#### Module 8 Exam

### Question 1

**2.5 / 2.5 pts** Each of the following statements are true regarding control over the GFR <u>except</u>:

### Q

The kidney can maintain a constant GFR despite variations in the arterial blood pressure of the rest of the body.

### $\odot$

The sympathetic nervous system cannot supersede the renal autoregulatory system.

The sympathetic nervous system can supersede the renal autoregulatory system.

## Q

The RAA responds when blood pressure drops below normal limits.

Question 2 2.5 / 2.5 pts Which of the following statements is false regarding ADH?

# 0

Elevated levels of ADH will lead to a small volume of concentrated urine.

# Q

Decreased levels of ADH will lead to dilute urine.

## Θ

Alcohol increases ADH levels.

alcohol is a diuretic and will inhibit the release of ADH.

#### **Question 3**

**2.5 / 2.5 pts** Juxtamedullary nephrons are characterized by the following <u>except</u>:

# Ο

They make up 85% of all nephrons

they make up 15% of all nephrons

## Q

They originate deep in the cortex

## Q

Their loops of Henle extend across the entire medulla

#### **Question 4**

2.5 / 2.5 pts

Low Na\* levels in the plasma and interstitial compartment is characteristic of which of the following fluid imbalances?

## Q

Dehydration

### Ο

Water intoxication

### $\bigcirc$

Edema

#### **Question 5**

2.5 / 2.5 pts Reabsorption in the PCT is characterized by the following <u>except:</u>

## Q

Na+ and water are reabsorbed in equal proportions

## Ο

Glucose and amino acids are minimally reabsorbed in the PCT

glucose and amino acids are almost completely reabsorbed in the PCT

### Q

Sodium, chloride, potassium, and bicarbonate are 65%-80% reabsorbed from the filtrate

#### **Question 6**

2.5 / 2.5 pts

Which of the following is/are true regarding acid-base disorders? (mark all that apply)

A. Metabolic disorders are a result of a change in plasma  $HCO_3^{-}$  levels

- B. Respiratory disorders are a result of a change in plasma  $CO_2$  levels
- C. Normal  $HCO_{3}$  = 35-45 mm
- D. Normal blood pH = 7.35-7.45

#### ~

Α.

### •

В.

- C.

### ~

D.

#### **Question 7**

**0 / 2.5 pts** Acute postinfectious glomerulonephritis is characterized by the following <u>except</u>:

## Q

Edema of the hands and face can be a sign of this condition

# Ο

Associated with a good prognosis and rarely causes kidney disease

# Q

Lab results will include an elevated antistreptococcal antibody (ASO) titer