- | :--- |
| 5 | 2 |
| 4 | 8 |
| 3 | 5 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 2 |

a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
46. For the following distribution of scores, $\mathrm{SX}=18$.

| X | f |
| :--- | :--- |
| 4 | 1 |
| 3 | 2 |
| 2 | 3 |
| 1 | 2 |

a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
47. For the following distribution of scores, $\mathrm{SX}^{2}=92$.

X f
$4 \quad 1$
$3 \quad 2$
23
$1 \quad 2$
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
48. A grouped frequency distribution table lists one interval as, 20-29. The width of this interval is 9 points.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
49. In a grouped frequency distribution table, one interval is identified as $30-34$. This interval has a width of 5 points.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Understand
50. If a set of scores covers a range of 80 points, the grouped frequency table should use an interval width of 8 points.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
51. A set of scores ranges from $\mathrm{X}=18$ to $\mathrm{X}=91$. If the scores are put in a grouped frequency distribution table with an interval width of 10 points, the top interval would be 91-100.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
52. In a grouped frequency distribution table, the top value in each class interval should be a multiple of the interval width.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember
53. A set of scores ranges from a low of $X=18$ to a high of $X=98$. If the scores are put in a grouped frequency distribution table with an interval width of 10 points, the bottom interval should be 10-19.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
54. A grouped frequency distribution table does not provide enough information to obtain a complete listing of the original set of scores.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables

QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
55. For the following distribution, seven people have scores greater than $\mathrm{X}=14$.

| X | f |
| :--- | :--- |
| $20-24$ | 2 |
| $15-19$ | 5 |
| $10-14$ | 4 |
| $5-9$ | 1 |

a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
56. In the following distribution, the scores are grouped into class intervals that are each 5 points wide.

| X | f |
| :--- | :---: |
| $20-24$ | 2 |
| $15-19$ | 5 |
| $10-14$ | 4 |
| $5-9$ | 1 |

a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
57. A professor records the number of students who are absent each day for the semester. Because this is a numeric, discrete variable, a bar graph should be used to show the frequency distribution.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
58. A researcher surveys a sample of $\mathrm{n}=200$ college students and asks each person to identify his or her favorite movie from the past year. If the results are presented in a frequency distribution graph, the researcher should use a bar graph.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
59. If it is appropriate to present a distribution of scores in a polygon, then it would also be appropriate to present the scores in a bar graph.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
60. A histogram is constructed so that adjacent bars touch.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember
61. The normal distribution is an example of a symmetrical distribution.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Remember
62. In February in New York, the daily high temperatures are typically low with only a few relatively warm days. A frequency distribution showing the daily high temperatures would probably form a negatively skewed distribution.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
63. The scores for a very easy exam would probably form a positively skewed distribution.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2. 3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
64. If a set of exam scores forms a negatively skewed distribution, it suggests that the majority of the students did not score well on the exam.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2. 3 Frequency Distribution Graphs
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Apply
65. A score equal to the 5th percentile is one of the highest scores in the distribution.
a. True
b. False

False
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
66. For the distribution in the following table, the 80th percentile is $\mathrm{X}=24$.
$\mathrm{X} \quad \mathrm{c} \%$
25-29 100\%
20-24 80\%
15-19 20\%
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
False
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
67. For the distribution in the following table, the percentile rank for $X=19.5$ is $20 \%$.

| X | $\mathrm{c} \%$ |
| :--- | ---: |
| $25-29$ | $100 \%$ |

20-24 80\%
15-19 20\%
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: True
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
68. For the distribution in the following table, the 90th percentile is $\mathrm{X}=27.5$.
$\mathrm{X} \quad \mathrm{c} \%$
25-29 100\%
20-24 80\%
15-19 20\%
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
69. For the distribution in the following table, the percentile rank for $\mathrm{X}=25$ is $82 \%$.

X $\quad \mathrm{C} \%$
25-29 100\%
20-24 80\%
15-19 20\%
a. True
b. False

ANSWER:
True
REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
70. A stem and leaf display does not provide enough information to obtain a complete listing of the original set of scores.
a. True
b. False

ANSWER: False
REFERENCES: 2.5 Stem and Leaf Displays
QUESTION TYPE: True / False
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
71. Find each value requested for the set of scores in the following frequency distribution table.
a. n

Score f
b. $\Sigma \mathrm{X}$
c. $\Sigma X^{2}$
25

12
ANSWER:
a. $\mathrm{n}=13$
b. $\Sigma \mathrm{X}=34$
c. $\Sigma X^{2}=106$

REFERENCES: 2. 1 Frequency Distributions and Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Essay
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
72. Briefly explain what information is available in a regular frequency distribution table that is not available in a grouped table.
ANSWER: A regular table identifies each individual score exactly. However, in a grouped table, you simply know that an individual score is located in a particular interval, but you do not know its exact value.
REFERENCES: 2.2 Grouped Frequency Distribution Tables
QUESTION TYPE: Essay
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
73. For the following scores:
a. Construct a frequency distribution table.
b. Sketch a histogram of the frequency distribution.
$6,4,3,5,4,2,4$
$5,4,6,1,4,5,2$

ANSWER:

a. | X | f |
| :---: | :---: |
| 6 | 2 |
| 5 | 3 |
| 4 | 5 |
| 3 | 1 |
| 2 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 |

b.


## REFERENCES: 2.3 Frequency Distribution Graphs

QUESTION TYPE: Essay
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
74. For the distribution shown in the following table:
a. Find the percentile rank for $\mathrm{X}=14.5$.
X fry c\%
b. Find the $60^{\text {th }}$ percentile.
c. Find the percentile rank for $\mathrm{X}=11$.

25-29 $\quad 4 \quad 25 \quad 100 \%$
d. Find the $66^{\text {th }}$ percentile.
20-24 $6 \quad 21 \quad 84 \%$
15-19 $\quad 7 \quad 15 \quad 60 \%$
$10-14 \quad 5 \quad 8 \quad 32 \%$

| $5-9$ | 3 | 3 | $12 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

ANSWER:
a. $32 \%$
b. $\mathrm{X}=19.5$
c. $18 \%$
d. $\mathrm{X}=20.75$

REFERENCES: 2.4 Percentiles, Percentile Ranks, and Interpolation
QUESTION TYPE: Essay
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand
75. Construct a stem and leaf display for the following scores.
$30,23,58,28,35,67,27,42,46,35$
51, 33, 18, 33, 25, 38, 48, 36, 31, 39
ANSWER:
$6 \mid 7$
$5 \mid 18$
$4 \mid 826$
3 | 033586159
$2 \mid 3857$
$1 \mid 8 \quad$ Key: $6 \mid 7=67$
REFERENCES: 2.5 Stem and Leaf Displays
QUESTION TYPE: Essay
KEYWORDS: Bloom's: Understand

