NRCME Study Guide Exam Questions & Answers Best Rated A+ 2023.

3 criteria for certification if patient on anticoagulation for a CV condition

- Exact Answer: 1. Stable on meds for 1 month
- 2. Provide copy of INR at exam
- 3. Have INR checked and monitored at least monthly

3 requirements for a passing ETT - Exact Answer: 1. increased SBP of at least 20 without angina

- 2. workload capacity >6 METs
- 3. no significant ST depression

4 reasons to DQ a pulmonary hypertension patient - **Exact Answer:** 1. dyspnea at rest

- 2. dizziness
- 3. hypotension
- 4. PaO2 <65mmHg

5 reasons to DQ a driver with AAA - Exact Answer: 1. Symptomatic

- 2. AAA >5cm
- 3. AAA 4-5 cm and does not have clearance from a cardiologist
- 4. AAA increased in size 0.5cm in 6 months

5. Surgical repair was recommended but not done

6 neuromuscular conditions that are automatic DQ - Exact Answer: 1. congenital myopathies

- 2. metabolic muscle diseases
- 3. motor neuron diseases
- 4. muscular dystrophies
- 5. neuromuscular junction disorders
- 6. peripheral neuropathies

Apnea-hypopnea index of [blank] or more episodes per hour is diagnostic of OSA - Exact Answer: 30

BP above which you cannot certify until lowered below 140/90 - Exact

Answer: 180/110 - and then this patient can only be certified for 6

months

BP above which you must treat and do one time 3 month certificate - **Exact Answer:** 160/100. For 140/90 and above up to this level, it says 3 month certificate but does not say must treat.

Diabetics on insulin who have an exemption certificate should test sugars when? - Exact Answer: before driving and every 2-4 hours while driving

Do not certify for moderate aortic stenosis if they have 1 of these 5 things - Exact Answer: angina, CHF, A fib, LVEF <50%, thromboembolic disease

Examiners must retain records for how many years? - Exact Answer: 3

Federal exemption for monocular vision: can certify for how long? - **Exact Answer: 1 year**

Glaucoma causes what main clinical concern? - Exact Answer: loss of peripheral vision

hearing requirements - Exact Answer: whisper at not less than 5 feet better ear, or average hearing loss no greater than 40 dB at 500Hz, 1000Hz, 2000 Hz.

How many of these rules are stupid and arbitrary as hell? - Exact

Answer: I'm gonna say 40%

How often to repeat echo for aortic stenosis? (Exact Answer: for both

mild and moderate AS) - Exact Answer: Mild: 5 years

moderate: 1-2 years

if FEV1 on pulm function testing is < (blank) % of predicted, then must also test ABG - Exact Answer: 65%

If pulse oximetry is less than blank, you have to do ABG - **Exact Answer:** 92% (you would do the pulse ox if FEV1 <65% of predicted or FEV1/FVC ratio <65%)

If you have a fixed (not progressive) deficit of an extremity, you can be certified normally if you have this thing - Exact Answer: Skill Performance Evaluation (SPE) certificate

Max cert period for asthma - Exact Answer: 2 years

Max cert period for balloon mitral valvotomy - Exact Answer: 1 year

Max cert period for being on anticoagulation for a CV condition - **Exact Answer:** 1 year

Max cert period for CPAP - Exact Answer: 1 year (1 month waiting period after starting CPAP or 3 months after surgery)

Max cert period for diabetic patients - **Exact Answer**: Technically 2 years, but 1 year is RECOMMENDED. What the hell.

Max cert period for post heart transplant - Exact Answer: 6 months

Max cert period for pulmonary hypertension - Exact Answer: 1 year

Max cert period for Syncope - **Exact Answer:** 1 year (needs neurologist clearance)