

**2022 HESI Pediatric
(PEDS) RN Exit Exam:
V1 & V2**

1 of 55

The nurse is assessing a 9-year-old boy who has been admitted to the hospital with possible acute poststreptococcal glomerulonephritis (APSGN). In obtaining his history, what information is **most** significant?

- A A sore throat last week.
- B A history of hypertension.
- C Diuresis during the night.
- D Back pain for a few days.

1 = A

2 of 55

The nurse is measuring the frontal occipital circumference (FOC) of a 3-month-old infant, and notes that the FOC has increased 5 inches (12.7cm) since birth and the child's head appears large in relation to body size. Which action is **most** important for the nurse to take next?

- A Plot the measurement on the infant's growth chart.
- B Observe the infant for sunset eyes.
- C Measure the infant's head-to-heel length.
- D Palpate the anterior fontanel for tension and bulging.

2 = D

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A female infant recently admitted with vomiting and diarrhea now weighs 10 kg. Her weight at a previous well-baby visit was 11 kg. What is the percentage of body weight loss for this infant?

- A 4%
- B 9%
- C 10%
- D 5%

4

3 = B

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A male high school student with Type 1 diabetes tests his blood glucose level before playing a game of soccer, and he obtains a reading of 180 mg/dL (10 mmol/L). Based on this reading, which action should the nurse take?

- A Tell him to eat a sandwich and fruit before beginning the game.
- B Check his urine for ketones.
- C Give him permission to go ahead and play soccer.
- D Call the healthcare provider.

4 = A

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A 7-year-old child is admitted to the hospital with a diagnosis of acute rheumatic fever. In obtaining a health history from the child's mother, the recent occurrence of which illness is **most** significant?

- A Sore throat.
- B Chickenpox.
- C Mumps.
- D Influenza.

5 = A

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A mother brings her 2-month-old son to the clinic for a well-baby exam. During the assessment the nurse finds that the right testicle is not descended into the scrotum but the left is palpable. Which action should the nurse take?

- A Prepare to obtain a catheterized urine specimen for culture.
- B Address possible concerns about the child's future fertility.
- C Ask if the right testis has been seen in the scrotum before.
- D Schedule an IV pyelogram to validate presence of testicle.

6 = C

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The nurse is assessing a 6-month-old infant. Which response requires further evaluation by the nurse?

- A Has doubled birth weight.
- B Turns head to locate sound.
- C Plays "peek-a-boo."
- D Demonstrates startle reflex.

7 = D

8 of 55

A 4-year-old girl returns to the pediatrician's office for a postoperative visit following hospitalization for minor surgery. When observing the child in the waiting area, which behavior should the nurse consider normal for this age child?

- A Ignores other children in the play area.
- B Draws picture of self with facial features.
- C "Talks" to an imaginary friend.
- D Sits quietly in her mother's lap.

8 = C