

VERSION 2

1. A nurse is care for a client who has oligohydramnios. Which of the following fetal anomalies should the nurse expect?

- Renal agenesis

2. A nurse in a prenatal clinic is performing telephone triage for several clients. Which of the following client reports should the nurse identify as an expected physiological adaptation to pregnancy?

- Breast tenderness

3. A nurse is discussing the expected changes related to pregnancy with a client who is at 8 weeks gestation. Which of the following findings should the client report to the provider during the first trimester?

- Persistent vomiting

4. A nurse on the antepartum unit is caring for a client who is at 28 weeks gestation and reports dizziness when lying on her back. Into which of the following positions should the nurse assist the client?

- Lateral

5. A nurse is caring for a newborn immediately following birth. Which of the following actions should the nurse take first?

- Dry the newborn

6. Nurse is caring for a client who had a cesarean birth 36 hours ago and is experiencing pain due to gas. Which of the following strategies should the nurse recommend?

- Rock in a rocking chair

7. A nurse is assessing a client who is 2 days postpartum. In which of the following locations should the nurse expect to locate the client's fundus?

- 3 cm below the umbilicus

8. A nurse is providing teaching for a postpartum client who is breastfeeding. Which of the following pieces of information should the nurse include in the teaching?

- "Your milk supply will noticeably increase in volume around the 3rd/4th day after delivery"

9. A nurse is teaching the guardian of a newborn about caring for the newborn's umbilical cord. For which of the following reasons should the nurse instruct the guardian to avoid using antimicrobial agents on the cord?